ERM

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March 28, 2022

Mr. Tim Jennette Division of Water Resources Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation 711 R.S. Gass Boulevard Nashville, TN 37216 Via email: <u>Tim.Jennette@tn.gov</u>

Subject: *Hydrologic Determination Report* for the Portland EPSC Project located in Sumner County, Tennessee (ERM No. 0615339)

Dear Mr. Jennette,

I, Michael Tincher (TN-QHP 1197-TN20), submit this report regarding a wet weather conveyance determination to the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation as a Qualified Hydrologic Professional (QHP) seeking to qualify for treatment provided in §69-3-108(r).

Environmental Resources Management, Inc. (ERM), on behalf of ABB Installation Products, Inc. (ABB) submits this Hydrologic Determination Report as a part of the due diligence activities associated with the proposed expansion of an existing industrial development on an approximately 28.6-acre property (Site) located in Sumner County, Tennessee, herein referred to as the proposed Portland EPSC Project.

ERM conducted a wetland and stream delineation and hydrologic determination on March 22, 2022. One perennial stream, two intermittent streams, two wet weather conveyances (stormwater ditches), and four palustrine forested (PFO) wetlands were identified within the Site. No previous assessments of hydrologic features are known to have occurred on site.

- Perennial Stream 1: Perennial Stream 1 is an unnamed tributary to Summers Branch that enters the Site at approximately 36.60117, -86.52694 and leaves the Site at 36.60253, -86.53174. Perennial Stream 1 flows for approximately 1,693 linear feet within the Site. The segment of stream observed during the field survey is located parallel to the northern boundary of the Site. This portion of the Perennial Stream 1 channel also appears to have been altered in the past. Perennial Stream 1 had a hydrological determination score of 33.
- Intermittent Stream 1: Intermittent Stream 1 originates on-Site on the down-gradient side of the main drive to the facility before the stream's hydrology fans out into Wetland 1 starting at approximately 36.60058, -86.53082. Intermittent Stream 1 flows for approximately 442 linear feet within the Site. The upstream portion of this stream appears to have been channelized or straightened during the development of the existing facility and now exhibits significant amounts of bank failure and erosion. Intermittent Stream 1 regains stream characteristics within Wetland 1 before draining into Perennial Stream 1 at approximately 36.60252, -86.53087. Intermittent Stream 1 had a hydrological determination score of 24.
- Intermittent Stream 2: Intermittent Stream 2 is an unnamed tributary to Summers Branch that enters the Site at approximately 36.60239, -86.52746 and flows southwest into Perennial Stream 1 at 36.60232, -86.52754. Intermittent Stream 2 flows for approximately 38 linear feet and appears to have been channelized and is culverted under the railroad system that borders the eastern boundary of the Site. Intermittent Stream 2 has a hydrological determination score of 20.5.

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- Stormwater Ditch 1: Stormwater Ditch 1 is an ephemeral, concrete lined drainage ditch in the southwestern corner of the building and parcel boundary that flows northwest into Intermittent Stream 1. Stormwater Ditch 1 begins at approximately 36.60002, -86.52985 and ends at 36.60052, -86.53070. Stormwater Ditch 1 flows for approximately 310 linear feet within the Site. The drainage ditch services any stormwater overflow from the parking area and the entrance to the ABB facility. Based on topographic mapping, Stormwater Ditch 1 appears to be placed along a convex slope, indicating flow would not naturally occur here without the existing facility having designed a stormwater ditch. Stormwater Ditch 1 has a hydrological determination score of 9.5 and, therefore, is considered a wet weather conveyance/upland drainage feature.
- Stormwater Ditch 2: Stormwater Ditch 2 is an ephemeral, heavily eroded drainage ditch that begins in the southern corner of the building at approximately 36.60013, -86.52902 and flows northeast and ends at approximately 36.60135, -86.52792. Stormwater Ditch 2 flows for approximately 603 linear feet within the Site. The drainage ditch services any stormwater overflow at the ABB facility. The ditch is isolated and is separated from Wetland 2 by an upland area. Based on topographic mapping, Stormwater Ditch 2 appears to be placed along a convex slope, indicating flow would not naturally occur here without the existing facility having designed a stormwater ditch. Stormwater Ditch 2 has a hydrological determination score of 9.5 and, therefore, is considered a wet weather conveyance/upland drainage feature.
- Wetland 1: Wetland 1 is a bottomland hardwood floodplain area exhibiting crayfish burrows, oxidized rhizospheres, and depleted matrix hydric soils. Dominant overstory vegetation within the wetland area consists of red maple (Acer rubrum, FAC), slippery elm (Ulmus rubra, FAC), black willow (Salix nigra, OBL), and sweetgum (Liquidambar styraciflua, FAC). Vegetative composition within the sapling and herb strata lacks any dominant components. Dominant woody vine species within the wetland area include poison ivy (Toxicodendron radicans, FAC). Wetland 1 meets all three criteria of a wetland.
- Wetland 2: Wetland 2 is a depression area along the bermed railway that, at the time of the field survey, exhibited surface water and saturation at the surface, as well as oxidized rhizospheres on living roots. Dominant vegetation within Wetland 2 consists of a canopy comprised of sweetgum and green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica, FACW), and an herb layer comprised of Japanese stilt-grass (Microstegium vimineum, FAC). The soils within Wetland 2 exhibit characteristics that meet the criteria of the depleted matrix hydric soil indicator. Wetland 2 meets all three criteria of a wetland.
- Wetland 3: Wetland 3 is a bottomland hardwood floodplain area that exhibits oxidized rhizospheres on living roots, a high water table, and saturation at the surface. Dominant vegetation within Wetland 3 consists of pin oak (Quercus palustris, FACW) and curly dock (Rumex crispus, FAC). The soils within Wetland 3 exhibit characteristics that meet the criteria of the depleted matrix hydric soil indicator. Wetland 3 meets all three criteria of a wetland.
- Wetland 4: Wetland 4 is a bottomland hardwood floodplain area, exhibiting oxidized rhizospheres on living roots. Dominant vegetation consists of American sycamore (Platanus occidentalis, FACW). The soils within Wetland 4 exhibit characteristics that meet the criteria of the depleted matrix hydric soil indicator. Wetland 4 meets all three criteria of a wetland.

ERM

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The current property owner is: ABB Installation Products, Inc. 200 Challenger Drive Portland, TN 37148 615-323-3231

The person requesting the hydrologic determination is:

Keith Lang and Jacob Wade ABB Installation Products, Inc. 200 Challenger Drive Portland, TN 37148 615-323-3231

Please see the attached supporting data for additional site details. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions or require additional information.

This report is being submitted to the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation by a Qualified Hydrologic Professional. All submitted information is true, accurate, and complete.

Sincerely,

Michael Tinche Michael Tincher, PWS

Michael Tincher, PWS TN-QHP 1197-TN20 (expiration date 2023-12-31) Senior Consultant (612) 337-3369 <u>Michael Tincher@erm.com</u> ATTACHMENT A – WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT





Wetland Delineation Report

Portland EPSC Project

March 2022 Project No.: 0615339



Document details	The details entered below are automatically shown on the cover and the main page footer. PLEASE NOTE: This table must NOT be removed from this document.
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Client Name	ABB Installation Products, Inc.

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Draft	02	Jennifer Parsons	Michael Tincher		03.24.2022	

Signature Page

March 2022

Wetland Delineation Report

Portland EPSC Project

Michael

Michael Tincher, PWS, QHP Senior Consultant/Scientist, ERM

Environmental Resources Management, Inc. 300 W. Summit Ave, Suite 330 Charlotte, NC 28203

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Acronyms and Abbreviations

Name	Description
ABB	ABB Installation Products, Inc.
ERM	Environmental Resources Management
FAC	facultative
FACU	facultative upland
FACW	facultative wetland
NHD	National Hydrography Dataset
NRCS	Natural Resources Conservation Service
NWI	National Wetlands Inventory
OBL	obligate
PEM	Palustrine emergent
PFO	Palustrine forested
Project	Portland EPSC Project
PSS	Palustrine scrub-shrub
Site	entirety of the ABB parcel
TDEC	Tennessee Department of Environment & Conservation
UPL	upland
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
WOTUS	Waters of the United States

1. INTRODUCTION

ABB Installation Products, Inc. (ABB) proposes the Portland EPSC Project (Project) to perform maintenance to the on-Site stormwater ditches due to erosion and sediment control concerns, as well as to prepare for possible expansion of their facility. Environmental Resources Management (ERM) delineated the entirety of the ABB parcel (Site) in Portland, Sumner County, Tennessee (Figure 1). The Site is located at 200 Challenger Drive in Portland, Tennessee. The delineation was completed to determine if wetland or waterbody features were present within the Site.

2. METHODOLOGY

The wetland and waterbody delineation was conducted using methods outlined in the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) 1987 Wetlands Delineation Manual (USACE 1987), along with the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Eastern Mountains and Piedmont (Version 2.0) (USACE 2012). Wetland boundaries within the Site were delineated using the determination method described in the USACE Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Regional Supplement, accompanied by the National Wetland Plant List: 2018 (USACE 2018), Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, Version 8.2 (Natural Resources Conservation Service 2018), and the Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States (Cowardin et al. 1979) to classify wetlands. Wetlands are generally classified by the Cowardin system, which categorizes palustrine wetlands according to the relative coverage of vegetative strata apparent in the wetland (Cowardin et al. 1979). Below is a description of the three wetland classifications:

- Palustrine emergent (PEM): These wetlands are characterized by erect, rooted, herbaceous hydrophytes, excluding mosses and lichens, that provide at least 30 percent areal cover;
- Palustrine scrub-shrub (PSS): These wetlands are dominated by woody vegetation less than 15 feet tall that provides at least 30 percent areal coverage; and
- Palustrine forested (PFO): These wetlands are dominated by woody vegetation 15 feet tall or taller with trunk diameter at breast height of three or more inches providing at least 30 percent areal coverage.

In Tennessee, the agencies with regulatory jurisdiction over wetland and waterbody resources are the USACE Nashville District and the Tennessee Department of Environment & Conservation (TDEC).

