From:	Air.Pollution Control
То:	APC Permitting
Subject:	FW: Construction Air Permit Application - 54-0047
Date:	Tuesday, March 28, 2023 9:23:42 AM
Attachments:	image001.png
	image002.png
	ABB Athens Modification Permit Application Report.pdf

From: Maggie Strom <mstrom@tiogaenv.com>
Sent: Tuesday, March 28, 2023 7:12 AM
To: Air.Pollution Control <Air.Pollution.Control@tn.gov>
Cc: Lisa A. Woods-Neisler <lisa.neisler@us.abb.com>
Subject: [EXTERNAL] Construction Air Permit Application - 54-0047

*** This is an EXTERNAL email. Please exercise caution. DO NOT open attachments or click links from unknown senders or unexpected email - STS-Security. ***

Attached please find a construction Air Permit Application for Source No 54-0047. Please let us know if you have any questions.

Thank you, Maggie Strom

Maggie Strom, QEP, CHMM Vice President Tioga Environmental Consultants, Inc. 357 North Main Street Memphis, TN 38103 Phone: 901.791.2432 Fax: 901.791.2442 Cell: 901.491.0011 Email: mstrom@tiogaenv.com Web: www.tiogaenv.com

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Thomas & Betts 260 Dennis St. Athens, TN 37303 (423) 745-6588 www.tnb.com

March 28, 2023

State of Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation Division of Air Pollution Control William R. Snodgrass Tennessee Tower 312 Rosa L. Parks Avenue, 15th Floor Nashville, TN 37243

RE: Construction Permit Application – Request to Modify Existing Permits Facility ID: 54-0047 Operation Permit #076626 and #078709 ABB Installation Products, Inc. Athens, Tennessee

To Whom it May Concern,

ABB Installation Products, Inc., located at 260 Dennis Street in Athens Tennessee operates electroplating operations under two different air operating permits, Number 076626 (Expiring July 1, 2029) and Number 078709 (Expiring July 1, 2031). Each of these electroplating lines includes two sulfuric acid tanks used in the preparation of parts prior to cleaning and plating.

With the enclosed construction air permit application, we are proposing to replace the sulfuric acid in these tanks with hydrochloric acid. All other operations on these lines will remain the same and emissions generated by the electroplating process will remain unchanged except for the addition of hydrochloric acid emissions from these tanks.

This application report contains a description of the emission units involved with this modification, emission calculations, a summary of the new proposed emissions, the total emissions already emitted by these units, application forms and manufacturer provided information about the equipment.

If you have any questions or if additional information is needed, please contact me at (423)745-6588.

Sincerely,

NDQ N

Lisa Neisler ABB Installation Products, Inc

Construction Air Permit Application

ABB Installation Products, Inc. 260 Dennis Street Athens, Tennessee Source No: 57-0047 March 2023 Project No. 111409.00

Prepared For Submission to:

Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation Division of Air Pollution Control William R. Snodgrass Tennessee Tower 312 Rosa L. Parks Avenue, 15th Floor Nashville, TN 37243

Prepared By:



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APPENDICES

Appendix	A –	Permit	Application	Forms
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- Appendix B Emission Calculation Worksheet Appendix C Diagrams and Site Plans Appendix D Safety Data Sheets



1.0 INTRODUCTION

ABB Installation Products currently maintains a facility located at 260 Dennis Street in Athens, Tennessee. At this facility, ABB manufactures stamped metal electrical components. Operating Permit # Number 076626 (Expiring July 1, 2029) and Number 078709 (Expiring July 1, 2031) allow for the operation of two zinc electroplating lines at this facility. This permit modification requests to convert the facility's sulfuric acid dip tanks to hydrochloric acid dip tanks.

ABB proposes the following modifications to be accomplished under this Construction Permit Application:

- Permit # Number 076626 Source ID 54-0047-14 Tanks 7A and 7B from Sulfuric Acid to Hydrochloric Acid
- Permit # Number 078709 Source ID 54-0047-16 Tanks 7A and 7B from Sulfuric Acid to Hydrochloric Acid

In the existing permits, sulfuric acid emissions from the dip tanks are not included because sulfuric acid emissions are below regulated levels, these sources are only permitted for particulate emissions from the electroplating process. This application will add emissions of hydrochloric acid from the dip tanks to account for the conversion from sulfuric acid to hydrochloric acid. Additionally, tanks 7A and 7B in each line are controlled by a wet packed-bed scrubber and chemical suppressants and so emissions calculated in Section 3 of this permit application report will include uncontrolled, fugitive and controlled emissions from these tanks.

Because changing these tanks to hydrochloric acid will result in emissions of an air contaminant not previously permitted, this application report and associated attachments represent a construction application prepared in accordance with 1200-03-09-.01(1)(a) as required by the definition of a modification contained at 1200-03-02-.01(aa)(4.).

This application report is divided into sections for ease of review. Section 2.0 provides a process description. Section 3.0 describes the emissions for the proposed construction. A regulatory review is contained in Section 4.0 and the appendices contain information such as reporting forms, maps/facility diagrams, and manufacturer supplied information.



2.1 ELECTROPLATING LINES

ABB Installation Products currently operates two zinc electroplating lines at this facility (EU14 and EU16). Each electroplating line is used to coat steel struts with zinc to prevent corrosion. The Electroplating lines are comprised of various tanks with various aqueous solutions including cleaners, rinse waters, acid, non-cyanide alkaline zinc electroplating solution and trivalent chromium conversion coatings. After being dipped in wash tanks, parts are rinsed and then dipped in acid. Under the current configuration, two dip tanks of sulfuric acid are being used. This construction application requests to replace the sulfuric with hydrochloric acid in both dip tanks on each line. Converting from sulfuric acid to hydrochloric acid will result in fewer replates and a better plated quality.

On both process lines, the pre-clean tanks, including the acid dip tanks, are controlled by a push pull ventilation/scrubbing system designed to efficiently capture and remove the fumes and mist generated from these process tanks. This ventilation system is designed to capture 6,500 cfm from each acid tank on each line and slot velocities are designed for 2,000 - 2,500 ft per min (along the entire length of the tanks). The ventilation system is connected to a horizontal cross flow wet packed bed fume scrubber equipped with a chevron blade style mist eliminator designed to remove mist particles as small as 20 microns at 99% efficiency.



3.0 EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Emissions resulting from the replacement of sulfuric acid with hydrochloric acid on each line are summarized in the following sub-sections. Specific calculation methods used for each source will be discussed in each.

3.1 SOURCE 54-0047-14 ELECRROPLATING LINE

Emissions of hydrochloric acid from each tank on the Source 54-0047-14 Electroplating line have been calculated using a worksheet prepared by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality entitled Calculations Guidance Package, Hot Dip Galvanizing. This worksheet contains a calculation methodology for determining hydrochloric acid emissions from an Acid Pickle Tank. A copy of this worksheet is contained in Appendix B

This worksheet contains the methodology, calculations and the calculated hydrochloric acid emissions from one acid pickle tank. The table below summarizes the results. This table shows the calculated uncontrolled and controlled emissions for each tank and both tanks combined. For these calculations, the fume suppressant chemical is assumed to provide a 95% control efficiency, the fume capture system has a 90% capture efficiency, and the wet scrubber is assumed to provide a 99% control efficiency.

	One	Tank	Two Tanks			
Pollutant	Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Annual Emissions (Tons/year)	Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Annual Emissions (Tons/year)		
HCI Uncontrolled	0.1023	0.4481	0.2046	0.8961		
HCI Controlled	4.60E-05	2.02E-04	9.21E-05	0.00040		
HCI Fugitive	2.56E-04	0.001121	5.12E-04	0.00224		
HCI Controlled + Fugitive	3.02E-04	0.001323	6.04E-04	0.00265		

Table 3-1HCI Emissions from Source 54-0047-14

3.2 SOURCE 54-0047-16 ELECROPLATING LINE

Emissions of hydrochloric acid from each tank on the Source 54-0047-16 Electroplating line have also been calculated using the worksheet prepared by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality entitled Calculations Guidance Package, Hot Dip Galvanizing. This worksheet contains a calculation methodology for determining hydrochloric acid emissions from an Acid Pickle Tank. The worksheet contained in Appendix B is also used to calculate emissions for this source.

This worksheet contains the methodology, calculations and the calculated hydrochloric acid emissions from one acid pickle tank on this line. The table below summarizes the results. This table shows the calculated uncontrolled and controlled emissions for each tank and both tanks combined. For these calculations, the fume suppressant chemical is assumed to provide a 95% control efficiency, the fume capture system has a 90% capture efficiency and the wet scrubber is assumed to provide an additional 99% control efficiency.



	One	Tank	Two Tanks			
Pollutant	Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Annual Emissions (Tons/year)	Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Annual Emissions (Tons/year)		
HCI Uncontrolled	0.1023	0.4481	0.2046	0.8961		
HCI Controlled	4.60E-05	2.02E-04	9.21E-05	0.00040		
HCI Fugitive	2.56E-04	0.001121	5.12E-04	0.00224		
HCI Controlled + Fugitive	3.02E-04	0.001323	6.04E-04	0.00265		

Table 3-2HCI Emissions from Source 54-0047-16

3.3 SOURCE EMISSIONS SUMMARY

Particulate matter emissions for each source affected by this application as calculated and presented in previous applications and as represented in existing permits will remain unchanged. These permit limits are as follows:

	Particulate Matter						
Facility Permit	Hourly Emissions (Ib/hr)	Annual Emissions (Tons/year)					
Permit No 076626 Source No 54-0047-14	0.00835	0.0366					
Permit No 078709 Source No 54-0047-16	0.0075	0.033					

Table 3-3 Existing Permit Emissions

This construction permit application proposes the addition of emissions of hydrochloric acid, a hazardous air pollutant. A summary of the additional HAP emissions requested for each permit is as follows:

Table 3-4 Proposed Additional HAP Permit Emissions										
Facility Permit	Hydrochl	Air Pollutant oric Acid trolled	Hazardous Air Pollutant Hydrochloric Acid Controlled + Fugitive							
	Hourly Emissions (Ib/hr)	Annual Emissions (Tons/year)	Hourly Emissions (Ib/hr)	Annual Emissions (Tons/year)						
Permit No 076626 Source No 54-0047-14	0.2046	0.8961	6.04E-04	0.00265						
Permit No 078709 Source No 54-0047-16	0.2046	0.8961	6.04E-04	0.00265						



4.0 REGULATORY REVIEW

Below is a review of the applicable regulations. For requirements applicable to the facility and/or that require a response the text has been emphasized.

LOCAL REGULATIONS

1200-3-2 Definitions

(aa) Modification is any physical change in or change in the method of operation of an air contaminant source, which increases the amount of any air contaminant (to which an emission standard applies) emitted by such source or which results in the emission of any air contaminant (to which an emission standard applies) not previously emitted except that:

- 1. Routine maintenance, repair, and replacement shall not be considered physical changes, and
- The following shall not be considered a change in the method of operation:

 (i) An increase in the production rate, if such increase does not exceed the operating design capacity nor the stated production rate on the permit of the affected source.