In determining wetlands, sample points are taken in representative upland and wetland locations to document the change in vegetation, soils, and hydrology across the wetland boundaries recorded. Methods for wetland delineations require evaluation of the three parameters (hydric soils, hydrophytic vegetation, and wetland hydrology), which must be present in order to determine the presence of a wetland, unless the Site being evaluated is characterized as a problem area or having an atypical situation present.

Hydric soils form under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part of the soil horizon (NRCS, 2018). ERM identified hydric soils by using field indicators of saturated soil conditions defined in the *Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, Version 8.2* (NRCS, 2018). Soil color was determined by comparing soil samples with *Munsell Soil Color Charts: with Genuine Munsell Color Chips* which identify the hue, value, and chroma of samples (Munsell Color, 2010). Soils pits were excavated to an approximate depth of 12 to 20 inches, or as deep as necessary, to determine presence or absence of hydric soils. Soil characteristics were observed (soil matrix/mottle colors, texture, etc.) and were recorded to document soil profile descriptions ultimately used to determine presence or absence of hydric soils.

Hydrophytic vegetation is defined as the sum total of macrophytic plant life that occurs in areas where the frequency and duration of inundation or soil saturation produce permanently or periodically saturated soils of sufficient duration to exert a controlling influence on the species present (USACE, 1987). As described in the *Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Regional Supplement*, the current wetland plant list should be used when making a wetland determination and evaluating whether the hydrophytic vegetation criterion is satisfied. Therefore, ERM compared the plants identified at each data collection point with the *National Wetland Plant List: 2018* (USACE, 2018). The definitions for upland (UPL), facultative (FAC), facultative upland (FACU), facultative wetland (FACW), and obligate (OBL) wetland plant species are further described in the *National Wetland Plant List: 2018* (USACE, 2018). In the area immediately surrounding each soil pit,

the dominant plant species within the vegetative strata were documented by using visual estimation of percent cover.

Wetland hydrology is typically present in areas that are inundated or have soils that are saturated to the surface for sufficient duration during the growing season to develop hydric soils and support vegetation typically adapted for life in periodically anaerobic soil conditions (USACE, 1987). Hydrologic characteristics indicative of a wetland is where the presence of water has an overriding influence on characteristics of vegetation and soils due to anaerobic and reducing conditions, respectively. Hydrology indicators, both primary (e.g., presence or absence of inundation, saturated soils, watermarks, etc.) and secondary (e.g., surface soil cracks, drainage patterns, stunted or stressed plants, etc.) were evaluated at each sample point. Spatial data were recorded utilizing a Trimble Geo 7X GNSS Surveyor unit capable of sub-meter accuracy. The photos are included in Appendix A. ERM used the pre-2015 regulatory regime definition of the waters of the United States (WOTUS), which is consistent with the updated guidance from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA, 2021). The USACE is the regulatory body that can validate if a water feature has connectivity.

Hydrologic determinations were conducted on linear hydrologic features to classify as a stream or wet weather conveyance following TDEC's *Guidance for Making Hydrologic Determinations* (TDEC, 2020). A Hydrologic Determination Datasheet was completed for each linear hydrologic feature and are included in Appendix B.

A walkthrough of the Site was conducted to determine the locations of any wetlands or waterbodies. Observation data points and photos were taken inside and outside of any identified features. The delineated features were mapped during the survey (Figure 1).

3. EXISTING DATA AND GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

Prior to conducting the field survey, ERM's wetland field staff reviewed publically available online databases, including mapped soils within the NRCS database, waterbody features and topographic landscape features using the U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute quadrangle maps (Figure 2), National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) and the National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) (Figure 3). Soil map units identified within the Site included Guthrie silt loam and Bewleyville silty clay loam. Of these two soil types, Guthrie silt loam is considered hydric. The NHD and NWI data identified one mapped stream and associated riverine wetland located in the northwestern corner of the Site.

The Site consists of an existing and active commercial/industrial facility and attendant features, including a railway and parking lots. The undeveloped areas in the northeastern and northwestern portions of the Site consist mainly of early to mid-successional bottomland hardwood vegetation.

4. **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

The Site was evaluated for the presence of wetlands and waterbodies on September 29, 2021. A follow up Site visit for an approved jurisdictional determination with USACE occurred on March 22, 2022. During the field investigations, four wetlands, three streams, and two stormwater ditches (Figure 4) were delineated and summarized in Table 1 below:

- Wetland 1: Wetland 1 is a bottomland hardwood floodplain area exhibiting crayfish burrows, oxidized rhizospheres, and depleted matrix hydric soils. Dominant overstory vegetation within the wetland area consists of red maple (*Acer rubrum*, FAC), slippery elm (*Ulmus rubra*, FAC), black willow (*Salix nigra*, OBL), and sweetgum (*Liquidambar styraciflua*, FAC). Vegetative composition within the sapling and herb strata lacks any dominant components. Dominant woody vine species within the wetland area include poison ivy (*Toxicodendron radicans*, FAC). Wetland 1 meets all three criteria of a wetland.
- Wetland 2: Wetland 2 is a depression area along the bermed railway spur that, at the time of the field survey, exhibited surface water and saturation at the surface, as well as oxidized rhizospheres on living roots. Dominant vegetation within Wetland 2 consists of a canopy comprised of sweetgum and green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica,* FACW), and an herb layer comprised of Japanese stilt-grass (*Microstegium vimineum,* FAC). Soils within Wetland 2 exhibit characteristics that meet the criteria of the depleted matrix hydric soil indicator. Wetland 2 meets all three criteria of a wetland.
- Wetland 3: Wetland 3 is a bottomland hardwood floodplain area that exhibits oxidized rhizospheres on living roots, a high water table, and saturation at the surface. Dominant vegetation within Wetland 3 consists of pin oak (*Quercus palustris,* FACW) and curly dock (*Rumex crispus,* FAC). Soils within Wetland 3 exhibit characteristics that meet the criteria of the depleted matrix hydric soil indicator. Wetland 3 meets all three criteria of a wetland.
- Wetland 4: Wetland 4 is a bottomland hardwood floodplain area, exhibiting oxidized rhizospheres on living roots. Dominant vegetation consists of American sycamore (*Platanus occidentalis*, FACW). Soils within Wetland 4 exhibit characteristics that meet the criteria of the depleted matrix hydric soil indicator. Wetland 4 meets all three criteria of a wetland.
- Intermittent Stream 1: Intermittent Stream 1 originates on-Site on the down-gradient side of the main drive to the facility before the stream's hydrology fans out into Wetland 1 starting at approximately 36.60058, -86.53082. The upstream portion of this stream appears to have been channelized or straightened during the development of the existing facility and now exhibits characteristics of bank failure and erosion. Intermittent Stream 1 regains natural stream characteristics within Wetland 1 before draining into Perennial Stream 1 at approximately 36.60252, -86.53087. Intermittent Stream 1 had a hydrological determination score of 24.
- Intermittent Stream 2: Intermittent Stream 2 is an unnamed tributary to Summers Branch that enters the Site at approximately 36.60239, -86.52746 and flows southwest into Perennial Stream 1 at 36.60232, -86.52754. Intermittent Stream 2 appears to have been unnaturally channelized and is culverted under the railroad system that borders the eastern boundary of the Site. Intermittent Stream 2 has a hydrological determination score of 20.5.
- Perennial Stream 1: Perennial Stream 1 is an unnamed tributary to Summers Branch that enters the Site at approximately 36.60117, -86.52694 and leaves the Site at 36.60253, -86.53174. The segment of stream observed during the field survey is located parallel to the northern boundary of the Site. This portion of the Perennial Stream 1 channel also appears to have been altered in the past. Perennial Stream 1 had a hydrological determination score of 33.
- Stormwater Ditch 1: Stormwater Ditch 1 is an ephemeral, concrete lined drainage ditch in the southwestern corner of the building and parcel boundary that flows northwest into Intermittent Stream

1. Stormwater Ditch 1 begins at approximately 36.60002, -86.52985 and ends at 36.60052, -86.53070. The drainage ditch conveys stormwater overflow from the parking area and the entrance to the ABB facility into Intermittent Stream 1. Based on topographic mapping, Stormwater Ditch 1 appears to be placed along a convex slope, indicating flow would not naturally occur here without the existing facility having designed a stormwater ditch. Stormwater Ditch 1 has a hydrological determination score of 9.5 and, therefore, is considered a wet weather conveyance/upland drainage feature.

Stormwater Ditch 2: Stormwater Ditch 2 is an ephemeral, heavily eroded drainage ditch that begins in the southern corner of the building at approximately 36.60013, -86.52902 and flows northeast and ends at 36.60135, -86.52792. The drainage ditch services any stormwater overflow at the ABB facility. The ditch is isolated and is separated from Wetland 2 by an upland area. Based on topographic mapping, Stormwater Ditch 2 appears to be placed along a convex slope, indicating flow would not naturally occur here without the existing facility having designed a stormwater ditch. Stormwater Ditch 2 has a hydrological determination score of 9.5 and, therefore, is considered a wet weather conveyance/upland drainage feature.

Feature Identificatio n/Classifica tion	Lat/Long	Length, Width, Acres	Resource Type	Receiving Water	Brief Description
Wetland 1 - PFO	36.601504°, -86.531250°	Acres: 3.36 ac.	Wetland	Unnamed tributary to Summers Branch	Bottomland hardwood wetland
Wetland 2 – PFO	36.601415°, -86.527512°	Acres: 0.59 ac.	Wetland	Unnamed tributary to Summers Branch	Shallow wetland feature associated with a bermed railway
Wetland 3 – PFO	36.602142°, -86.527904°	Acres: 0.88 ac.	Wetland	Unnamed tributary to Summers Branch	Bottomland hardwood wetland
Wetland 4 – PFO	36.602636°, -86.528426°	Acres: 1.67 ac.	Wetland	Unnamed tributary to Summers Branch	Bottomland hardwood wetland
Perennial Stream 1 - Perennial	36.602421°, -86.529203°	Length: 1,693 ft. Acres: 0.29	Non-Wetland	Summers Branch	Unnamed perennial tributary to Summers Branch. This stream partially forms the northern project boundary and appears to have been historically altered
Intermittent Stream 1 – Intermittent	36.600912°, -86.531148°	Length: 441.62 ft. Acres: 0.07	Non-Wetland	Unnamed tributary to Summers Branch	Channelized intermittent stream that drains into Wetland 1 before regaining stream status and draining into Perennial Stream 1
Intermittent Stream 2 – Intermittent	36.602344°, -86.527531°	Length: 38.00 ft. Acres: 0.00	Non-Wetland	Unnamed tributary to Summers Branch	Intermittent, heavily impacted by the railroad track

Table 1. Delineated Features Summary Table

Feature Identificatio n/Classifica tion	Lat/Long	Length, Width, Acres	Resource Type	Receiving Water	Brief Description
Stormwater Ditch 1 - Ephemeral	36.600266°, -86.530319°	Length: 309.6 ft. Acres: 0.03	Non-Wetland	Unnamed tributary to Summers Branch	Ephemeral, heavily eroded stormwater drainage ditch
Stormwater Ditch 2 - Ephemeral	36.600615°, -86.528533°	Length: 602.76 ft. Acres: 0.15	Non-Wetland	Unnamed tributary to Summers Branch	Ephemeral, heavily eroded stormwater drainage ditch

The wetland and waterbody datasheets are included in Appendix C and associated photos are included in Appendix A.

5. CONCLUSIONS

All of the delineated waterbody and wetland features will likely be considered jurisdictional WOTUS. The facility stormwater ditches will likely be considered non-jurisdictional. It should be noted the USACE is the regulatory authority to officially determine the jurisdiction of WOTUS. ERM recommends requesting an approved jurisdictional determination request from the USACE Nashville District.

6. STAFF

The wetland delineation on September 29, 2021, was led by John Crosby, the report was prepared by Casey Brotman and reviewed by Jaclyn Martin. The additional delineation on March 22, 2022, during the approved jurisdictional determination site visit with USACE was led by Michael Tincher. The report was prepared by Jennifer Parsons, and reviewed by Michael Tincher. Staff qualifications are located in Appendix D.

7. **REFERENCES**

Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet, E. T. LaRoe. 1979. *Classification of wetlands and deepwater habitats of the United States*. U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Washington, D.C. Jamestown, ND: Northern Prairie Wildlife Research Center. (Version 04DEC1998).

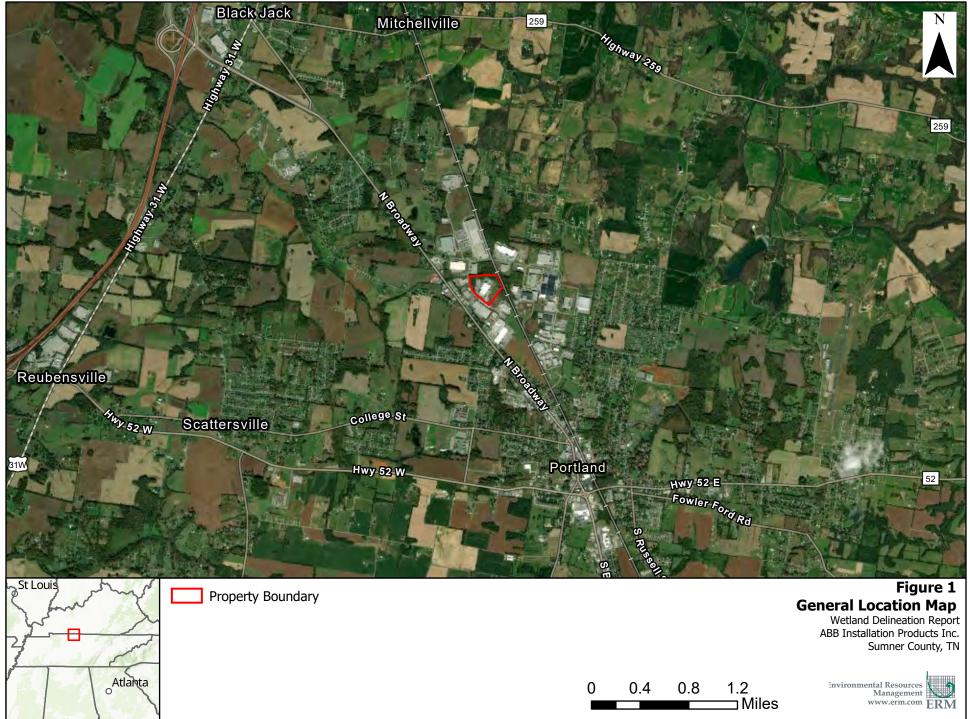
Munsell Color. 2010. Munsell Soil Color Charts: with Genuine Munsell Color Chips. Grand Rapids, MI.

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- Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC, 2020). Division of Water Resources, Guidance for Making Hydrologic Determinations, Version 1.5. Available online at <u>HD Guidance.pdf</u> (tnhdt.org). Accessed March 22, 2021.
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app.sec.usace.army.mil/nwpl_static/data/DOC/lists_2018/National/National_2018v1.pdf. Accessed October 2021.

FIGURES

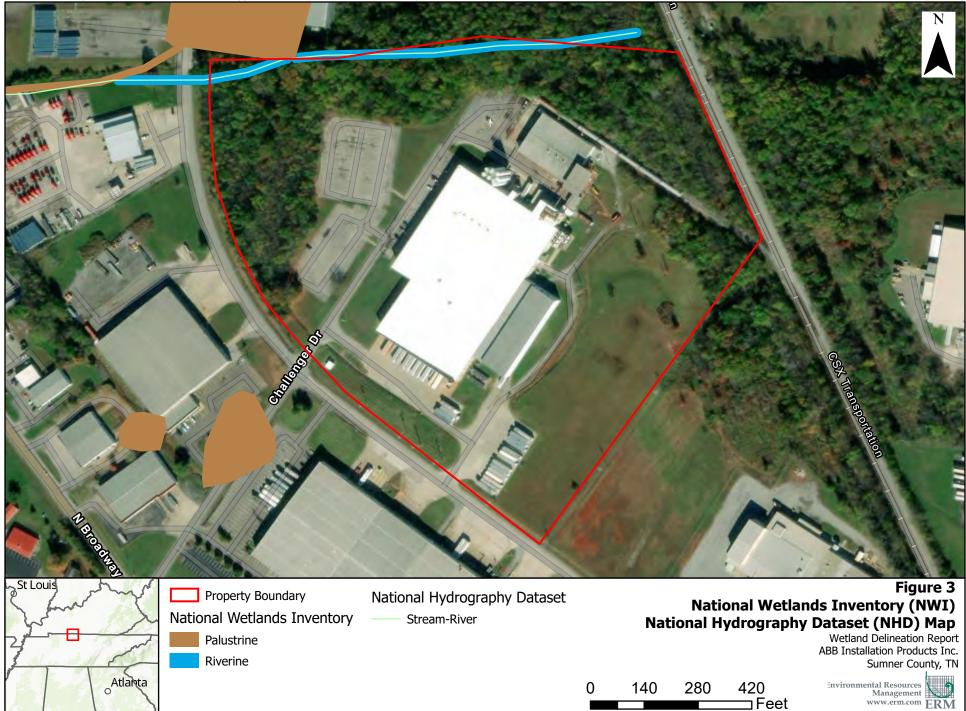
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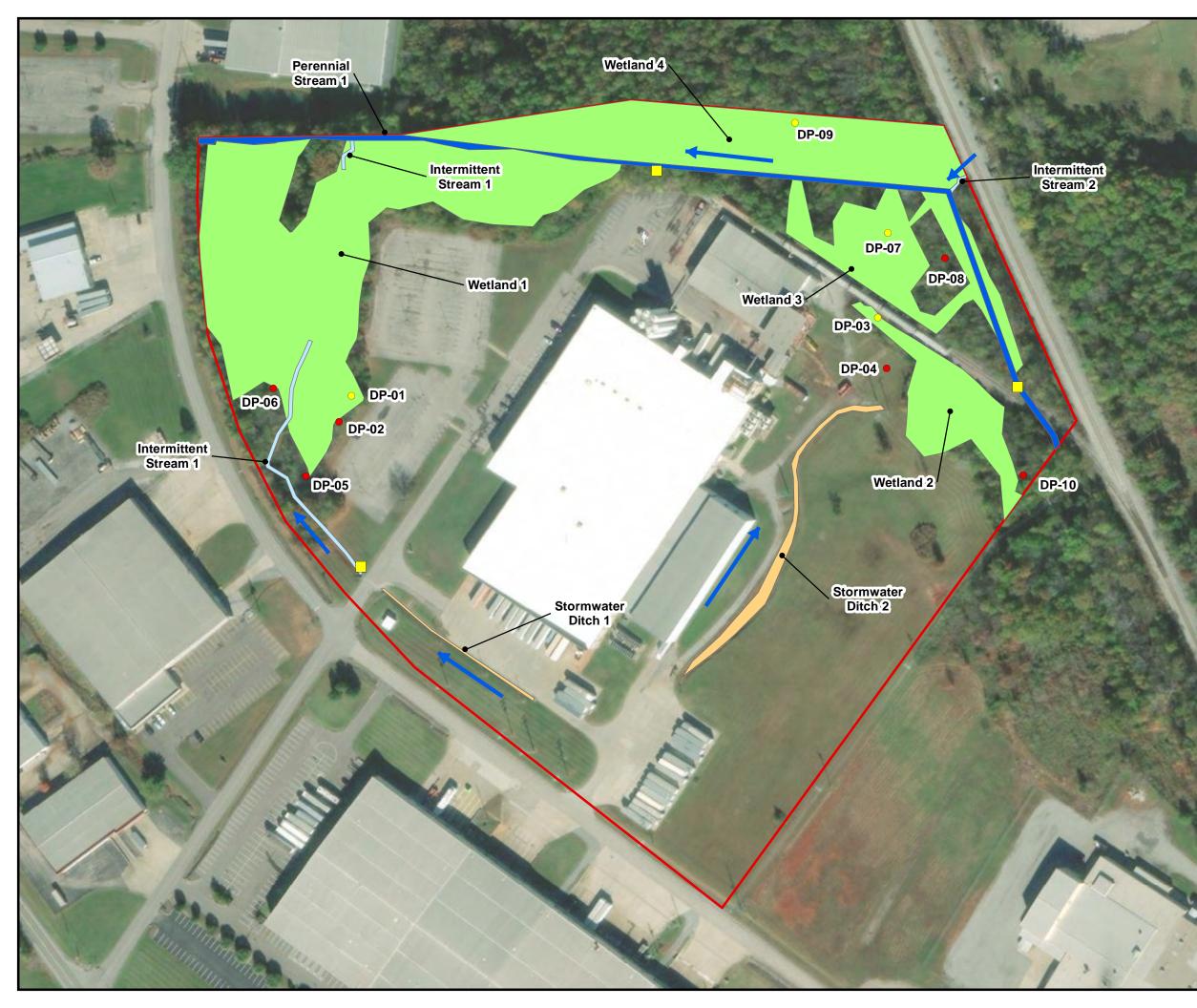
Spatial Reference