(ii) An increase in hours of operation if such increase does not exceed the operating hours stipulated as a permit condition of the source.

(iii) The use of an alternative fuel if the source is designed to accommodate such alternative fuel.

(iv) Required alterations to equipment for the use of an alternative fuel or raw material by reason of an order under Section 2(a) and (b) of the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974 (or any superseding legislation) or by reason of a natural gas curtailment plan in effect pursuant to the Federal Power Act.

- 3. Any physical change in or change in the method of operation of an air contaminant source subject to a major source operating permit issued under paragraph 1200-03-09-.02(11), which does not meet the definition of "Title I Modification" under part 1200-03-09-.02(11)(b)28. but which qualifies as an operational flexibility change under part 1200-03-09-.02(11)(a)4., as a minor permit modification under subpart 1200-03-09-.02(11)(f)5.(ii), or for group processing of minor permit modifications under subpart 1200-03-09-.02(11)(f)5.(iii), shall not require a construction permit under subparagraph 1200-03-09-.01(1)(a).
- 4. Any physical change in or change in the method of operation of an air contaminant source not subject to requirements of paragraphs 1200-03-09-.02(11), 1200-03-09-.01(4), and 1200-03-09-.01(5) and which does not result in emissions exceeding the emissions allowable under the existing operating permit and which does not result in the emission of any air contaminant (to which an emission standard applies) not previously emitted, shall not require a construction permit under subparagraph 1200-03-09-.01(1)(a). The air contaminant source, to make changes pursuant to this part, shall provide the Technical Secretary with written notification of at least 7 days in advance of the proposed change. The written notification shall contain a brief description of the change, the date on which the change will occur, pollutants emitted, declaration of any change in emissions, and any applicable requirements that would apply as



a result of the change. The written notice shall also contain a statement that the change does not result in emissions exceeding the emissions allowable under the existing operating permit. The Technical Secretary and the air contaminant source shall attach each such notice to their copy of the relevant permit.

- 5. The burden of proof establishing that a change is excepted under parts 1., 2., 3., and 4., is on the owner or operator. Further expansions or restrictions of the definition may be listed in specific chapters or rules.
- 6. "Major modification" is defined in paragraph 1200-03-09-.01(4) and shall be overriding for the purposes of that paragraph.

Under the definition of "modification" and specifically 1200-3-2(1)(aa)(4.), because this change will result in emissions of air contaminants not previously emitted, a construction application is required.

1200-3-5 Visible Emissions

1200-3-5-.01 GENERAL STANDARDS.

(1) No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit discharge of a visible emission from any air contaminant source with opacity in excess of twenty (20) percent for an aggregate of more than five (5) minutes in any one (1) hour or more than twenty (20) minutes in any twentyfour (24) hour period.

1200-3-5-.03 METHODS OF EVALUATION AND RECORDING

A determination of visible emissions shall be made by a certified evaluator using six minute averaging.

1200-3-6 Non-process Emission Standards

No applicable standards from this section.

1200-3-7 Process Emission Standards

No applicable standards from this section apply to this construction permit application.

1200-3-9 Construction and Operating Permits

1200-3-9-.01 CONSTRUCTION PERMITS This application serves as a request to construct a new emission source because a new pollutant will be emitted by acid tanks in place at this facility.

1200-3-9-.03 GENERAL PROVISIONS **ABB will comply with the General Provisions contained in this section.**

1200-3-10 Required Sampling, Recording and Reporting

1200-3-10 **ABB** will comply with any and all requests by the Technical Secretary regarding required sampling, recording and reporting as outlined in this Rule.

1200-3-11 Hazardous Air Contaminants



1200-3-11 This application does not contain sources of hazardous air contaminants covered in this regulation.

1200-3-12 Methods of Sampling and Analysis

1200-3-12 **ABB** will comply with any and all methods of sampling and analysis that are requested by the Technical Secretary as outlined in this Rule.

- 1200-3-14 Control of Sulfur Dioxide Emissions
 - No applicable standards from this section apply to this construction permit application.
- **1200-3-16 New Source Performance Standards**

This construction permit application is not subject to any standards in this rule.

1200-3-18 Volatile Organic Compounds

There are general requirements of this rule that are applicable to this facility, however there are no requirements in this chapter applicable to this application.

1200-3-20 Limits on Emissions due to Malfunctions, Startups and Shutdowns

These rules contain general requirements applicable to the facility. ABB shall comply with these general requirements.

1200-3-30 Acid Precipitation Standards

This application does not contain sources subject to this regulation.

1200-3-31 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories

Applicable MACT regulations will be discussed under the federal regulation section of this report.



FEDERAL REGULATIONS

PSD/NSR

40 CFR 51.165 - New Source Review

New source review does not need to be considered because McMinn County TN is in attainment with all ambient air quality standards.

40 CFR 51.166 Prevention of Significant Deterioration

PSD is not applicable because ABB and this proposed change do not meet the PSD definition of an affected source. Under PSD an affected source is a facility with emissions exceeding 250 TPY of any regulated NSR pollutants, or emissions exceeding 100 TPY of any regulated NSR pollutants at sources in specific categories.

40 CFR Part 60 - Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources

The new source performance standards contained in 40 CFR 60 require new sources to control emissions to the level achievable by the best-demonstrated technology specified in the applicable provisions. This regulation is divided into Subparts, each providing regulations for specific source categories.

There are no NSPS regulations applicable to this proposed modification.

40 CFR Part 61 - National Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

These rules were established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for the specific pollutants asbestos, benzene, beryllium, inorganic arsenic, mercury, radionuclides, radon 222, and vinyl chloride. *This facility does not emit any of the pollutants regulated by this part.*

40 CFR Part 63 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories

Subpart WWWWWW (6W) - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Area Source Standards for Plating and Polishing Operations

This facility is subject to the provisions of this Subpart and applicable management practices apply. These applicable conditions are contained in existing applications.

40 CFR Part 68 - Risk Management Plans

Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA) Amendments mandates regulated facilities to develop and implement appropriate risk management programs to minimize the frequency and severity of chemical accidents. *This facility does not emit or store any substances regulated by this rule in sufficient quantities and is therefore not subject to this rule.*

40 CFR Part 70 - Major Source Operating Permits

The State of Tennessee has been delegated authority to implement the major source operating permit program (Title V) in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 70 and Title V of the CAA amendments of 1990.



Based upon the calculated maximum potential emissions from this facility it is not considered a major source of air pollutant emissions and this regulation is not longer applicable.

40 CFR Parts 72 through 78 - Acid Rain Regulations

ABB is not an affected facility as defined in these regulations and is, therefore, not subject to the requirements of the acid rain program.

40 CFR Part 82 - Ozone Depleting Substances

40 CFR 82 establishes regulation to control emissions of substances known to degrade ozone in the upper atmosphere. These regulations establish requirements related to maintenance, service, repair or disposal of ozone depleting substances. They also provide recycling, recovery, and record keeping requirements.

This request does not contain any sources that are required to comply with this rule.

40 CFR Part 98 – Greenhouse Gas Reporting

This part establishes mandatory greenhouse gas (GHG) reporting requirements for owners and operators of certain facilities that directly emit GHG. This application does not include sources that contribute to greenhouse gasses.





APC 100

NON-TITLE V PERMIT APPLICATION FACILITY IDENTIFICATION

	Type or print and submit. Attach appropriate source description forms.									
	SITE INFORMATION									
1. 0	1. Organization's legal name and SOS control number [as registered with the TN Secretary of State (SOS)]									
ABB II	ABB INSTALLATION PRODUCTS, INC. #000909235									
2. Si	ite name (if differer	nt from legal name	e)							
	s a construction pe see instructions for a			ıg su	bmitted?	Yes 🗸	No			
4. S	ite address (St./Rd./	/Hwy.)						County name		
260 D	ENNIS STREET							MCMINN		
C	ity			Zip	code			5. NAICS or SIC code		
ATHE	NS			373	03			335932		
6. S	ite location	Latitude	I	1		Longitude				
(i	n lat. /long.)	35.457389				84.604261				
	CONTACT INFORMATION (RESPONSIBLE PERSON)									
7. R	esponsible person	/Authorized cont	tact			Phone nui	Phone number with area code			
SHAN	E SPARKS					423-745-65	423-745-6588			
N	Mailing address (St./	/Rd./Hwy.)				Fax numb	er v	vith area code		
260 D	ENNIS STREET					423-745-9545				
C	ity		State		Zip code	Email add	Email address			
ATHE	NS		TN		37303	SHANE.SPARKS@US.ABB.COM				
		CONT	ACT INF	ORN	IATION (TEC	HNICAL)				
8. P	rincipal technical o	contact				Phone nui	nb	er with area code		
LISA N	NEISLER					423-745-65	588			
N	Mailing address (St./	/Rd./Hwy.)				Fax numb	er v	vith area code		
260 D	ENNIS STREET					423-745-95	423-745-9545			
C	ity		State		Zip code	Email add	res	5		
ATHEI	NS		<u> </u>		37303					
		CON	ITACT IN	IFOR	MATION (BI	-				
	illing contact					Phone nui	mb	er with area code		
ACCO	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE 423-745-6588									
N	/Rd./Hwy.)	Fax number with area code								
260 DENNIS STREET 423-745-9545										
C	ity		State		Zip code	Email add	res	5		
ATHE	NS				37303					

AIR CONTAMINANT SOURCE(S) INFORMATION

10. Description of air contaminant source(s) and Unique Source ID(s). List, identify, and briefly describe process emission sources, fuel burning installations, and incinerators that are contained in this application and include a Unique Source ID for each source. The Unique Source ID is a name/number/letter, which uniquely identifies the air contaminant source(s), like Boiler #1, Paint Line #1, Engine #1, etc. (see instructions for more details)

ABB INSTALLATION PRODUCTS CURRENTLY EMISSON SOURCE 54-0047-14 WHICH IS AN ELECTROPLATING LINE USED TO COAT STEEL STRUTS WITH ZINC TO PREVENT CORROSION. THIS ELECTROPLATING LINE IS COMPRISED OF VARIOUS TANKS WITH VARIOUS AQUEOUS SOLUTIONS INCLUDING CLEANERS, RINSE WATERS, ACID, NON-CYANIDE ALKALINE ZINC ELECTROPLATING SOLUTION AND TRIVALENT CHROMIUM CONVERSION COATINGS. AFTER BEING DIPPED IN WASH TANKS, PARTS ARE RINSED AND THEN DIPPED IN ACID.

UNDER THE CURRENT CONFIGURATION, TWO DIP TANKS OF SULFURIC ACID ARE BEING USED ON THIS LINE. THIS CONSTRUCTION APPLICATION REQUESTS TO REPLACE THE SULFURIC WITH HYDROCHLORIC ACID IN BOTH DIP TANKS.