Spatial Reference



Spatial Reference





Legend

	Outfall
•	Upland
•	Wetland
	Flow Direction
	Drainage Ditch
	Ephemeral Stream
	Intermittent Stream
	Perennial Stream
	PFO Wetland
	Property Boundary

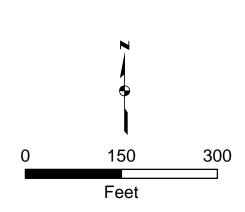
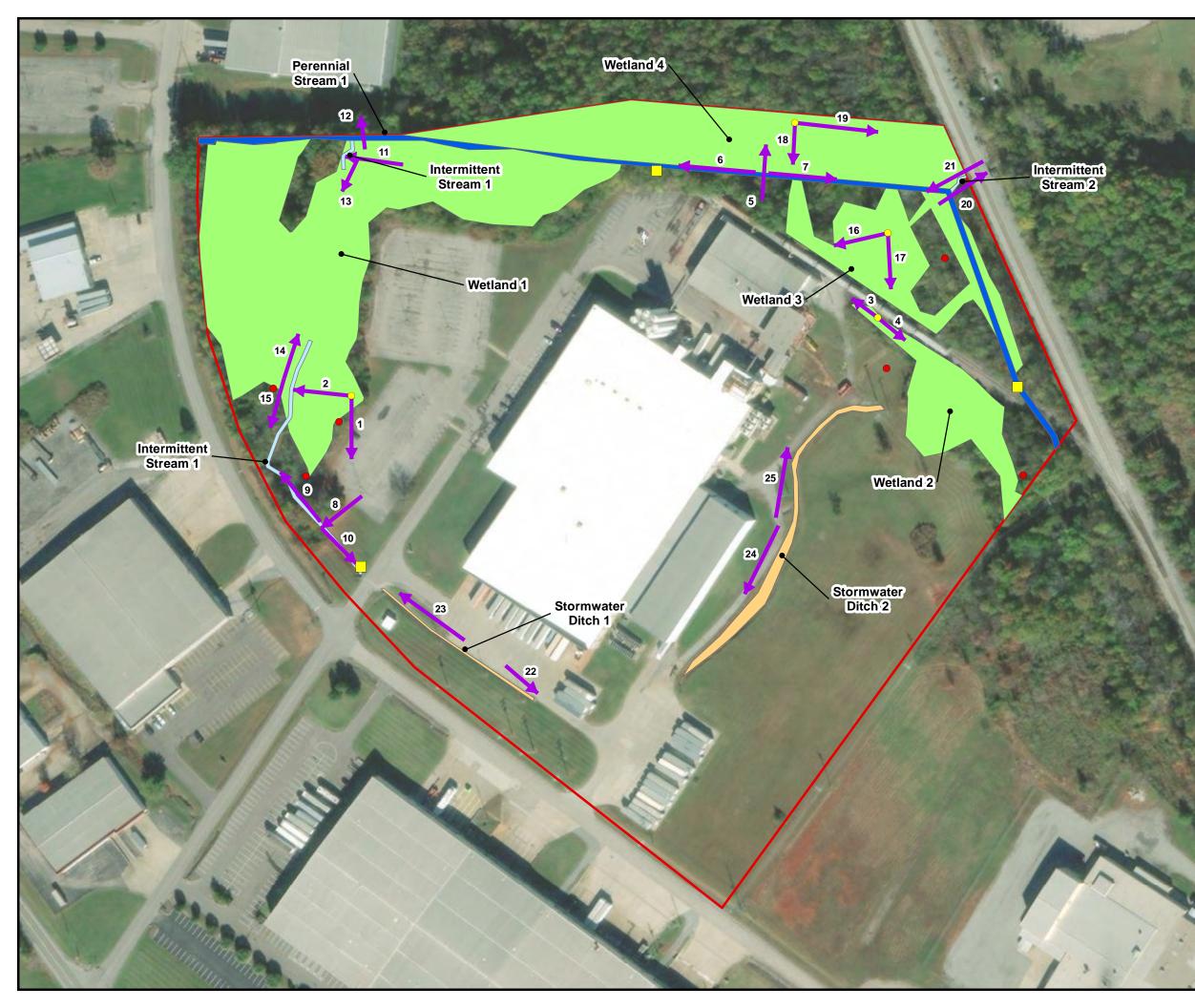


Figure 4. Wetland Delineation Map ABB Installation Products Inc. Sumner County, TN March 2022

APPENDIX A SITE PHOTOGRAPHS





Legend

-	
	Outfall
•	Upland
•	Wetland
	Photo Direction
	Drainage Ditch
	Ephemeral Stream
	Intermittent Stream
	Perennial Stream
	PFO Wetland
	Property Boundary

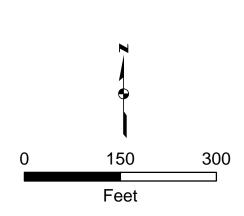


Figure 4. Wetland Delineation Map ABB Installation Products Inc. Sumner County, TN March 2022



Photograph 1. Wetland 1 approximate boundary, facing south



Photograph 2. Wetland 1 facing west





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	October 2021



Photograph 3. Wetland 2 area, facing northwest



Photograph 4. Wetland 2 area, facing southeast





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	October 2021



Photograph 5. Perennial Stream 1 cross-section



Photograph 6. Perennial Stream 1, facing downstream





|--|



Photograph 7. Perennial 1, facing upstream



Photograph 8. Upstream segment Intermittent Stream 1 crosssection





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	October 2021



Photograph 9. Upstream Segment Intermittent Stream 1, facing downstream



Photograph 10. Upstream segment Intermittent Stream 1, facing upstream culvert





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	October 2021



Photograph 11. Downstream segment Intermittent Stream 1 crosssection



Photograph 12. Downstream segment Intermittent Stream 1, facing downstream where it converges with Perennial Stream 1





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	October 2021



Photograph 13. Downstream segment of Intermittent Stream 1, facing upstream towards Wetland 1





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	October 2021



Photograph 14. Intermittent Stream 1, facing downstream



Photograph 15. Intermittent Stream 1, facing upstream





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	March 2022



Photograph 16. Wetland 3, facing west



Photograph 17. Wetland 3, facing south





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	March 2022



Photograph 18. Wetland 4, facing south



Photograph 19. Wetland 4, facing east





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	March 2022



Photograph 20. Intermittent Stream 2, facing downstream



Photograph 21. Intermittent Stream 2, facing upstream





ABB Installation Products, Inc.	March 2022



Photograph 22. Stormwater Ditch 1 facing upstream



Photograph 23. Stormwater Ditch 1 facing downstream



Portland EPSC Project



ABB Installation Products, Inc.	March 2022



Photograph 24. Stormwater Ditch 2 facing upstream



Photograph 25. Stormwater Ditch 2 facing downstream



Portland EPSC Project



ABB Installation Products, Inc.	March 2022
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APPENDIX B HYDROLOGIC DETERMINATION FORMS

Normal Weather Conditions Calculations Table

			Long-term rainfall records							
	Month	Standard Deviation	Minus One Std. Dev. (DRY)	Normal (Mean inches)	Plus One Std. Dev. (WET)	Actual Rainfall	Condition (elevated, low, average)	Condition value	Month weight value	Product of previous two columns
1 st prior										
month*	February	1.97	1.83	3.80	5.77	9.31	Elevated	3	3	9
2 nd prior										
month*	January	2.34	1.71	4.05	6.39	5.74	Average	2	2	4
3 rd prior										
month*	December	2.69	1.57	4.25	6.94	3.9	Average	2	1	2
									Sum =	15

Note:

If sum is:	
6-9	then prior period has been abnormally dry
10-14	then prior period has been normal (average)
15-18	Then prior period has been abnormally wet

Condition value:	
Low =	1
Average =	2
Elevated =	3

Hydrologic Determination Field Data Sheet

Tennessee Division of Water Pollution Control, Version 1.5

Named Waterbody: Unnamed Tributary to Summers Branch		Date/Time: 03/22/2022
Assessors/Affiliation: Michael Tincher / ERM		Project ID :
Site Name/Description: Intermittent Stream 1		ABB Portland TN
Site Location:		·
HUC (12 digit): 051302060101		Lat/Long:36.6005892
Previous Rainfall (7-days) : 0.44 inches		-86.53082428
Precipitation this Season vs. Normal : abnormally web elevated average Source of recent & seasonal precip data : NOAA, CoCoRaHs	low abn	ormally dry unknown
Watershed Size : 13 acres	County: S	Sumner
Soil Type(s) / Geology : Guthrie silt loam (Gu)		Source: WSS
Surrounding Land Use : Industrial, Commercial		
Degree of historical alteration to natural channel morphology & hydrology (circ Severe Moderate Slight		escribe fully in Notes) : bsent

Primary Field Indicators Observed

Primary Indicators	NO	YES
1. Hydrologic feature exists solely due to a process discharge	√	WWC
2. Defined bed and bank absent, vegetation composed of upland and FACU species	√	WWC
 Watercourse dry anytime during February through April 15th, under normal precipitation / groundwater conditions 	\checkmark	WWC
 Daily flow and precipitation records showing feature only flows in direct response to rainfall 	\checkmark	WWC
 Presence of multiple populations of obligate lotic organisms with ≥ 2 month aquatic phase 	√	Stream
6. Presence of fish (except Gambusia)	√	Stream
7. Presence of naturally occurring ground water table connection	√	Stream
8. Flowing water in channel and 7 days since last precip >0.1" in local watershed	√	Stream
9. Evidence watercourse has been used as a supply of drinking water	\checkmark	Stream

NOTE: If any Primary Indicators 1-9 = "Yes", then no further investigation is necessary. However, assessors may choose to score secondary indicators as supporting evidence.

In the absence of a primary indicator, or other definitive evidence, complete the secondary indicator table on page 2 of this sheet, and provide score below.

Guidance for the interpretation and scoring of both the primary & secondary indicators is provided in *TDEC-WPC Guidance For Making Hydrologic Determinations, Version 1.5*

Overall Hydrologic Determination = Stream

Secondary Indicator Score (if applicable) = 24

Justification / Notes :

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Secondary Field Indicator Evaluation

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 11)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1. Continuous bed and bank	3	0	1	2	3
2. Sinuous channel	1.5	0	1	2	3
3. In-channel structure: riffle-pool sequences	1.5	0	1	2	3
4. Sorting of soil textures or other substrate	1	0	1	2	3
5. Active/relic floodplain	1.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
6. Depositional bars or benches	0	0	1	2	3
7. Braided channel	0	0	1	2	3
8. Recent alluvial deposits	1	0	0.5	1	1.5
9. Natural levees	0	0	1	2	3
10. Headcuts	0	0	1	2	3
11. Grade controls	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
12. Natural valley or drainageway	1	0	0.5	1	1.5
13. At least second order channel on existing US NRCS map	GS or 0	No	= 0	Yes	= 3

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 5)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
14. Subsurface flow/discharge into channel	0	0	1	2	3
15. Water in channel and >48 hours since sig. rain	2	0	1	2	3
16. Leaf litter in channel (January – September)	1	1.5	1	0.5	0
17. Sediment on plants or on debris	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
18. Organic debris lines or piles (wrack lines)	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
19. Hydric soils in channel bed or sides of channel	1.5	No :	= 0	Yes =	= 1.5

	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
3	3	2	1	0
3	3	2	1	0
0	0	1	2	3
0	0	1	2	3
0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
0	0	1	2	3
0	0	1	2	3
1	0	0.5	1	1.5
0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
	0 0 1	3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

¹Focus is on the presence of terrestrial plants.

² Focus is on the presence of aquatic or wetland plants.

Total Points = 24

Under Normal Conditions, Watercourse is a Wet Weather Conveyance if Secondary Indicator Score < 19 points

Notes :

Hydrologic Determination Field Data Sheet

Tennessee Division of Water Pollution Control, Version 1.5

Named Waterbody: Unnamed Tributary to Summers Branch		Date/Time: 03/22/2022
Assessors/Affiliation: Michael Tincher / ERM		Project ID :
Site Name/Description: Intermittent Stream 2		ABB Portland TN
Site Location:		
HUC (12 digit): 051302060101		Lat/Long:36.60239132
Previous Rainfall (7-days) : 0.44 inches		-86.5274638
Precipitation this Season vs. Normal : abnormally wet elevated average Source of recent & seasonal precip data : NOAA, CoCoRaHs	low abno	ormally dry unknown
Watershed Size : 14 acres	County: Si	umner
Soil Type(s) / Geology : Guthrie silt loam (Gu)		Source: WSS
Surrounding Land Use : Industrial, Commercial		
Degree of historical alteration to natural channel morphology & hydrology (circ Severe Moderate Slight		escribe fully in Notes) : osent

Primary Field Indicators Observed

Primary Indicators	NO	YES
1. Hydrologic feature exists solely due to a process discharge	√	WWC
2. Defined bed and bank absent, vegetation composed of upland and FACU species	√	WWC
 Watercourse dry anytime during February through April 15th, under normal precipitation / groundwater conditions 	\checkmark	WWC
 Daily flow and precipitation records showing feature only flows in direct response to rainfall 	\checkmark	WWC
 Presence of multiple populations of obligate lotic organisms with ≥ 2 month aquatic phase 	√	Stream
6. Presence of fish (except Gambusia)	✓	Stream
7. Presence of naturally occurring ground water table connection	\checkmark	Stream
8. Flowing water in channel and 7 days since last precip >0.1" in local watershed	\checkmark	Stream
9. Evidence watercourse has been used as a supply of drinking water	\checkmark	Stream

NOTE: If any Primary Indicators 1-9 = "Yes", then no further investigation is necessary. However, assessors may choose to score secondary indicators as supporting evidence.

In the absence of a primary indicator, or other definitive evidence, complete the secondary indicator table on page 2 of this sheet, and provide score below.

Guidance for the interpretation and scoring of both the primary & secondary indicators is provided in *TDEC-WPC Guidance For Making Hydrologic Determinations, Version 1.5*

Overall Hydrologic Determination = Stream

Secondary Indicator Score (if applicable) = 20.5

Justification / Notes :

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Secondary Field Indicator Evaluation

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 7)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1. Continuous bed and bank	3	0	1	2	3
2. Sinuous channel	0	0	1	2	3
3. In-channel structure: riffle-pool sequences	1	0	1	2	3
4. Sorting of soil textures or other substrate	0	0	1	2	3
5. Active/relic floodplain	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
6. Depositional bars or benches	0	0	1	2	3
7. Braided channel	0	0	1	2	3
8. Recent alluvial deposits	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
9. Natural levees	0	0	1	2	3
10. Headcuts	0	0	1	2	3
11. Grade controls	1	0	0.5	1	1.5
12. Natural valley or drainageway	1	0	0.5	1	1.5
13. At least second order channel on existing US NRCS map	GS or 0	No	= 0	Yes	= 3

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 7.5)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
14. Subsurface flow/discharge into channel	1	0	1	2	3
15. Water in channel and >48 hours since sig. rain	1.5	0	1	2	3
16. Leaf litter in channel (January – September)	1.5	1.5	1	0.5	0
17. Sediment on plants or on debris	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
18. Organic debris lines or piles (wrack lines)	1.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
19. Hydric soils in channel bed or sides of channel	1.5	No :	= 0	Yes =	= 1.5

C. Biology (Subtotal = 6)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
20. Fibrous roots in channel bed ¹	3	3	2	1	0
21. Rooted plants in the thalweg ¹	3	3	2	1	0
22. Crayfish in stream (exclude in floodplain)	0	0	1	2	3
23. Bivalves/mussels	0	0	1	2	3
24. Amphibians	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
25. Macrobenthos (record type & abundance)	0	0	1	2	3
26. Filamentous algae; periphyton	0	0	1	2	3
27. Iron oxidizing bacteria/fungus	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
28.Wetland plants in channel bed ²	0	0	0.5	1	1.5

¹Focus is on the presence of terrestrial plants.

² Focus is on the presence of aquatic or wetland plants.

Total Points = 20.5

Under Normal Conditions, Watercourse is a Wet Weather Conveyance if Secondary Indicator Score < 19 points

Notes :

Hydrologic Determination Field Data Sheet

Tennessee Division of Water Pollution Control, Version 1.5

Named Waterbody: Unnamed Tributary to Summers Branch	Date/Time: 03/22/2022
Assessors/Affiliation: Michael Tincher / ERM	Project ID :
Site Name/Description: Perennial Stream 1	ABB Portland TN
Site Location:	
HUC (12 digit): 051302060101	Lat/Long:36.60117758
Previous Rainfall (7-days) : 0.44 inches	-86.52694701
Precipitation this Season vs. Normal : abnormally web elevated average low ab Source of recent & seasonal precip data : NOAA, CoCoRaHs	normally dry unknown
Watershed Size : 14 acres County:	Sumner
Soil Type(s) / Geology : Guthrie silt loam (Gu)	Source: WSS
Surrounding Land Use : Industrial, Commercial	
Degree of historical alteration to natural channel morphology & hydrology (circle one & Severe Moderate Slight A	describe fully in Notes) : Absent

Primary Field Indicators Observed

Primary Indicators	NO	YES
1. Hydrologic feature exists solely due to a process discharge	√	WWC
2. Defined bed and bank absent, vegetation composed of upland and FACU species	√	WWC
 Watercourse dry anytime during February through April 15th, under normal precipitation / groundwater conditions 	\checkmark	WWC
 Daily flow and precipitation records showing feature only flows in direct response to rainfall 	\checkmark	WWC
 Presence of multiple populations of obligate lotic organisms with ≥ 2 month aquatic phase 	√	Stream
6. Presence of fish (except Gambusia)	√	Stream
7. Presence of naturally occurring ground water table connection	✓	Stream
8. Flowing water in channel and 7 days since last precip >0.1" in local watershed	√	Stream
9. Evidence watercourse has been used as a supply of drinking water	\checkmark	Stream

NOTE: If any Primary Indicators 1-9 = "Yes", then no further investigation is necessary. However, assessors may choose to score secondary indicators as supporting evidence.

In the absence of a primary indicator, or other definitive evidence, complete the secondary indicator table on page 2 of this sheet, and provide score below.

Guidance for the interpretation and scoring of both the primary & secondary indicators is provided in *TDEC-WPC Guidance For Making Hydrologic Determinations, Version 1.5*

Overall Hydrologic Determination = Stream

Secondary Indicator Score (if applicable) = 33

Justification / Notes :

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Secondary Field Indicator Evaluation

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 17.5)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1. Continuous bed and bank	3	0	1	2	3
2. Sinuous channel	1.5	0	1	2	3
3. In-channel structure: riffle-pool sequences	3	0	1	2	3
4. Sorting of soil textures or other substrate	3	0	1	2	3
5. Active/relic floodplain	1.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
6. Depositional bars or benches	1	0	1	2	3
7. Braided channel	0	0	1	2	3
8. Recent alluvial deposits	1	0	0.5	1	1.5
9. Natural levees	1	0	1	2	3
10. Headcuts	0	0	1	2	3
11. Grade controls	1	0	0.5	1	1.5
12. Natural valley or drainageway	1.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
13. At least second order channel on existing US NRCS map	GS or 0	No	= 0	Yes	= 3

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 9.5)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
14. Subsurface flow/discharge into channel	1.5	0	1	2	3
15. Water in channel and >48 hours since sig. rain	3	0	1	2	3
16. Leaf litter in channel (January – September)	1.5	1.5	1	0.5	0
17. Sediment on plants or on debris	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
18. Organic debris lines or piles (wrack lines)	1.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
19. Hydric soils in channel bed or sides of channel	1.5	No :	= 0	Yes =	= 1.5

C. Biology (Subtotal = 6)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
20. Fibrous roots in channel bed ¹	3	3	2	1	0
21. Rooted plants in the thalweg ¹	3	3	2	1	0
22. Crayfish in stream (exclude in floodplain)	0	0	1	2	3
23. Bivalves/mussels	0	0	1	2	3
24. Amphibians	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
25. Macrobenthos (record type & abundance)	0	0	1	2	3
26. Filamentous algae; periphyton	0	0	1	2	3
27. Iron oxidizing bacteria/fungus	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
28.Wetland plants in channel bed ²	0	0	0.5	1	1.5

¹Focus is on the presence of terrestrial plants.