ON THIS PROCESS LINE, THE PRE-CLEAN TANKS, INCLUDING THE ACID DIP TANKS, ARE CONTROLLED BY A PUSH PULL VENTILATION/SCRUBBING SYSTEM DESIGNED TO EFFICIENTLY CAPTURE AND REMOVE THE FUMES AND MIST GENERATED FROM THESE PROCESS TANKS. THIS VENTILATION SYSTEM IS DESIGNED TO CAPTURE 6,500 CFM FROM EACH ACID TANK ON EACH LINE AND SLOT VELOCITIES ARE DESIGNED FOR 2,000 – 2,500 FT PER MIN (ALONG THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE TANKS). THE VENTILATION SYSTEM IS CONNECTED TO A HORIZONTAL CROSS FLOW WET PACKED BED FUME SCRUBBER EQUIPPED WITH A CHEVRON BLADE STYLE MIST ELIMINATOR DESIGNED TO REMOVE MIST PARTICLES AS SMALL AS 20 MICRONS AT 99% EFFICIENCY.

11. Is the air contaminant source(s) in a nonattainment area? If "Yes", then minor source BACT must be											
addressed. Ye	addressed. Yes No										
12. Normal	Hours/Day	Days/W	Veek		Weeks/Year	Days/Year					
operation:	24	/			52	365					
13. Percent annua		March	– May		June – August	Sept. – Nov.					
throughput	25	25			25	25					
	TYPE OF PERMI	T REQUE	STED (d	heck a	ppropriate box)						
14. Operating permit				npleted							
	Last permit number(s	;)		Emission Source Reference Number(s)							
Construction	Last permit number(s	5)		Emission Source Reference Number(s)							
permit L	076626			54-0047-14							
If you chose Constr	uction permit above, ther	n choose	either N	lew Con	struction, Modificatio	on, or Location Transfer					
New Construction	Starting date		Co	Completion date							
\checkmark	AS SOON AS APPROVED	-			WITHIN 2 WEEKS OF START						
Modification	Date modification started	or will st	art Da	Date completed or will complete							
Location Transfer	Transfer date		Ad	ldress o	f last location						

15.	Describe changes that have been made to this equipment or operation(s) since the last construction or operating permit application:
N/A	
16	Comments
N/A	
	SIGNATURE
Bas	signatore signatore signatore signatore sed upon information and belief formed after a reasonable inquiry, I, as the responsible person of the above
me	ntioned facility, certify that the information contained in this application is accurate and true to the best of my
	wledge. As specified in TCA Section 39-16-702(a)(4), this declaration is made under penalty of perjury.
17.	Signature (application must be signed before it will be processed) Date
	Signer's name (type or print) Title General MAWADY Phone number with area code
5	HAVE SPATKS 0000041 423-381-6384



NON-TITLE V PERMIT APPLICATION EMISSION POINT DESCRIPTION

Type or print and submit for each stack or air contaminant source. Submit with the APC 100.

GENERAL IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION

1. Organization's legal name and SOS control number [as registered with the TN Secretary of State (SOS)] ABB INSTALLATION PRODUCTS, INC. #00909235

2. Unique Source ID (name/number/letter which uniquely identifies this air contaminant source, like Boiler #1) #17161 (54-0047-14)

3. Unique Emission Point ID (name/number/letter which uniquely identifies this emission point, like Stack #1) #1

4. Brief description of air contaminant source (Attach a diagram if appropriate):

JESSUP PLATER ELECTROPLATING MACHINE, NON CYANIDE ALKALINE ZINC PLATING WITH TRIVALENT CHROMIUM CONVERSION COATING - CONSTRUCTION IS TO REPLACE SULFURIC ACID WITH HYDROCHLORIC IN CLEANING TANK

5. Emission poir	nt	Latitude			Longitude		6. Dis	stance to neare	st	property line (Ft.)	
location		35.457389			84.604261		125				
STACK AND EMISSION DATA											
7. Stack or emission point data: →	Height above grade (Ft.) 39		Di 4.6	ameter (Ft.) 57	Temperatu (°F) AMBIENT		over 125°F		Direction of exit (Up, down or horizontal) JP		
Data at exit conditions: \rightarrow				Ve 52	locity (Ft. /Sec.) .63) Moisture (Grains/Ft. ³) 6.2		ire (Grains/Ft. ³)	1	Moisture (Percent) 80	
Data at standard conditions: \rightarrow	51	ow (Dry std. 460		52			Moisture (Grains/Ft. ³) 3.9			Moisture (Percent) 50	
8. Monitoring d			-	um		-			-		
Opacity monitor		50 ₂ nonitor	NO _x monitor		Strip chart	Electr data l		Other (speci in comment		No monitor (none)	
	ts. I	nclude oper	ating parar	net	ers of control d	evice (fl	-			re compliance with ssure drop, etc.).	

10. Air contaminants. Emission estimates for each air contaminant emitted from this point should be based on stack sampling results or engineering calculations. Calculations should be attached on a separate sheet. (see instructions for more details)

instructions for	more details	5)						
Air contaminants	Average Emissions (Lbs./Hr.)	Maximum Emissions (Lbs./Hr.)	Concen- tration	Average Emissions (Ton/Yr.)	Potential Emissions (Ton/Yr.)	Emissions Estimation Method Code *	Control Devices *	Control Effi- ciency %
Particulate matter (PM)	LIN	0.00835 IITS CONTAII	** NED IN EXIS	0.0366 TING PERMI	Т	3	001	99
Sulfur dioxide (SO ₂)			***					
Carbon monoxide (CO)			PPM					
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)			PPM					
Nitrogen oxides (NO _X)			PPM					
Hydrogen fluoride (HF)								
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)								
Lead (Pb)								
Greenhouse gases (CO ₂ equivalents)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify) HCL	6.04e-4	0.2046		0.00265	0.8961	6 (see application)	001	99
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)								

11. Comments	APC 101
If this form is being submitted at the same time as an APC	100 forme the second se
If this form is being submitted at the same time as an APC Date this form regardless of whether a signature is provide as an APC 100 form, then a signature is required	I this form is NOT being submitted at the
e roo form, cherra signature is renniren	
Based upon information and belief formed after a reasona mentioned facility, certify that the information contained in	ble inquiry, l, as the responsible person of the above
	This application is accurate and it is it is
knowledge. As specified in TCA Section 39-16-702(a)(4), this	declaration is made under penalty of perjury.
XNO. O ADADAD	Date
Signer's name (type or print) Title	3-21-2023
SHANF SPACKS /LOALONAL	ANAGEV 423-381-28(1
 Refer to the tables in the instructions for estimation methods 	ethod and control device codes.
Long as particulate matter concentration units. Process	- Grains/Dry Standard 53 (700m)
Grains/Dry Standard Ft ³ (70 ⁰ F), all other boilers – Lbs. // Exit gas sulfur dioxide concentrations units: Process – F	Million BTU heat input

BTU heat input



NON-TITLE V PERMIT APPLICATION SURFACE COATING DESCRIPTION

	Type or print. Submit for each spray booth, dip tank, or other surface coating equipment. Submit with the APC 100.										
	GENERAL IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION										
	1. Organization's legal name and SOS control number [as registered with the Tennessee Secretary of State (SOS)] 2. Emission Source Reference Number ABB INSTALLATION PRODUCTS, INC. #00909235 54-0047-14										
	 3. Is this air contaminant source subject to an NSPS or NESHAP rule? Yes ✓ If Yes, list rule citation, including Part, Subpart, and applicable Sections: SUBPAR WWWWWW 										
				CO	ATING OPEI	RATIO	ON DAT	A			
	4. Unique Source ID (name/number/letter that uniquely identifies this air contaminant source, like Paint Line 1) #17161										
5. 1	Гуре of coating	operation	Spray b	ooth [Dip tank O	ther (describ	e)			
6.	Spray booth dimensions	Width (ft.)	1	Height (ft.) Depth (ft.)				٩	Number of open sides		
	Method of spray:	Airless	Air aton	nized	Airless	Elec Disc	Air at	omized		erspray ercent)	Date purchased *
	Exhaust data:	Number o	of fans		Total hors	sepow	ver		Tot	tal volume	(CFM)
	Exhaust control:	None	Water	wash	Exhaust filte <u>rs</u>		Baffle Dl <u>ates</u>	Adsorption **	WE	ner (Descri B-BED PAC CRUBBER	be) KED FUME
	Exhaust stack data **	Diameter 4		Height (Grade	(Ft.) Above 22		Flow (CFM) 51,460	Spe	ecify serial are this ver	numbers that nt 7161
	Control device with emission li etc.).										

* The actual surface coating equipment (spray gun, spray heads, etc.) and not the spray booth per se determines the status of the source (new or existing).

** Complete one line for each stack or vent. Attach additional sheets if necessary

NOTE: This application will not be processed unless all of the following information is provided.

MATERIAL DATA

12. Coatings, Thinners, and Clean-up Solvents used:

List all types of coatings, thinners, and clean-up solvents used and attach a statement of the chemical composition of each (i.e. Safety Data Sheet). This statement usually may be obtained from the coating, thinner, or clean-up solvent supplier. The minimum information required is the percent of solids by weight, the percent volatile by weight, the hydrocarbon composition and/or description of the volatile component, and the density of the coating, thinner, or clean-up solvent in pounds per gallon.

	Base	%Solids		Density	Quantity used			
Coating name	[Water,	by	%Volatile	(Lbs.	Gallo	ons/Day	Gal./Mo.	
	Powder or Solvent*]	Weight	by Weight	/Gal.)	Average	Maximum **	Average	
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	AQ		14%	9.90				
Thinner name								
Clean – up solvent name								

* Name Solvent Base type

** For new construction, this quantity will be used as a permit limitation on capacity.

13. Air contaminants. Emission estimates for each air contaminant emitted from this point should be based on stack sampling results or engineering calculations. Calculations should be attached on a separate sheet. (see instructions for more details)

Air contaminants	Average Emissions (Lbs./Hr.)	Maximum Emissions (Lbs./Hr.)	Concen- tration	Average Emissions (Tons/Yr.)	Potential Emissions (Ton/Yr.)	Emissions Estimation Method Code *	Control Devices *	Control Effi- ciency %
Particulate matter (PM)	LIN	0.00835 VITS CONTA	INED IN EX	0.0366 ISTING PERM	IT	3	001	99
Sulfur dioxide (SO ₂)								
Carbon monoxide (CO)			PPM					
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)			PPM					
Nitrogen oxides (NO _X)			PPM					
Hydrogen fluoride (HF)								
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)								
Lead (Pb)								
Greenhouse gases (CO ₂ equivalents)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify) HCl	5.04e-4	0.2046		0.00265	0.8961	6 (see applicaion)	001	99
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)								

* Refer to the tables in the instructions for estimation method and control device codes.