² Focus is on the presence of aquatic or wetland plants.

Total Points = ________

Under Normal Conditions, Watercourse is a Wet Weather Conveyance if Secondary Indicator Score < 19 points

Notes :

Hydrologic Determination Field Data Sheet

Tennessee Division of Water Pollution Control, Version 1.5

Named Waterbody: Unnamed Tributary to Summers Branch	Date/Time: 03/22/2022
Assessors/Affiliation: Michael Tincher / ERM	Project ID :
Site Name/Description: Stormwater Ditch 1	ABB Portland TN
Site Location:	
HUC (12 digit): 051302060101	Lat/Long: 36.60002
Previous Rainfall (7-days) : 0.44 inches	-86.52985
Precipitation this Season vs. Normal : abnormally web elevated average low ab Source of recent & seasonal precip data : NOAA, CoCoRaHs	normally dry unknown
Watershed Size : 4.9 acres County: S	Sumner
Soil Type(s) / Geology : Guthrie silt loam (Gu)	Source: WSS
Surrounding Land Use : Industrial, Commercial	
Degree of historical alteration to natural channel morphology & hydrology (circle one & o Severe Moderate Slight A	describe fully in Notes) : Absent

Primary Field Indicators Observed

Primary Indicators	NO	YES
1. Hydrologic feature exists solely due to a process discharge	√	WWC
2. Defined bed and bank absent, vegetation composed of upland and FACU species	\checkmark	WWC
 Watercourse dry anytime during February through April 15th, under normal precipitation / groundwater conditions 	~	WWC
4. Daily flow and precipitation records showing feature only flows in direct response to rainfall	✓	WWC
 Presence of multiple populations of obligate lotic organisms with ≥ 2 month aquatic phase 	✓	Stream
6. Presence of fish (except Gambusia)	√	Stream
7. Presence of naturally occurring ground water table connection	\checkmark	Stream
8. Flowing water in channel and 7 days since last precip >0.1" in local watershed	√	Stream
9. Evidence watercourse has been used as a supply of drinking water	\checkmark	Stream

NOTE: If any Primary Indicators 1-9 = "Yes", then no further investigation is necessary. However, assessors may choose to score secondary indicators as supporting evidence.

In the absence of a primary indicator, or other definitive evidence, complete the secondary indicator table on page 2 of this sheet, and provide score below.

Guidance for the interpretation and scoring of both the primary & secondary indicators is provided in *TDEC-WPC Guidance For Making Hydrologic Determinations, Version 1.5*

Overall Hydrologic Determination = Wet Weather Conveyance

Secondary Indicator Score (if applicable) = 9.5

Justification / Notes :

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Secondary Field Indicator Evaluation

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 4.5)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1. Continuous bed and bank	3	0	1	2	3
2. Sinuous channel	0	0	1	2	3
3. In-channel structure: riffle-pool sequences	0	0	1	2	3
4. Sorting of soil textures or other substrate	0	0	1	2	3
5. Active/relic floodplain	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
6. Depositional bars or benches	1	0	1	2	3
7. Braided channel	0	0	1	2	3
8. Recent alluvial deposits	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
9. Natural levees	0	0	1	2	3
10. Headcuts	0	0	1	2	3
11. Grade controls	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
12. Natural valley or drainageway	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
13. At least second order channel on existing US NRCS map	GS or 0	No	= 0	Yes	= 3

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 2)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
14. Subsurface flow/discharge into channel	0.5	0	1	2	3
15. Water in channel and >48 hours since sig. rain	1	0	1	2	3
16. Leaf litter in channel (January – September)	0	1.5	1	0.5	0
17. Sediment on plants or on debris	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
18. Organic debris lines or piles (wrack lines)	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
19. Hydric soils in channel bed or sides of channel	0	No :	= 0	Yes =	= 1.5

C. Biology (Subtotal = 3)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
20. Fibrous roots in channel bed ¹	0	3	2	1	0
21. Rooted plants in the thalweg ¹	1	3	2	1	0
22. Crayfish in stream (exclude in floodplain)	0	0	1	2	3
23. Bivalves/mussels	0	0	1	2	3
24. Amphibians	1	0	0.5	1	1.5
25. Macrobenthos (record type & abundance)	0	0	1	2	3
26. Filamentous algae; periphyton	1	0	1	2	3
27. Iron oxidizing bacteria/fungus	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
28.Wetland plants in channel bed ²	0	0	0.5	1	1.5

¹Focus is on the presence of terrestrial plants.

² Focus is on the presence of aquatic or wetland plants.

Total Points = 9.5

Under Normal Conditions, Watercourse is a Wet Weather Conveyance if Secondary Indicator Score < 19 points

Notes : Concrete channel that primarily drains the adjacent facility and parking lot. Continuous bed and bank marked as strong due to the designed channelization. Multiple toe key drains outlet into the channel, with some appearing to have water trickling out. Last precipitation event occurred within 72 hrs of the site visit and included 0.37 inches of rain. A significant amount of sediment was observed in the channel, suggesting erosion from the surrounding upland areas were depositing sediment into the channel. Due to a nearby culvert inlet design and possibly flow velocity during stormwater runoff events, not all sediment is being transported downslope. Instead, it is being deposited/remaining in the concrete channel. In turn, this is impeding flow of stormwater runoff during runoff events and may be causing water to sit in the channel longer than originally designed. This likely explains the presence of algae and tadpoles in portions of the channel, while also having areas of upland vegetation being established on the sediment.

Hydrologic Determination Field Data Sheet

Tennessee Division of Water Pollution Control, Version 1.5

Named Waterbody: Unnamed Tributary to Summers Branch	Date/Time: 03/22/2022
Assessors/Affiliation: Michael Tincher / ERM	Project ID :
Site Name/Description: Stormwater Ditch 2	ABB Portland TN
Site Location:	
HUC (12 digit): 051302060101	Lat/Long: 36.60013
Previous Rainfall (7-days) : 0.44 inches	-86.52902
Precipitation this Season vs. Normal : abnormally wet elevated average low at Source of recent & seasonal precip data : NOAA, CoCoRaHs	onormally dry unknown
Watershed Size : 6.7 acres County:	Sumner
Soil Type(s) / Geology : Guthrie silt loam (Gu)	Source: WSS
Surrounding Land Use : Industrial, Commercial	
Degree of historical alteration to natural channel morphology & hydrology (circle one & Severe Moderate Slight	describe fully in Notes) : Absent

Primary Field Indicators Observed

Primary Indicators	NO	YES
1. Hydrologic feature exists solely due to a process discharge	√	WWC
2. Defined bed and bank absent, vegetation composed of upland and FACU species	\checkmark	WWC
 Watercourse dry anytime during February through April 15th, under normal precipitation / groundwater conditions 	\checkmark	WWC
 Daily flow and precipitation records showing feature only flows in direct response to rainfall 	\checkmark	WWC
 Presence of multiple populations of obligate lotic organisms with ≥ 2 month aquatic phase 	√	Stream
6. Presence of fish (except Gambusia)	√	Stream
7. Presence of naturally occurring ground water table connection	\checkmark	Stream
8. Flowing water in channel and 7 days since last precip >0.1" in local watershed	√	Stream
9. Evidence watercourse has been used as a supply of drinking water	\checkmark	Stream

NOTE: If any Primary Indicators 1-9 = "Yes", then no further investigation is necessary. However, assessors may choose to score secondary indicators as supporting evidence.

In the absence of a primary indicator, or other definitive evidence, complete the secondary indicator table on page 2 of this sheet, and provide score below.

Guidance for the interpretation and scoring of both the primary & secondary indicators is provided in *TDEC-WPC Guidance For Making Hydrologic Determinations, Version 1.5*

Overall Hydrologic Determination = Wet Weather Conveyance

Secondary Indicator Score (if applicable) = 9.5

Justification / Notes :

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Secondary Field Indicator Evaluation

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 5)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1. Continuous bed and bank	3	0	1	2	3
2. Sinuous channel	0.5	0	1	2	3
3. In-channel structure: riffle-pool sequences	0	0	1	2	3
4. Sorting of soil textures or other substrate	0	0	1	2	3
5. Active/relic floodplain	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
6. Depositional bars or benches	1	0	1	2	3
7. Braided channel	0	0	1	2	3
8. Recent alluvial deposits	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
9. Natural levees	0	0	1	2	3
10. Headcuts	0	0	1	2	3
11. Grade controls	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
12. Natural valley or drainageway	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
13. At least second order channel on existing US NRCS map	GS or 0	No	= 0	Yes	= 3

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 1.5)		Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
14. Subsurface flow/discharge into channel	0	0	1	2	3
15. Water in channel and >48 hours since sig. rain	1	0	1	2	3
16. Leaf litter in channel (January – September)	0	1.5	1	0.5	0
17. Sediment on plants or on debris	0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
18. Organic debris lines or piles (wrack lines)	0	0	0.5	1	1.5
19. Hydric soils in channel bed or sides of channel	0	No :	= 0	Yes =	= 1.5

	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1	3	2	1	0
1	3	2	1	0
0	0	1	2	3
0	0	1	2	3
0	0	0.5	1	1.5
0	0	1	2	3
1	0	1	2	3
0	0	0.5	1	1.5
0	0	0.5	1	1.5
	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	Absent 1 3 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

¹Focus is on the presence of terrestrial plants.

² Focus is on the presence of aquatic or wetland plants.

Total Points = 9.5

Under Normal Conditions, Watercourse is a Wet Weather Conveyance if Secondary Indicator Score < 19 points

Notes : Designed swale/channel that primarily drains the adjacent facility and parking lot with erosion actively

occurring on side slopes. Continuous bed and bank marked as strong due to the designed channelization.

Last precipitation event occurred within 72 hrs of the site visit and included 0.37 inches of rain.

APPENDIX C USACE WETLAND DETERMINATION FORMS

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region See ERDC/EL TR-07-24; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R OMB Control #: 0710-xxxx, Exp: Pending Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: ABB Portland TN City/County: Portland/Sumner Sampling Date: 9/29/2021							
Applicant/Owner: ABB Install	lation Products, Inc.			State:	TN	Sampling Point:	DP-01
Investigator(s): John Crosby, Cas	sey Brotman - ERM	Section, To	wnship, Range: <u>N/A</u>				
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.):	Floodplain	Local relief (co	oncave, convex, none)	: concave)	Slope (%):	1-2%
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR P, MLRA 136 Lat: 36.601400 Long: -86.530895 Datum: NAD 83							NAD 83
Soil Map Unit Name: Gu - Guthrie silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded NWI classification: PFO							
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes x No (If no, explain in Remarks.)							
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysignificantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes x No							
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologynaturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)							
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	? Yes X No	Is the Sa	mpled Area				
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X No	within a	Wetland?	Yes	Х	No	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>X</u> No	> <u></u>					
Remarks:							

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	ed; check all that apply)		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)		
Surface Water (A1)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)		Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		
High Water Table (A2)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Drainage Patterns (B10)		
Saturation (A3)	x Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	ots (C3)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)		
Water Marks (B1)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		Dry-Season Water Table (C2)		
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	s (C6)	x Crayfish Burrows (C8)		
Drift Deposits (B3)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)			
Iron Deposits (B5)			Geomorphic Position (D2)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)		
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)			Microtopographic Relief (D4)		
Aquatic Fauna (B13)			X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)		
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes	No x Depth (inches):				
Water Table Present? Yes	No x Depth (inches):				
Saturation Present? Yes	No x Depth (inches):	Wetland H	ydrology Present? Yes X No		
(includes capillary fringe)					
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mo	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ections), if av	ailable:		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mo	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		
	pnitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mo	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		
	pnitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		
	pnitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		
	pnitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		
	pnitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		
	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		
	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		
	pnitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if av	ailable:		

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: DP-01

	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Acer rubrum	20	Yes	FAC	Number of Dominant Species
2. Ulmus rubra	20	Yes	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:5 (A)
3. Salix nigra	20	Yes	OBL	Total Number of Dominant
4. Liquidambar styraciflua	20	Yes	FAC	Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
6.				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet:
7	80	=Total Cover		
50% of total cover: 40			16	
50% of total cover: <u>40</u> <u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: 15)	2070	of total cover:	10	OBL species20 $x 1 =$ 20FACW species0 $x 2 =$ 0
1.				FAC species 0 $x 2 = 0$ FAC species 75 $x 3 = 225$
2.				FAC species 75 $x_3 = 225$ FACU species 0 $x_4 = 0$
3.				$\begin{array}{c} \text{PACO species} 0 x \neq = 0 \\ \text{UPL species} 0 x \neq = 0 \\ \end{array}$
4.				Column Totals: 95 (A) 245 (B)
4 5				
6				
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7 8				X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
8 9.				X 3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^{1}$
9		T-t-LOavor		$\frac{X}{4}$ - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
EON/ of total action		=Total Cover		data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
50% of total cover:	20%	of total cover:		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
1				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
2				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
3.				Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:
4				Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of
5				height.
6.				
7				Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft
8				(1 m) tall.
9				
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11		T-t-L Oavar		
50% of total cover		=Total Cover		Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
50% of total cover:	20%	of total cover:		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)	45	Vac	540	
1. <u>Toxicodendron radicans</u>	15	Yes	FAC	
2				
3.				
4				
5				Hydrophytic
		=Total Cover		Vegetation
50% of total cover: 8	20%	of total cover:	3	Present? Yes X No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separa	ate sheet.)			

Depth Matrix Redox Features (inches) Color (moist) % Type! Loc ² Texture Remarks 0-2 10YR 3/2 100	Color (moist) % Color (moist) % Type1 Loc2 Texture Remarks 0-2 10YR 3/2 100	
0-2 10YR 3/2 100 Loamy/Clayey 2-12 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox concentration 2-12 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox concentration 2-12 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox concentration 2 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox concentration 2 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox concentration 2 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox concentration 2 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox concentration 2 101 101 Polytalue Below Surface (S) Indicators Indicators for Problematic Hydric S Coast Prairie Redox (A16) MLRA 147, 148) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) MLRA 147, 148)	0-2 10YR 3/2 100 Loamy/Clayey 2-12 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox cor	
2-12 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox concentration Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains. 2 Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric S Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148) 2 cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147) Histic Epipedon (A2) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) Stratified Layers (A5) X Depleted Matrix (F2) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) 2 cm Muck (A10) (URR N) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Red Parent Material (F21) X Depleted Below Dark Surface (A12) Iton-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Matrix (S6) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a wetland hydrology must be presend unless disturbed or problematic. Bark Surface (S7) Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) unless disturbed or problematic. Stripped Matrix (S6) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 147, 148) unless distur	2-12 10YR 4/2 95 7.5YR 5/6 5 C PL Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox cor	ncentrations
Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric S Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (MLRA 147, 148) 2 cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147) Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148) 2 cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147) Histosol (A2) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (MLRA 136) (MLRA 147, 148) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) Stratified Layers (A5) X Depleted Matrix (F2) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) Z cm Muck (A10) (LRR N) Redox Depressions (F8) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F12) Z bepleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Dark Surface (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Redox (S5) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Stripped Matrix (S6) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 148) wetland hydrology must be present Dark Surface (S7) Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127	Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.	ncentrations
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Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric S Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (MLRA 147, 148) 2 cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147) Histic Epipedon (A2) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (MLRA 136) (MLRA 147, 148) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) Stratified Layers (A5) X Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Z cm Muck (A10) (LRR N) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Red Parent Material (F21) (outside MLRA 127, 147, 148) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Depressions (F8) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Redox (S5) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a wetland hydrology must be preserved): Type:		
Jydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric S Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (MLRA 147, 148) 2 cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147) Histic Epipedon (A2) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 147, 148) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (MLRA 136) (MLRA 147, 148) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) Stratified Layers (A5) X Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR N) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Red Parent Material (F21) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Depressions (F8) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Redox (S5) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Stripped Matrix (S6) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) wetland hydrology must be preser Dark Surface (S7) Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) Wetland hydrology must be preser Type:		
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Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (MLRA 136) (MLRA 147, 148) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) Stratified Layers (A5) X Depleted Matrix (F3) (MLRA 136, 147) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR N) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Red Parent Material (F21) X Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) (outside MLRA 127, 147, 148) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Depressions (F8) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S6) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation at wetland hydrology must be present Dark Surface (S7) Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:		147)
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Stratified Layers (A5) X Depleted Matrix (F3) (MLRA 136, 147) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR N) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Red Parent Material (F21) X Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) (outside MLRA 127, 147, 148) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Depressions (F8) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) MLRA 136) Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Redox (S5) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Stripped Matrix (S6) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) wetland hydrology must be preserved): Type:		
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X Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) (outside MLRA 127, 147, 148) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Depressions (F8) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) MLRA 136) Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Redox (S5) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Stripped Matrix (S6) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 148) wetland hydrology must be presended or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:		
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Depressions (F8) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) MLRA 136) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Sandy Redox (S5) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Stripped Matrix (S6) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 148) wetland hydrology must be presended or problematic. Dark Surface (S7) Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No		
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR N, Other (Explain in Remarks) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) MLRA 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Sandy Redox (S5) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Stripped Matrix (S6) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 148) wetland hydrology must be preserved): Dark Surface (S7) Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No		
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) MLRA 136) Sandy Redox (S5) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Stripped Matrix (S6) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 148) wetland hydrology must be preser Dark Surface (S7) Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:		. ,
Sandy Redox (S5) Umbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 122, 136) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation a Stripped Matrix (S6) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 148) wetland hydrology must be presend Dark Surface (S7) Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type:		5)
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Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: Depth (inches): Hydric Soil Present?		
Type:	Dark Surface (S7) Red Parent Material (F21) (MLRA 127, 147, 148) unless disturbed or proble	matic.
Depth (inches):	Restrictive Layer (if observed):	
	Туре:	
Remarks:	Depth (inches): Yes	No
	Remarks:	

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region See ERDC/EL TR-07-24; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R OMB Control #: 0710-xxxx, Exp: Pending Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: ABB Portland TN			City/County: Portland/Sumne	r		Sampling Date:	9/29/2021
Applicant/Owner: ABB Installa	ation Products, Inc.			State:	TN	Sampling Point:	DP-02
Investigator(s): John Crosby, Cas	ey Brotman - ERM		Section, Township, Range: N/A				
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.):	Floodplain	[Local relief (concave, convex, none):	convex		Slope (%):	3%
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR	P, MLRA 136 Lat:	36.601357	Long: -86.530	806		Datum:	NAD 83
Soil Map Unit Name: Gu - Guthrie silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded NWI classification: N/A							
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions	s on the site typical for	this time of	year? Yes <u>x</u> No		(If no, e	explain in Remark	s.)
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology	significantly	disturbed? Are "Normal Circums	stances"	present?	Yes <u>x</u>	No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologynaturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)							
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X	No	Is the Sampled Area				
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	No X	within a Wetland?	Yes	·	No X	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	No X					
Remarks:							

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	ed; check all that apply)		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)		
Surface Water (A1)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)		Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		
High Water Table (A2)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Drainage Patterns (B10)		
Saturation (A3)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	oots (C3)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)		
Water Marks (B1)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		Dry-Season Water Table (C2)		
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	s (C6)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)		
Drift Deposits (B3)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Other (Explain in Remarks)		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)		
Iron Deposits (B5)			Geomorphic Position (D2)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)			Shallow Aquitard (D3)		
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)			Microtopographic Relief (D4)		
Aquatic Fauna (B13)			FAC-Neutral Test (D5)		
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes	No x Depth (inches):				
Water Table Present? Yes	No x Depth (inches):				
Saturation Present? Yes	No x Depth (inches):	Wetland	Hydrology Present? Yes No X		
(includes capillary fringe)					
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mo	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections), if a	vailable:		
Remarks:					

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: DP-02

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
	% Cover 20	Species?	Status FAC	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Liquidambar styracifiua 2. Fraxinus americana	15	Yes	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: ² (A)
3.	10	165	TAGO	
3 4.				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: ³ (B)
4 5				
6.	·			Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 66.6% (A/B)
7.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
/	35 -	=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
50% of total cover:	17.5	of total cover:	7	$\frac{1}{\text{OBL species}} 0 \qquad \text{ x1 = 0}$
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30	1			FACW species 0 $x^2 = 0$
1.)			FAC species $2 \times 3 = 6$
2.				FACU species $1 x 4 = 4$
3.	·			UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$
4.				Column Totals: 3 (A) 10 (B)
5.				Prevalence Index = $B/A = 3.33$
6.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7.				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
8.	·			X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
9.	·			$3 - \text{Prevalence Index is } \le 3.0^1$
· · ·		=Total Cover		4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
50% of total cover:		of total cover:		data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
1.				
2.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
3.				Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:
4.				Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or
5.				more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of
6.	·			height.
7.				Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less
8.				than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft
9.				(1 m) tall.
10.				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11.				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
		=Total Cover		Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
50% of total cover:		of total cover:		height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				
1. Toxicodendron radicans	10	Yes	FAC	
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
	10 -	Total Cover		Hydrophytic
50% of total cover:		of total cover:	2	Vegetation Present? Yes ^X No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sep	arate sheet.)			