		APC 107							
AA Fastians and f	EQUIPMENT DESCRIP	TION							
14. Equipment manufacturer	Model number	Serial number (or plant ID)							
JESSUP ENGINEERING		17161							
Construction date		Modification date							
2-1-2018		ASAP							
Describe any modifications*									
THIS CONSTRUCTION PERMIT APPLICATION IS TO EXCHANGE SULFURIC ACID IN CLEANING TANKS WITH HCI.									
15. Describe articles coated									
BLACK STEEL IS DIPPED IN A SERIES OF TRIVALENT CHROMIUM CONVERSION C	CLEANING TANKS PRIOR TO OATING.) BEING COATED WITH ALKALINE ZINC AND A							
THIS APPLICATION IS TO CHANGE THE A	ACID IN TWO CLEANING TAI	NKS FROM SULFURIC ACID TO HYDROCHLORIC.							
16. Comments									
If this form is being submitted at the sar	SIGNATURE								
Date this form regardless of whether as	tignature is provided. If this	n, then a signature is not required on this form.							
as an APC 100 form, then a signature is	required	s form is NOT being submitted at the same time							
Based upon information and belief form	ned after a reasonable ingui	iry, l, as the responsible person of the above							
mentioned facility, certify that the inform	nation contained in this apr	blication is accurate and true to the best of my							
knowledge. As specified in TCA Section 3	39-16-702(a)(4) this declarate	tion is made under nor the to the best of my							
17. Signature (
1 Share Sham	br	Date 3-17-2413							
Aigner's name (type or print)	Title								
WHANE SPARKS	GENERAL MANAG	Phone number with area code 423 - 381 - 6384							



APC 100

NON-TITLE V PERMIT APPLICATION FACILITY IDENTIFICATION

	Type or print and submit. Attach appropriate source description forms.										
SITE INFORMATION											
1. Organiza	1. Organization's legal name and SOS control number [as registered with the TN Secretary of State (SOS)]										
ABB INSTALL	ABB INSTALLATION PRODUCTS, INC. #000909235										
2. Site nan	2. Site name (if different from legal name)										
3. Is a construction permit application fee being submitted? Yes No (see instructions for appropriate fee to submit)											
4. Site add	ress (St./Rd.	/Hwy.)					County name				
260 DENNIS	STREET						MCMINN				
City				Zip	code		5. NAICS or SIC code				
ATHENS				373	03		335932				
6. Site loca	tion	Latitude				Longitude					
(in lat. /lo	(in lat. /long.) 35.457389 84.604261										
CONTACT INFORMATION (RESPONSIBLE PERSON)											
7. Respons	ible person	/Authorized cont	tact			Phone numb	er with area code				
SHANE SPAR	KS					423-745-6588	423-745-6588				
Mailing	Mailing address (St./Rd./Hwy.)						with area code				
260 DENNIS						423-745-9545					
City			State		Zip code	Email addres	S				
ATHENS			ΤN		37303	SHANE.SPARKS@US.ABB.COM					
		CONT	ACT INF	ORM	IATION (TEC	HNICAL)					
8. Principa	l technical o	contact				Phone numb	Phone number with area code				
LISA NEISLER						423-745-6588					
Mailing	address (St.	/Rd./Hwy.)				Fax number	Fax number with area code				
260 DENNIS						423-745-9545					
City			State		Zip code	Email addres	S				
ATHENS					37303						
		CON	NTACT IN	IFOR	MATION (BI	LING)					
9. Billing c	ontact					Phone numb	er with area code				
ACCOUNTS P	AYABLE					423-745-6588					
Mailing	address (St.	/Rd./Hwy.)				Fax number	with area code				
260 DENNIS STREET						423-745-9545	423-745-9545				
City	City State Zip code Email address										
ATHENS					37303						

AIR CONTAMINANT SOURCE(S) INFORMATION

10. Description of air contaminant source(s) and Unique Source ID(s). List, identify, and briefly describe process emission sources, fuel burning installations, and incinerators that are contained in this application and include a Unique Source ID for each source. The Unique Source ID is a name/number/letter, which uniquely identifies the air contaminant source(s), like Boiler #1, Paint Line #1, Engine #1, etc. (see instructions for more details)

ABB INSTALLATION PRODUCTS CURRENTLY EMISSON SOURCE 54-0047-14 WHICH IS AN ELECTROPLATING LINE USED TO COAT STEEL STRUTS WITH ZINC TO PREVENT CORROSION. THIS ELECTROPLATING LINE IS COMPRISED OF VARIOUS TANKS WITH VARIOUS AQUEOUS SOLUTIONS INCLUDING CLEANERS, RINSE WATERS, ACID, NON-CYANIDE ALKALINE ZINC ELECTROPLATING SOLUTION AND TRIVALENT CHROMIUM CONVERSION COATINGS. AFTER BEING DIPPED IN WASH TANKS, PARTS ARE RINSED AND THEN DIPPED IN ACID.

UNDER THE CURRENT CONFIGURATION, TWO DIP TANKS OF SULFURIC ACID ARE BEING USED ON THIS LINE. THIS CONSTRUCTION APPLICATION REQUESTS TO REPLACE THE SULFURIC WITH HYDROCHLORIC ACID IN BOTH DIP TANKS.

ON THIS PROCESS LINE, THE PRE-CLEAN TANKS, INCLUDING THE ACID DIP TANKS, ARE CONTROLLED BY A PUSH PULL VENTILATION/SCRUBBING SYSTEM DESIGNED TO EFFICIENTLY CAPTURE AND REMOVE THE FUMES AND MIST GENERATED FROM THESE PROCESS TANKS. THIS VENTILATION SYSTEM IS DESIGNED TO CAPTURE 6,500 CFM FROM EACH ACID TANK ON EACH LINE AND SLOT VELOCITIES ARE DESIGNED FOR 2,000 – 2,500 FT PER MIN (ALONG THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE TANKS). THE VENTILATION SYSTEM IS CONNECTED TO A HORIZONTAL CROSS FLOW WET PACKED BED FUME SCRUBBER EQUIPPED WITH A CHEVRON BLADE STYLE MIST ELIMINATOR DESIGNED TO REMOVE MIST PARTICLES AS SMALL AS 20 MICRONS AT 99% EFFICIENCY.

11. Is the air contaminant source(s) in a nonattainment area? If "Yes", then minor source BACT must be										
addressed. Ye	es No									
12. Normal operation:	Hours/Day	Days/	Week		Weeks/Year 52	Days/Year 365				
13. Percent annua throughput		March 25	/ March – May 25		June – August 25	Sept. – Nov. 25				
TYPE OF PERMIT REQUESTED (check appropriate box)										
14. Operating permit	Date construction started Date co			mpleted						
	Last permit number(s	: permit number(s)			on Source Referenc	e Number(s)				
Construction	Last permit number(s	5)		Emission Source Reference Number(s)						
permit L	078709			54-0047-16						
If you chose Consti	ruction permit above, ther	n choose	e either	New Cor	struction, Modifica	tion, or Location Transfer				
New Construction	Starting date		C	Completio	on date					
\checkmark	AS SOON AS APPROVED		١	WITHIN 2 WEEKS OF START						
Modification	Date modification started	te modification started or will start			Date completed or will complete					
Location Transfer	Transfer date		A	Address of last location						

15.	or operating perr	፥ that have been nit application:	made to this e	quipment or ϕ	operation(s) since the last construction
N/A					
16. (Comments				
N/A					
		2			
Based	Upon information	and balieff	SIGNA	TURE	
mentic	apor mornauon	and belief formed	d after a reasona	able inquiry, I,	as the responsible person of the above
	certing certing		n n n n n n n a n a n a n a n a n a n a	n thic applicati	
		IT ICA Section 39-	-10-702(a)(4), this	s declaration is	on is accurate and true to the best of my smade under penalty of perjury.
17. Sig	nature (applicatio	n must be signed	l before it will be	processed)	Date
y	Kha. a X	Ant			7 00
-	sen I	1POV412			5-27-2003
Sig	ner's name (type)	o l print)	Title		Phone number with area code
54	NE SPIR	VC	(GENERA)	MANN	1102 741-1701
- 118	NC JAL	\sim	IU-CIVERA)	I. I. HWACK	L429-555-6204



NON-TITLE V PERMIT APPLICATION EMISSION POINT DESCRIPTION

Type or print and submit for each stack or air contaminant source. Submit with the APC 100.

GENERAL IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION

1. Organization's legal name and SOS control number [as registered with the TN Secretary of State (SOS)] ABB INSTALLATION PRODUCTS, INC. #00909235

2. Unique Source ID (name/number/letter which uniquely identifies this air contaminant source, like Boiler #1) #05081 (54-0047-16)

3. Unique Emission Point ID (name/number/letter which uniquely identifies this emission point, like Stack #1) #2

4. Brief description of air contaminant source (Attach a diagram if appropriate):

JESSUP PLATER ELECTROPLATING MACHINE, NON CYANIDE ALKALINE ZINC PLATING WITH TRIVALENT CHROMIUM CONVERSION COATING - CONSTRUCTION IS TO REPLACE SULFURIC ACID WITH HYDROCHLORIC IN CLEANING TANK

5. Emission poir	nt	Latitude		Longitude		6. Dis	6. Distance to nearest property line (Ft.)				
location		35.457389			84.604261		125	125			
STACK AND EMISSION DATA											
7. Stack or emission point data: →	emission (Ft.) point data: 39		D 4	iameter (Ft.)	Tempe (°F) AMBIEI	erature NT	% of time over 125°F 0%	0	Direction of exit (Up, down or horizontal) JP		
Data at exit conditions: \rightarrow				Moistu 6.2	ire (Grains/Ft. ³)	<u> </u>	Moisture (Percent) 80				
Data at standard conditions: →	37	ow (Dry std. '900		Velocity (Ft. /Sec.) 52.63			Moisture (Grains/Ft. ³) 3.9			Moisture (Percent) 50	
8. Monitoring de			-	um		-					
Opacity monitor	n	iO ₂ nonitor	NO _X monitor		Strip Electro chart dat <u>a lo</u>		· · · ·			(none)	
	ts. I	nclude oper	ating parar	net	ters of control d	evice (fl	-			re compliance with ssure drop, etc.).	

10. Air contaminants. Emission estimates for each air contaminant emitted from this point should be based on stack sampling results or engineering calculations. Calculations should be attached on a separate sheet. (see instructions for more details)

instructions for	more details	5)						
Air contaminants	Average Emissions (Lbs./Hr.)	Maximum Emissions (Lbs./Hr.)	Concen- tration	Average Emissions (Ton/Yr.)	Potential Emissions (Ton/Yr.)	Emissions Estimation Method Code *	Control Devices *	Control Effi- ciency %
Particulate matter (PM)		0.0075	**	0.033		3	001	99
Sulfur dioxide (SO ₂)			***					
Carbon monoxide (CO)			PPM					
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)			PPM					
Nitrogen oxides (NO _X)			PPM					
Hydrogen fluoride (HF)								
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)								
Lead (Pb)								
Greenhouse gases (CO ₂ equivalents)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify) HCL	6.04e-4	0.2046		0.00265	0.8961	6 (see application)	001	99
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)								

11. Comments	APC 101
If this form is heir and heir	
If this form is being submitted at the same time as an APC 100 form, ther Date this form regardless of whether a signature is provided. If this for	n a signature is not required on this form.
Date this form regardless of whether a signature is provided. If this form as an APC 100 form, then a signature is required.	n is NOT being submitted at the same time
Based upon information and belief formed after a reasonable inquiry L	as the responsible person of the share
a second control that the initial and in the application	
	made under penalty of perjury.
12/signature	Date
Signar's parts (hur	5-27-23
SHANE STARKS FRONCH MANAGY	Phone number with area code
* Refer to the tables in the instructions for estimation method and con	423 381 6584
EXIL gas particulate matter concentration units: Process Craine (Dre	Changel I mil maller and
Grandshory Standard Ft (70 F), all other bollers – Lbs. /Million BTU he	pat input
*** Exit gas sulfur dioxide concentrations units: Process – PPM by volume	a ala la serie de la serie

** Exit gas sulfur dioxide concentrations units: Process – PPM by volume, dry bases, and boilers – Lbs. /Million BTU heat input



APC 107

NON-TITLE V PERMIT APPLICATION SURFACE COATING DESCRIPTION

	Type or print. Submit for each spray booth, dip tank, or other surface coating equipment.									
	Submit with the APC 100. GENERAL IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION									
	1. Organization's legal name and SOS control number [as registered with the Tennessee Secretary of State (SOS)] 2. Emission Source Reference Number ABB INSTALLATION PRODUCTS, INC. #00909235 54-0047-16									
	 3. Is this air contaminant source subject to an NSPS or NESHAP rule? Yes ✓ If Yes, list rule citation, including Part, Subpart, and applicable Sections: SUBPAR WWWWWW 									
				ATING OPERAT						
	4. Unique Source ID (name/number/letter that uniquely identifies this air contaminant source, like Paint Line 1) #05081									
5.	5. Type of coating operation Spray booth Dip tank Other (describe) Image: Control of the structure o									
6.	Spray booth dimensions	Width (ft.)	Height (ft.) Depth (ft.)				Number of open sides			
7.	Method of spray:	Airless	Air atomized	Airless Disc	ectrostati Air at		Overspray (Percent)	Date purchased *		
8.	Exhaust data:	Number o	of fans	Total horsepo	wer		Total volume	(CFM)		
9.	Exhaust control:	None	Waterwash	Exhaust filters	Baffle pl <u>ates</u>	**	Other (Descr WEB-BED PAC SCRUBBER			
10.	Exhaust stack data **	Diameter 4	(Ft.) Height Grade	(Ft.) Above 39	Flow (Specify serial share this ve	numbers that nt 5081		
11.	Control device with emission li etc.).									

* The actual surface coating equipment (spray gun, spray heads, etc.) and not the spray booth per se determines the status of the source (new or existing).

** Complete one line for each stack or vent. Attach additional sheets if necessary

NOTE: This application will not be processed unless all of the following information is provided.

MATERIAL DATA

12. Coatings, Thinners, and Clean-up Solvents used:

List all types of coatings, thinners, and clean-up solvents used and attach a statement of the chemical composition of each (i.e. Safety Data Sheet). This statement usually may be obtained from the coating, thinner, or clean-up solvent supplier. The minimum information required is the percent of solids by weight, the percent volatile by weight, the hydrocarbon composition and/or description of the volatile component, and the density of the coating, thinner, or clean-up solvent in pounds per gallon.

Coating name	Base [Water, Powder or Solvent*]	%Solids by Weight	%Volatile by Weight	Density (Lbs. /Gal.)	Quantity used		
					Gallons/Day		Gal./Mo.
					Average	Maximum **	Average
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	AQ		14%	9.90			
Thinner name							
Clean – up solvent name							

* Name Solvent Base type

** For new construction, this quantity will be used as a permit limitation on capacity.

13. Air contaminants. Emission estimates for each air contaminant emitted from this point should be based on stack sampling results or engineering calculations. Calculations should be attached on a separate sheet. (see instructions for more details)

instructions for	more details	5)						
Air contaminants	Average Emissions (Lbs./Hr.)	Maximum Emissions (Lbs./Hr.)	Concen- tration	Average Emissions (Tons/Yr.)	Potential Emissions (Ton/Yr.)	Emissions Estimation Method Code *	Control Devices *	Control Effi- ciency %
Particulate matter (PM)	LI	0.0075 MITS CONTA	INED IN EX	0.033 ISTING PERM	IT	3	001	99
Sulfur dioxide (SO ₂)								
Carbon monoxide (CO)			PPM					
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)			PPM					
Nitrogen oxides (NO _X)			PPM					
Hydrogen fluoride (HF)								
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)								
Lead (Pb)								
Greenhouse gases (CO ₂ equivalents)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify) HCl	6.04e-4	0.2046		0.00265	0.8961	6 (see applicaion)	001	99
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Hazardous air pollutant (specify)								
Other (specify)								
Other (specify)								

* Refer to the tables in the instructions for estimation method and control device codes.

	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPT	APC 107
14. Equipment manufacturer	Model number	Serial number (or plant ID)
JESSUP ENGINEERING		1 xx fsx #05081
Construction date	I	Modification date
2-1-2018		ASAP
Describe any modifications*		
THIS CONSTRUCTION PERMIT APPLICAT	ION IS TO EXCHANGE SULFU	RIC ACID IN CLEANING TANKS WITH HCI.
15. Describe articles coated		
BLACK STEEL IS DIPPED IN A SERIES OF C TRIVALENT CHROMIUM CONVERSION CO	CLEANING TANKS PRIOR TO D DATING.	BEING COATED WITH ALKALINE ZINC AND A
THIS APPLICATION IS TO CHANGE THE A	CID IN TWO CLEANING TANK	S FROM SULFURIC ACID TO HYDROCHLORIC.
16. Comments		
If this form is being submitted at the	SIGNATURE	
Date this form regardless of whother a cit	ie time as an APC 100 form,	then a signature is not required on this form.
as an APC 100 form, then a signature is r	sidule is provided if this t	form is NOT being submitted at the same time
Based upon information and belief form	equireu.	ν, l, as the responsible person of the above
that the machiney, certify that the month	duon contained in this appli	cation is assumption. It is a state of the s
knowledge. As specified in TCA Section 39	9-16-702(a)(4), this declaration	is made under populate of participation
17. signature		Date
Shoul Sporks		3-27-2123
Signer's name (type or print)	Title	Phone number with area code
LANE SPARKS	General MANAge	

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Calculations Guidance Package Hot Dip Galvanizing

I. Instructions

III.

This manual was developed for the purpose of providing a guide for calculating emissions at hot-dip galvanizing facilities. Tables are provided for identifying the input data required and the emission calculation results. In most cases, the upper portions of the tables are used to record input data/calculation parameters. Use the equations which follow the table to perform the emission calculations and record the results in the lower portion of the table.

Note: Some of the calculations are made using data from TCEQ Tables 6, 11, and 13. You should complete these forms for maximum operating conditions and actual equipment specifications for your facility.

The information provided below will be used throughout the calculations and establishes limitations for the permit.

II. Galvanizing Facility Capacity Data

Type of heat source:

AP	= Maximum annual p	production (tons/yea	ır)			
DP	= Maximum daily pro	oduction (tons/year)				
HD	= Hours of operation	24				
DW	′ = Number of days o	7				
WY	= Number of weeks	52				
ΗY	= Maximum number	r 8760				
ZN	= Tons of zinc used	3253				
Deg	reasing/Cleaning C	perations				
1.	Number of degreas	n/a				
2. Degreasing Tank Parameters						
Та	nk No. 1	feet (ft) wide	x	feet (ft) long		
Tank No. 2 feet (ft) wide		x	feet (ft) long			
Ту	pe of degreasing cor	npound used:				
Co	oncentration of degre	asing compound:				
Τe	emperature of degrea	sing tank solution:				

Note: The permit engineer will review the above data and determine if degreasing tank emissions will be considered.

IV. Acid/Pickle Tank Emissions

Instructions: Acid/Pickle tank emissions are calculated using the procedure below.

A. Acid Tank Data

Number of pickle tanks at facility	-	<u>per line = 4</u> calculations below for each tank)
Ζ	t wide x 2 t wide x	26 feet long feet long
Type acid used: <u>Hydrochl</u>	loric Acid	
Maximum acid concentration: Minimum acid concentration: Temperature of acid tanks:	<u>14</u> 9 75	% weight/weight (w/w) % w/w (concentration at recharge) degrees F
Fume suppressant used?		🛛 Yes 🗆 No
Submit a copy of the Safety Data chemicals or additives used.	ta Sheet (SDS	S) for the acid, the fume suppressant, and any other
Are capture hoods used over the	e acid tanks?	🗅 Yes 🖄 No

Are any exhaust fans located near the tanks? 🛛 Yes 🗆 No

If yes, show their location on the plot plan and indicate the fan size (diameter), flow rate cubic feet per minute (CFM), and the height of the fan discharge point above the ground where it exhausts to the atmosphere.

B. Acid Pickle Tank Emission Calculation Procedure

Hydrochloric (HCI) Acid Tank Table

Table 2

HCI Pickle Tanks	1	2	3	4	5
A = Surface Area of tank (ft^2)	52				
T = Operating temperature (C°)	25				
Conc. = Percent concentration of HCI by weight (%w/w)	14				
V = Air velocity across surface of tank (fps)	2000 ft/	min = 33.	33 ft/s		
P_v = Vapor pressure of HCI (mmHg from the table in the Appendix)	0.0316				
E = Evaporation rate from tank (lb/hr-ft²)	0.001968				
ER ₁ = Emission rate uncontrolled (lb/hr)	0.10235				
FE = Suppressant efficiency 1 - (%)/100	0.05				
CE = Hood capture efficiency (%)	90				
AE = Abatement device efficiency 1 - (%)/100	0.01				
ER ₄ = Emission rate controlled (lb/hr)	4.60e-5				
FUG = Fugitive emissions (lb/hr)	2.56e-4				
OY = Annual operating hours	8760				
AFUG = Annual HCI fugitive emission rate (tons/year)	0.001121				
AER = Annual HCI emission rate (tons/year)	0.000202				

Supplementary Information

Table 2a

HCI Pickle Tanks	1	2	3	4	5
ER1 (enter into Table 2 (lbs/hr)	0.1023				
ER ₂ (lbs/hr)	0.005115				
ER₃ (lbs/hr)	0.004604				
(ER ₂ - ER ₃) (lbs/hr)	0.000511				
ER ₄ (enter into Table 2) (lbs/hr)	4.60e-5				

C. Hydrochloric (HCI) Acid Tank Emissions Calculations

The following calculations are made with data provided by the applicant. To assist in these calculations, Table 2, Table 2a, and the table of Partial Pressures of HCI over Aqueous Solutions of HCI in the Appendix are provided for your use. A completed Table 2 and Table 2a, in addition to the applicant's calculations, will serve to expedite the permit review process.

Calculation Steps

- 1. Calculate the surface area (A) each tank in square feet and enter the value of A into Table 2.
- 2. Enter the operating temperature (T) in degrees centigrade (C°), acid concentration (conc.) by weight percent, Table 2.

- 3. Determine the vapor pressure (P_v) of the HCl solution from the table in the Appendix. Using the temperature (T, C°) and the percent acid concentration (Conc.) determine the partial pressure of the solution in mmHg and enter the value of P_v into Table 2.
- 4. Calculate the evaporation rate of HCl from the tank using the following equation ^{1,2,3} and enter the value of E (lb/hr-ft²) into Table 2 (Requires a calculator with logarithmic functions):

$$\label{eq:eq:expansion} \begin{split} &\mathsf{E} = 25[0.46 + 0.117(\mathsf{V})] \mathsf{log}[(760 - \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{a}})/(760 - \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{v}})] \; (\mathsf{lb}/\mathsf{hr}\text{-}\mathsf{f}t^2) \\ &\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{a}} = 0 \; \text{for this calculation}. \end{split}$$

5. Calculate and enter into Tables 2 and 2a the uncontrolled emission rate:

 $ER_1 = E \times A (lb/hr).$

6. Do you use a suppressant (foam, fume, or mechanical) in your HCl tank? If yes, complete the following then go to 7.

FE = [1 - (%)/100], where % is the efficiency of the suppressant.

The efficiency of the suppressant can usually be found in the manufacturer's literature or by contacting the manufacturer of your particular suppressant.

Enter the value of FE into Table 2, then calculate the following (enter the value of):

ER₂ into Table 2a

 $ER_2 = ER_1 \times FE$ (lbs/hr)

If you do not use a fume suppressant, complete the following (enter the value of ER_2 into Table 2a) then go to 7.

 $ER_2 = ER_1$

7. Do you use a capture hood on your HCl tank? If yes, complete the following appropriate calculation, then go to 10. If no, skip to 8.

If you use a hood, and do not use a fume suppressant, calculate the following (enter the value of ER_3 into TABLE 2a), then go to 10:

 $ER_3 = ER_2 \times CE/100$ (lbs/hr) (Hood, no fume suppressant)

Note: CE is the percent capture efficiency of your hood design. Hoods designed in accordance with the Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practice, can be conservatively considered to have 98% capture efficiency.

If you use a hood, and also use a fume suppressant, calculate the following (enter the value of ER₃ into Table 2a), then go to 10.

 $ER_3 = ER_2 \times CE/100$ (lbs/hr) (Hood and a fume suppressant)

8. If you do not use a capture hood but use a fume suppressant use the following (enter the value of ER_3 into Table 2a), then go to 12.

 $ER_3 = ER_2$ (lbs/hr) (No hood, use a fume suppressant)

If you do not use a capture hood, and also do not use a fume suppressant, then go to 9.

- 9. You will not be authorized to operate a HCI pickle tank without the use of, as a minimum, a fume suppressant or a capture hood.
- 10. Do you have an abatement device that controls the emissions from your hood exhaust? If yes, complete the following calculations, enter the values of AE and ER₄ into Table 2, then go to 13. If not, then go to 11.

The efficiency of the abatement device you propose to use, or you are using, can be determined from the manufacturers literature or by contacting the manufacturer directly.

AE = [1-(%)/100], where % is the abatement device efficiency.

 $ER_4 = ER_3 \times AE$ (lbs/hr)

11. Without an abatement device your hourly emission rate is the same as calculated in 7.

Complete the following, enter the value of ER_4 into Tables 2 and 2a, then go to 13:

 $ER_4 = ER_3$ (lbs/hr)

12. Calculate the hourly fugitive emission rate from the tank and enter the value of FUG into Table 2, then go to 14:

Fugitive emissions are those emissions that escape into the building. These emissions are eventually emitted to the atmosphere through a building vent (exhaust fan, open door, window, etc.). You are given a 50% capture efficiency for the building.

 $FUG = (ER_3) (0.5) (lbs/hr) (Fume suppressant only)$

13. Calculate the hourly fugitive emission rate from the tank and enter the value of FUG into

Table 2, then go to 15:

Fugitive emissions are those emissions that are not captured by the hood system and; therefore, escape into the building. These emissions are eventually emitted to the atmosphere through a building vent (exhaust fan, open door, window, etc.). You are given a 50% capture efficiency for the building.

 $FUG = (ER_2 - ER_3)(0.5) (lbs/hr)$

14. Calculate your annual fugitive emission rate (AFUG) and enter the value of AFUG into Table 2:

AFUG = (FUG x OY)/2000 (tons/year)

15. Calculate your annual emission rate (AER) and the annual fugitive rate (AFUG) and enter the values of AER and AFUG into Table 2.

 $AER = (ER_4 \times OY)/2000 \text{ (tons/year)}$

AFUG = (FUG x OY)/2000 (tons/year)

D. Sulfuric Acid Emission Calculations

If sulfuric acid is used as a pickling agent, use the above Steps 5 through 15 and Tables 2 and 2a. Begin with Step 5 and use 0.00015 lbs/hr-ft² for "E," the emission factor for sulfuric acid.

Appendix: Partial Pressures (P_v) of HCI over Aqueous Solutions of HCI*

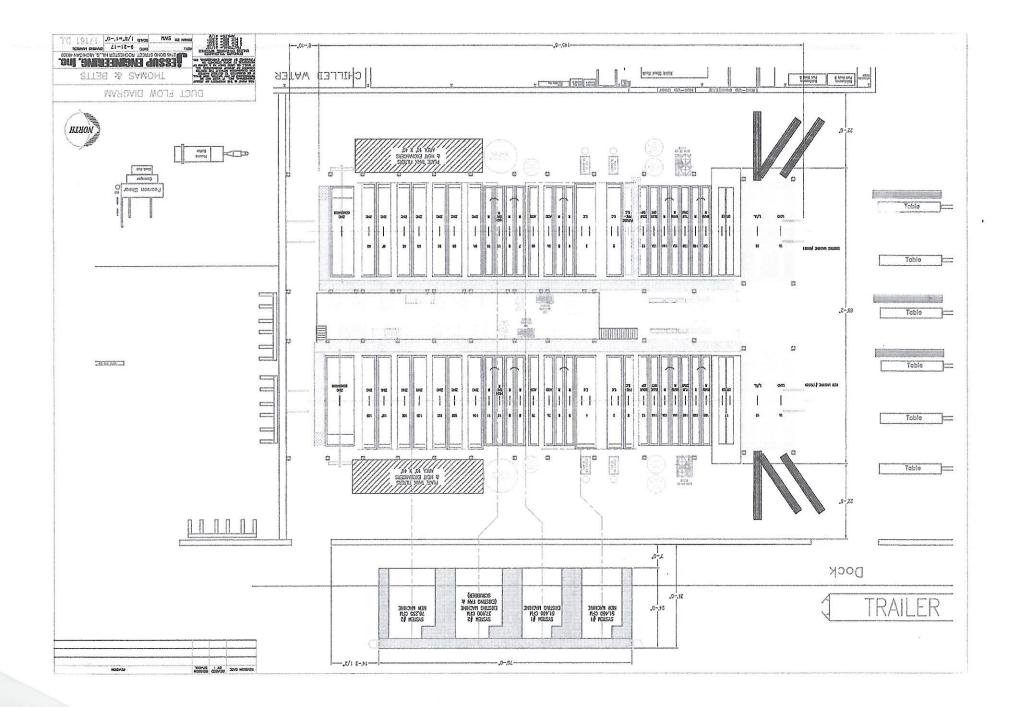
% HCI	0°	5°	10°	15°	20°	25°	30°	35°	40°	45°	50°	60°	70°	80°	90°	100°	110°
2			0.0000117	0.000023	0.000044	0.000084	0.000151	0.000275	0.00047	0.00083	0.00104	0.0038	0.01	0.0245	0.058	0.132	0.28
4	0.000018	0.000036	0.000069	0.000131	0.00024	0.00044	0.00077	0.00134	0.0023	0.00385	0.0064	0.0165	0.0405	0.095	0.21	0.46	0.93
6	0.000066	0.000125	0.000234	0.000425	0.00076	0.00131	0.00225	0.0038	0.0062	0.0102	0.0163	0.04	0.094	0.206	0.44	0.92	1.78
8	0.000118	0.000323	0.000583	0.00104	0.00178	0.0031	0.00515	0.0085	0.0136	0.022	0.0344	0.081	0.183	0.39	0.82	1.64	3.1
10	0.00042	0.00075	0.00134	0.0232	0.00395	0.0067	0.0111	0.0178	0.0282	0.045	0.069	0.157	0.35	0.73	1.48	2.9	5.4
12	0.00099	0.00175	0.00305	0.0052	0.008	0.0145	0.0234	0.037	0.058	0.091	0.136	0.305	0.66	1.34	2.65	5.1	9.3
14	0.0024	0.00415	0.0071	0.0118	0.0196	<mark>0.0316</mark>	0.05	0.078	0.121	0.185	0.275	0.6	1.25	2.5	4.8	9	16
16	0.0056	0.0095	0.0016	0.0265	0.0428	0.0685	0.106	0.163	0.247	0.375	0.55	1.17	2.4	4.66	8.8	16.1	28
18	0.0135	0.0225	0.037	0.06	0.095	0.148	0.228	0.345	0.515	0.77	1.11	2.3	4.55	8.6	15.7	28	48
20	0.0316	0.052	0.084	0.132	0.205	0.32	0.48	0.72	1.06	1.55	2.21	4.4	8.5	15.6	28.1	49	83
22	0.0734	0.119	0.187	0.294	0.45	0.68	1.02	1.5	2.18	3.14	4.42	8.6	16.3	29.3	52	90	146
24	0.175	0.277	0.43	0.66	1	1.49	2.17	3.14	4.5	6.4	8.9	16.9	31	54.5	94	157	253
26	0.41	0.64	0.98	1.47	2.17	3.2	4.56	6.5	9.2	12.7	17.5	32.5	58.5	100	169	276	436
28	1	1.52	2.27	3.36	4.9	7.05	9.9	13.8	19.1	26.4	35.7	64	112	188	309	493	760
30	2.4	3.57	5.23	7.6	10.6	15.1	21	28.6	39.4	53	71	124	208	340	542	845	
32	5.7	8.3	11.8	16.8	23.5	32.5	44.5	60	81	107	141	238	390	623	970		
34	13.1	18.8	26.4	36.8	50.5	68.5	92	122	161	211	273	450	720				
36	29	41	56.4	78	105.5	142	188	246	322	416	535	860					
38	63	87	117	158	210	277	360	464	598	758	955						
40	130	176	233	307	399	515	627	830									
42	253	332	430	560	709	900											
44	510	655	840														
46	940																

*Note: %HCL, weight percent; Temperature, centigrade (C°); partial pressures, mmHg.

References

- National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Steel Pickling HCI Process-Background Information for Proposed Standards Appendix E, 1997
- 2. "Emissions from Open Tanks" model for HCl pickling process developed by Mr. Neil Stone of Esco Engineering Company available on the <u>Esco Engineering</u> website
- 3. "Heat Losses from Tanks, Vats, and Kettles," Friedman, S.J., Heating and Ventilating, April 1948. p 94-107
- 4. Emissions from Hot-Dip Galvanizing Processes Final Report EPA 905/4-76-002, 1976

APPENDIX C



XXIV.	TANK SCHEDULE
- Long and a second	and the second second second second



QUOTATION NO. 17Q180B DATE

CUSTOMER THOMAS & BETTS

			IMMER	TANK	TANK														August 7, 2017	1
TANK No.	PROCESS	NO.	TIME TANK		CONSTRUC /LINING		RFLOW DRN SIZE	BTN DRN SIZE	TO	TEMP	COOLING	EXHAUS'	TAGT	FEED	MGMT	LEVEL	RATE	SUDDIV	PROCESS	TAN
1A/B	LOAD/UNLOAD	2	120	T	MILD STL	TOILL	1	1	T TNK#	(F)	EQUIP	CFM/SYS	SICFM	PMP	CNTL	TYPE	TPH	AMP/VOLT		No.
2	PRE-SOAK CLEAN	1	34	3,120	MILD STL	ET/12"	3"	3"		100						1		[LOAD/UNLOAD	1A/B
3	SOAK CLEAN	2	46	4,220	MILD STL	ET/12"	3"	3"		180	SS COIL	0		1		AUTO			PRE-SOAK CLEAN	2
4	ELECTROCLEAN	2	62	5,690	MILD STL	ET/12"	3"	3"		180	SS COIL	0		1		AUTO			SOAK CLEAN	3
5	RINSE	1	24	2,200	MS/PVC	EW/4"	3"	3"		170	SS COIL	0	-	1		AUTO		15,000/18	ELECTROCLEAN	4
6	RINSE	1	24	2,200	MS/PVC	EW/4"	3"	3"	PC5				52						RINSE	5
7A	ACID (SULFURIC)	1	24	2,200	304SS/NP	EW/6"	3"	3"	PCS				52		•				RINSE	6
7B	ACID (SULFURIC)	1	24	2,200	304SS/NP	EW/6"	3"	3"				0							ACID (SULFURIC)	7A
8	RINSE	1	24	2,200	30455/NP	EW/6"	3"	3"		[0						e venera	ACID (SULFURIC)	78
9	RINSE	1	24	2,200	304SS/NP	EW/6"	3"	3"	PC8				52						RINSE	8
10A	ALKALINE ZINC	1	40	3,670	MS/PB	ET/12"	4"	3"	FUO	110	EVT DOE		52		٥				RINSE	9
10B	ALKALINE ZINC	1	40	3,670	MS/PB	ET/12"	4"	3"		110	EXT. P&F	0		1			1.2	10,000/12	ALKALINE ZINC	10A
10C	ALKALINE ZINC	1	40	3,670	MS/PB	ET/12"	4"	3"		110	EXT. P&F	0					1.2	10,000/12	ALKALINE ZINC	10B
10D	ALKALINE ZINC	1	40	3,670	MS/PB	ET/12*	4"	3"			EXT. P&F	0		1			1.2	10,000/12	ALKALINE ZINC	100
10E	ALKALINE ZINC	1	40	3,670	MS/PB	ET/12"	4"	3"		110	EXT. P&F	0		· · ·			1.2	10,000/12	ALKALINE ZINC	10D
10F	ALKALINE ZINC	1	40	3,670		ET/12"	4"	3"		110	EXT. P&F	0						10,000/12	ALKALINE ZINC	10E
10G	ALKALINE ZINC	1	40	3,670	MS/PB	ET/12"	4"	3"		<u>110</u> 110	EXT. P&F	0		1			0.8	10,000/12	ALKALINE ZINC	10E
11	RINSE	1	24	2,200	MS/PVC	EW/4"	3"	3"		110	EXT. P&F	0						10,000/12	ALKALINE ZINC	10G
12	HIGH BAY RINSE	1	24	2,200	MS/PVC	EW/4"	3"		PC11				52						RINSE	11
13	SOUR DIP	1	24	2,200	316SS			3"	FUIT				52		0				HIGH BAY RINSE	12
14A	BLUE BRIGHT	1	24	2,200	316SS			3"		85	00.00		52						SOUR DIP	13
15A	RINSE	1	24	2,200	MS/PVC	EW/4"	3"	3"		85	SS COIL		52	2					BLUE BRIGHT	14A
16A	WARM RINSE	1	24	2,200	MS/PVC	EW/4"	3"		PC15A	100			52			-			RINSE	15A
14B Y	ELLOW CHROMATE	1	24	2,200	316SS			3"	CIDA		SS COIL		52		0				WARM RINSE	16A
15B .	RINSE	1	24	2,200	the second se	EW/4"	3"	3"		110	SS COIL		52	2			-		YELLOW CHROMATE	14B
16B	WARM RINSE	1	24	2,200		EW/4"	3"		C15B	100	00.00		52						RINSE	15B
17	DRYER	2	the state of the s	4,680	ALUM STL			2"	-C 15B	100	SS COIL		52		•				WARM RINSE	16B
	TANK WIDTH	312	TANK	DEPTH				4		l									DRYER	17

TANK WIDTH 312

TANK DEPTH 72

MS = MILD STEEL SS = STAINLESS STEEL PVC = POLYVINYL CHLORIDE HTR = HIGH TEMP RUBBER TI = TITANIUM PB = POLYPRO BUMPER

NP = NEOPRENE DRN = DRAIN DOT = DIRECTION OF TRAVEL CFM = CUBIC FEET/ MINUTE GPM = GALLONS/ MINUTE AGT = AGITATION

FLTR = FILTER LVL = LEVEL CONTROL COND = CONDUCTIVITY CONTROL pH = pH CONTROL TPH = TURNOVERS/ HOUR

C'FLW = COUNTERFLOW

BC = BAFFLE COUNTERFLOW PC = PIPED COUNTERFLOW

M = PUMP COUNTERFLOW

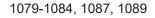
W = SIDE WEIR OVERFLOW

EW = END WEIR OVERFLOW

T = SIDE TRAP OVERFLOW

APPENDIX D

Distributed by THE DYCHO COMPANY, INC.





SAFETY DATA SHEET

OLIN CORPORATION

Product name: Hydrochloric acid, < 37%

Issue Date: 03/15/2017 Print Date: 03/21/2017

OLIN CORPORATION encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Hydrochloric acid, < 37%

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Identified uses: For industrial formulation as a food processing agent. Pharmaceuticals. Organic Chemical Synthesis Oil and gas extraction.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

OLIN CORPORATION 190 CARONDELET PLAZA CLAYTON MO 63105 UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number:

+1 844-238-3445 INFO@OLINBC.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER Local Emergency Contact: 1 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

This material is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200. Corrosive to metals - Category 1 Skin corrosion - Category 1B Serious eye damage - Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3

Label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word: DANGER!

Hazards

May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Keep only in original container. Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture. Component	CASRN	Concentration
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	>= 20.0 - <= 36.5 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

Skin contact: Immediate continued and thorough washing in flowing water for at least 30 minutes is imperative while removing contaminated clothing. Prompt medical consultation is essential. Wash clothing before reuse. Properly dispose of leather items such as shoes, belts, and watchbands. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

Eye contact: - Wash eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes at least. Do not forget to remove contact lenses. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Give one cup (8 ounces or 240 ml) of water or milk if available and transport to a medical facility. Do not give anything by mouth unless the person is fully conscious.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. Material may cause severe pulmonary edema. For persons receiving significant exposure to this material, consider chest x-ray and keep under observation for 48 - 72 hr. for delayed onset of pulmonary edema. Humidified oxygen, intermittent positive pressure breathing, assisted respiration/CPAP and steroid therapy should be considered in treatment. Physical exertion may potentiate exposure effects during the first 24 - 72 hours. Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. Repeated exposure to acid fumes or mists may be associated with bleeding, ulceration of nose, mouth and gums and erosion of dental enamel. Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if lavage is done. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: This material does not burn. If exposed to fire from another source, use suitable extinguishing agent for that fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Fire conditions may cause this product to decompose. Refer to section 10 - Thermal Decomposition.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Product reacts with water. Reaction may produce heat and/or gases. This reaction may be violent.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Water is not recommended, but may be applied in large quantities as a fine spray when other extinguishing agents are not available. This material does not burn. Fight fire for other material that is burning. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Evacuate area. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. See Section 10 for more specific information. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Small spills: Dilute with large quantities of water. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contain spilled material if possible. Attempt to neutralize by adding materials such as Limestone. Lime. Soda ash. Pump into suitable and properly labeled containers. Contact your supplier for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not swallow. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in the following material(s): Plastic. Polyethylene-lined container. Natural rubber. See Section 10 for more specific information. Store away from incompatible materials. See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY section. Additional storage and handling information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact. Ask for a product brochure.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
Hydrochloric acid	ACGIH	С	2 ppm
-	OSHA Z-1	С	7 mg/m3 5 ppm
	CAL PEL	PEL	0.45 mg/m3 0.3 ppm
	CAL PEL	С	2 ppm
	OSHA P0	С	7 mg/m3 5 ppm

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Polyethylene. Neoprene. Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Viton. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Avoid gloves made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Acid gas cartridge with particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state Color Odor Odor Threshold pH Liquid. White to yellow acidic No test data available < 2 *Literature*

Melting point/range Freezing point Boiling point (760 mmHg) Flash point Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	-27 - 57.22 °C (-17 - 135.00 °F) -27 - 57.22 °C (-17 - 135.00 °F) 53 - 107.78 °C (127 - 226.00 °F) <i>Not applicable</i> None No test data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Lower explosion limit	Literature Not applicable
Upper explosion limit	Literature Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	11 Literature
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.01 - 1.186 at 20 °C (68 °F) Literature
Water solubility	Miscible in water
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	log Pow: -2.65
Auto-ignition temperature	Literature Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	No test data available No test data available
Kinematic Viscosity	2 m2/s Calculated.
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Liquid Density	71.6 - 72.6 lb/ft3 at 20 °C (68 °F) Estimated.
Molecular weight	36.46 g/mol
Percent volatility	>= 99 % Literature

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

Incompatible materials: Heat is generated when mixed with water. Spattering and boiling can occur. Avoid contact with strong bases. Avoid contact with: Sulfuric acid. Amines. Bases. Carbonates. Oxidizers. Corrosive to some metals. Contact with common metals can generate flammable hydrogen gas.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen chloride.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation or ulceration. Swallowing may result in burns of the mouth and throat.

Oral LD50 has not been determined due to corrosivity.

Acute dermal toxicity

Absorption has not been determined due to corrosivity. The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Acute inhalation toxicity

Brief exposure (minutes) to easily attainable concentrations may cause adverse effects. Mist may cause severe irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. Vapor may cause severe irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. May cause severe pulmonary edema (fluid in the lungs). Excessive exposure may cause lung injury.

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 1.03 mg/l

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause severe skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur. Vapor may cause lacrimation (tears).

Sensitization

For skin sensitization: No relevant information found.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant information found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

May cause respiratory irritation. Route of Exposure: Inhalation Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Repeated excessive exposure may cause erosion of teeth and bleeding and ulceration of nose, mouth and gums.

Carcinogenicity

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals. An epidemiology study of workers did not show any association between hydrogen chloride exposure and lung cancer.

Teratogenicity

No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity No relevant data found.

Mutagenicity

No relevant data found.

Aspiration Hazard

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

Hydrochloric acid

Acute oral toxicity

Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation or ulceration. Swallowing may result in burns of the mouth and throat.

Oral LD50 has not been determined due to corrosivity.

Acute dermal toxicity

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish May decrease pH of aquatic systems to < pH 5 which may be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable. No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high water solubility. **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -2.65

Mobility in soil

No data available for assessment due to technical difficulties with testing.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and

compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Recycler. Reclaimer. Waste water treatment system.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper shipping name	Hydrochloric acid
UN number	UN 1789
Class	8
Packing group	11
Reportable Quantity	Hydrochloric acid

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Proper shipping name	HYDROCHLORIC ACID
UN number	UN 1789
Class	8
Packing group	II
Marine pollutant	No
Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk
Classification for AIR transport (IA	TA/ICAO):

//
Hydrochloric acid
UN 1789
8
II

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312 Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This product contains the following substances which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and which are listed in 40 CFR 372.

Components Hydrochloric acid **CASRN** 7647-01-0

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103 Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

Components	5	CASRN	RQ (RCRA Code)
Hydrochloric acid		7647-01-0	5000 lbs RQ

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act: The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

Components	CASRN
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)

This product is not listed, but it may contain elements known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity as listed under Proposition 65 Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act. For additional information, contact Olin.

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating System

NFPA

Health	Fire	Reactivity
3	0	0

Revision

Identification Number: 10000001219 / A619 / Issue Date: 03/15/2017 / Version: 1.1 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

AČGIH	USA. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
С	Ceiling limit
CAL PEL	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
OSHA P0	USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000

OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
PEL	Permissible exposure limit

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

OLIN CORPORATION urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDS obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

Metalline Corporation – AMBIENOL® C

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

(In accordance with HazCom 201/United States)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: AMBIENOL® C	MANUFACTURER IDENTITY CODE: MEAMBC
WEBSITE: www.metallinechemicals.com	CUSTOMER SERVICE PHONE NUMBERS: (262) 241-3200 (8:00 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. Central Time)
MANUFACTURER NAME AND ADDRESS: Metalline Corporation 10620 North Port Washington Road Mequon WI 53092	24 HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300
OTHER MEANS OF IDENTIFICATION: Not Available	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against: Not Available

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS Status:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Classification of substance or mixture: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	
GHS label elements hazard pictograms:	
Signal word:	Warning
Hazard Statements:	Causes severe eye irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Prevention:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contamin before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact be and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical		
Storage:	Not applicable.	
Disposal:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Hazards not otherwise classified:	None known	
Substance/mixture	Mixture	
Other means of identification:	Not available	

Rev: 1

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous ingredients*	Weight %	CAS#	
Proprietary	Proprietary	Proprietary	
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1-5	112-34-5	
Butane-1,4-diol	1 - 5	110-63-4	
Trade Secret ingredients	balance		

*all ingredients in quantities > 1.0% (0.1% for carcinogens) that are potentially hazardous per OSHA definitions NE = not established NA = not applicable NDA = no data available. There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

DESCRIPTION OF NECESSARY FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and
	lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at
	least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide
	artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the
	person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in
	recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway,
	Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with
	water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes.
	Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion:	Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person
	is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person
	feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to
	do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that
	vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious
	person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED

I. Potential Acute Health Effects

Eye contact:	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion:	Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach.	

II. Over-exposure symptoms/signs

Eye contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or iritation, watering, redness	
Inhalation:	No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Skin contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness	
Ingestion:	No known significant effects or critical hazards	

III. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary.

Notes to physician:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 4 hours.	
Specific treatment:	No specific treatment	
Protection to first responders:	It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical:	No specific or fire explosion hazard.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, metal oxide/oxides.		
Special protective actions for firefighters:	No special measures are required.		
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters:Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-con- breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive mode.			

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

For non-emergency personnel:	Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage:

METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

Spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from
•	upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas.
	Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and
	collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth,
	vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to
	local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with
	sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a
	licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the
	same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact
	information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Protective measures:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be
	hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

CONTROL PARAMETERS

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

Ingredient name*	Exposure limits
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	ACGIH TEV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours: Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor

*all ingredients in quantities > 1.0 % (0.1 % for carcinogens) that are potentially hazardous per OSHA definitions (skin) - indicates harmful amounts may be absorbed through the skin

** Some States enforce the PEL's that OSHA promulgated in 1989, which were subsequently vacated by the U.S. Supreme Court. Check with your State OSHA agency to determine which PEL is enforced in your jurisdiction. NE = not established NA = not applicable NDA = no data available.

Appropriate engineering controls:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION MEASURES

Hygiene measures:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

SKIN PROTECTION

Hand protection:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should
	be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates
	this is necessary
Body protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task
	being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist
	before handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be
	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
	approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respirator protection:	Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved
	standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must
	be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and
	the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PARAMETERS

Physical state: Liquid	Flammable limits: UEL NA LEL: NA	
Color: Red (Amber)	Vapor Pressure: <2.7 kPa (<20 mm Hg) ambient	
Odor: Mint	Vapor density (air=1): NA	
Odor Threashold: NA	Relative Density: > 1 to 1.2	
рН: 7-8	Solubility: Soluble	
Melting Point: NA	Solubility in water: NA	
Boiling Point: >212°F (100°C)	Partition / coefficient n-octanol/water: NA	
Flash Point: NA	Auto ignition temperature: NA	
Burning time: NA	Decomposition temperature: NA	
Burning rate: NA	SADT: NA	
Evaporation rate (n-butyl acetate=1): 1 (Water = 1)	Viscosity: NA	
Flammability (solid, gas): NA		

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability:	This product is stable. (standard temperature and pressure)
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	No specific data.
Incompatible materials:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: strong oxidizers, mercury salts, alkalis, halides
Hazardous decomposition products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY

Product/Ingredient Name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Proprietary	LD50 Oral	Rat	11 g/kg	-
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD 50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
Butane-1,4-diol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1525 mg/kg	-

IRRITATION/CORROSION

Product/Ingredient Name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Proprietary	Eyes Moderate Irritant Skin Mild Irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg 24 hours 500 mg	-
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes Moderate Irritant Eyes Severe Irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	- 	24 hours 20 mg 20 mg	-

SENSITIZATION

Skin:	There is no data available
Respiratory:	There is no data available

Mutagenicity:	There is no data available

CARCINOGENICITY

CLASSIFICATION

Product/Ingredient Name	OSHA	IARC	ACGIH	NTP

Reproductivity toxicity:	There is no data available	
Teratogenicity:	There is no data available	
Specific target organ toxicity (single	There is no data available	

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of Exposure	Target organs
Butane-1,4-diol	Category 3	Not applicable	Narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard:	There is no data available

EXPOSURE

repeated exposure):

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Routes of entry anticipated:	Dermal contact, Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion	į.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

POTENTIAL ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye contact:	Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation:	No significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact:	May cause an allergic reaction.	
Ingestion:	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	

SYSTEMS RELATED TO THE PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL AND TOXICOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Eye contact:	Adverse symptonis may include the following: pain or iritation, watering, redness
Inhalation:	No known significant effects or critical hazards
Skin contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
Ingestion:	No known significant effects or critical hazards
•••	

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AND ALSO CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG TERM EXPOSURE

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE

Potential immediate effects:	No significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects:	No significant effects or critical hazards.

LONG TERM EXPOSURE

Potential immediate effects:	No significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects:	No significant effects or critical hazards.

POTENTIAL CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS

General:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.				
Carcinogenicity:	No significant effects or critical hazards.				
Mutagenicity:	No significant effects or critical hazards.				
Teratogenicyity:	No significant effects or critical hazards.				
Development effects:	No significant effects or critical hazards.				
Fertility effects:	No significant effects or critical hazards.				

NUMERICAL MEASURES OF TOXICITY

ACUTE TOXICITY ESTIMATES

Route	ATE value
Oral	35012.8 mg/kg
Dermal	67500 mg/kg

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY

Product/Ingredient Name	Result	Species	Exposure
Proprietary	Acute LC50 8665000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	Físh - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability:	There is no data available

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

Product/Ingredient Name	LogP	BCF	Potential
Proprietary	-2.61	<5.	low
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	low
Butane-1,4-diol	-0.88	-	low

MOBILITY IN SOIL

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc):	There is no data available
Other adverse effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
	Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any
	regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable
	products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of
	untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all
	authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or
	landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and
	its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when
	handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty
	containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled
	material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

	DOT CLASSIFICATION	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name			
Transportation hazard class(es)			
Packing group			
Environmental hazards	No	No	No
Additional information			

Special precautions for user:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident of spillage.
Transport in bulk according to annex II of Marpol 73/78 and the IBC code:	Not available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. federal regulations:	TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Proprietary TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Proprietary TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Proprietary United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
Clean air act section 112 (b) hazardous air pollutants (HAPs):	Listed.
Clean air act section 602 class 1 substances:	Not listed.
Clean air act section 602 class II substances:	Not listed.
DEA list 1 chemicals (precursor chemicals):	Not listed.
DEA list II chemicals (essential chemicals):	Not listed.

SARA 302/304

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Product/Ingredient Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ (lbs)	SARA 302 TPQ (gal)	SARA 304 TPQ (lbs)	SARA 304 TPQ (gal)
SARA 304 RQ:		· · · · ·	Not applicable			•

SARA 311/312

Classification:

Immediate (acute) health hazard

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Product/Ingredient Name	9%	Fire Hazard	Sudden Release of Pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Proprietary		No	No	No	Yes	No
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1-5	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Butane-1,4-diol	1-5	No	No	No	Yes	No

SARA 313

	Product Name	CAS Number	%
Form R - reporting requirements:	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	1-5
Supplier notifications:	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

STATE REGULATIONS

Massachusetts:	None of the components are listed	
New York:	None of the components are listed	
New Jersey:	The following components are listed: 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	
Pennsylvania:	The following components are listed; 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	

CALIFORNIA PROP. 65

WARNING: This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer

Ingredient Name	Cancer	Reproductive	No Significant Risk Level	Maximum Acceptable Dosage Level

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Date of issue:	6/2015		
Version:]		
Revised section(s):	Not Applicable		
Key to abbreviations:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate		
-	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor		
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemical		
	IATA = International Air Transport Association		
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container		
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods		
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient		
	MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From-		
	Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)		
	UN = United Nations		

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.