SOIL

301L									Sampling		P-02
Profile Desc	ription: (Describe to	o the depth	needed to docu	ment th	ne indica	tor or co	nfirm the abs	sence of indic	ators.)		_
Depth	Matrix		Redox	Featur							
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	<u> </u>	Rem	narks	
0-12	10YR 4/4	100					Loamy/Cla	ayey			
							i	<u> </u>			
	ncentration, D=Deple	etion, RM=F	Reduced Matrix, M	S=Masł	ked Sand	d Grains.	² L	Location: PL=I			
Hydric Soil I									for Problema	•	Soils':
Histosol (. ,		Polyvalue Be						luck (A10) (MI		
	ipedon (A2)		Thin Dark Su		, .		•		Prairie Redox	(A16)	
Black His			Loamy Mucky			ILRA 136)	•	A 147, 148)	0 1 (540)	
	n Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Gleye						ont Floodplain	Soils (F19)	1
	Layers (A5) ck (A10) (LRR N)		Depleted Mat Redox Dark S	. ,					XA 136, 147) Trent Material	(⊑21)	
	Below Dark Surface	(411)	Depleted Dark		. ,		Red Parent Material (F21) (outside MLRA 127, 147, 148)				
·	rk Surface (A12)	(((())))	Redox Depre						nallow Dark S		
	ucky Mineral (S1)								Explain in Rer		.)
	leyed Matrix (S4)		MLRA 136			-) (.,		-/p.o	none,	
	edox (S5)		Umbric Surfa		3) (MLRA	122, 136	5)	³ Indicators	of hydrophytic	vegetation	and
	Matrix (S6)		Piedmont Flo	odplain	Soils (F	19) (MLR	A 148)		d hydrology m	-	
Dark Sur	face (S7)		Red Parent M	laterial	(F21) (M	LRA 127,	, 147, 148)	unless	disturbed or p	roblematic.	
Restrictive L	ayer (if observed):										
Type:	,										
Depth (in	ches):						Hydric So	il Present?	Yes	No	Х
Remarks:							-				<u> </u>
Remarks.											

U.S. Army Corps of Enginee WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Eastern Moun See ERDC/EL TR-07-24; the proponent agenc	tains and Piedmont Region	OMB Control #: 0710-xxxx, Exp: Pending Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)				
Project/Site: ABB Portland TN	City/County: Portland/Sumner Sampling Date: 9/29/20					
Applicant/Owner: ABB Installation Products, Inc.		State: TN Sampling Point: DP-03				
Investigator(s): John Crosby, Casey Brotman - ERM	Section, Township, Range: N/A					
•	ocal relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 3%				
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR P, MLRA 136 Lat: 36.601758	Long: -86.52					
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Gu</u> - Guthrie silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Fro		NWI classification: PFO				
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of ye		lo (If no, explain in Remarks.)				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly of		istances" present? Yes x No				
		·				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologynaturally prob		any answers in Remarks.)				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing	sampling point locations	transects, important features, etc.				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes_X_No				
Remarks:	1					
HYDROLOGY						
Water Marks (B1) Presence of Reduct Sediment Deposits (B2) Recent Iron Reduct Drift Deposits (B3) Thin Muck Surface Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Other (Explain in Re Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Aquatic Fauna (B13) Field Observations:	s (B14)	ondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Drainage Patterns (B10) Moss Trim Lines (B16) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Microtopographic Relief (D4) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)				
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photo	os, previous inspections), if availab	le:				
Remarks:						

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	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator		
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet:	
1. Liquidambar styraciflua	40	Yes	FAC	Number of Dominant Species	
2. Fraxinus pennsylvanica	20	Yes	FACW	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	3 (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant	
4.				Species Across All Strata:	3 (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species	
6				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	100.0% (A/B
7				Prevalence Index worksheet:	
		Total Cover			Aultiply by:
50% of total cover:	30 20%	of total cover:	12	OBL species 0 x 1 =	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)			FACW species 20 x 2 =	
1				FAC species 90 x 3 =	
2				FACU species 10 x 4 =	
3				UPL species 0 x 5 =	
4.				Column Totals: 120 (A)	350 (B
5				Prevalence Index = B/A =	2.92
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators	
7				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic V	egetation
8				X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%	
9				X 3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$	
	=	Total Cover		4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (I	
50% of total cover:	20%	of total cover:		data in Remarks or on a sepa	rate sheet)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion ¹ (Explain)
1. Rubus argutus	10	No	FACU	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland	hydrology must t
2. Microstegium vimineum	50	Yes	FAC	present, unless disturbed or problem	atic.
3				Definitions of Four Vegetation Stra	ata:
4.				Tree - Woody plants, excluding vine	, ,
5				more in diameter at breast height (D	BH), regardless o
6.				height.	
7				Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants, exc	
8				than 3 in. DBH and greater than or e	qual to 3.28 ft
9				m) tall.	
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody)	
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3	3.28 ft tall.
	60 =	=Total Cover		Woody Vine - All woody vines great	ter than 3.28 ft in
50% of total cover:	30 20%	of total cover:	12	height.	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				
1					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
		Total Cover		Hydrophytic Vegetation	
50% of total cover:		of total cover:		Present? Yes X No	D

VEGETATION (Four Strata) - Use scientific names of plants

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

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Sampling Point: DP-03
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Depth I	<i>M</i> atrix	Redo	x Featur	es						
(inches) Color (m	oist) %	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	e		Remark	(S
0-18 10YR	10YR 4/19510YR 5/65CPLLoamy/Claye		Loamy/Clayey Prominent redox concent			oncentrations				
Type: C=Concentration,	D=Depletion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, M	S=Maske	ed Sand	Grains.	2		PL=Pore Linin		
Hydric Soil Indicators:							Indicate	ors for Proble	matic	Hydric Soils ³
Histosol (A1)		Polyvalue Be	low Surf	ace (S8)	(MLRA 1	47, 148)	2 ci	m Muck (A10)	(MLRA	. 147)
Histic Epipedon (A2)		Thin Dark Su	irface (S	9) (MLR	A 147, 14	8)	Coa	ast Prairie Rec	ox (A16	6)
Black Histic (A3)		Loamy Muck	y Minera	d (F1) (M	LRA 136)	()	VILRA 147, 14	8)	
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4))	Loamy Gleye	d Matrix	(F2)			Pie	dmont Floodpl	ain Soil	ls (F19)
Stratified Layers (A5)		X Depleted Ma	trix (F3)				()	WLRA 136, 14	7)	
2 cm Muck (A10) (LR	RN)	Redox Dark	Surface	(F6)			Red	d Parent Mater	ial (F21	1)
Depleted Below Dark	Surface (A11)	Depleted Da	rk Surfac	ce (F7)			(0	outside MLRA	127, 1	47, 148)
Thick Dark Surface (A	.12)	Redox Depre	essions (F8)			Ver	y Shallow Dar	k Surfa	ce (F22)
Sandy Mucky Mineral	(S1)	Iron-Mangan	ese Mas	ses (F12) (LRR N	,	Oth	er (Explain in	Remark	(S)
Sandy Gleyed Matrix	(S4)	MLRA 136								
Sandy Redox (S5)		Umbric Surfa	ice (F13)	(MLRA	122, 136)		³ Indicat	ors of hydroph	ytic veg	getation and
Stripped Matrix (S6)		Piedmont Flo						land hydrology	-	5
Dark Surface (S7)		Red Parent	Aaterial ((F21) (ML	_RA 127,	, 147, 148)	unle	ess disturbed	or probl	ematic.
Restrictive Layer (if obs	erved):									
Туре:										
Depth (inches):						Hydric So	il Present	? Yes	Х	No

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

OMB Control #: 0710-xxxx, Exp: Pending Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

See ERDC/EL TR-07-24; tr	ne proponent agency	IS CECW-CO-R	(,	000 :0, paragraph 0 =0)			
Project/Site: ABB Portland TN		City/County: Portland/Sumr	ner	Sampling Date: 9/29/2021			
Applicant/Owner: ABB Installation Produc	cts, Inc.		State: TN	Sampling Point: DP-04			
Investigator(s): John Crosby, Casey Brotman	- ERM	Section, Township, Range: N/A					
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Ditch	Lo	cal relief (concave, convex, none	e): Concave	Slope (%): 3%			
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR P, MLRA 13		Long: -86.52		Datum: NAD 83			
Soil Map Unit Name: Gu - Guthrie silt loam, () to 2 percent slopes, Free	quently flooded	NWI classificati	on: N/A			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site			lo (If no, ex				
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrol							
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrol			any answers in Rer	narks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach			•				
, , , , , ,	Yes No X	Is the Sampled Area					
,	Yes <u>No X</u>	within a Wetland?	Yes	No <u>X</u>			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>No X</u>						
HYDROLOGY							
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Sec	condary Indicators (minimum of two required)			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	ed; check all that apply)		Surface Soil Crack				
Surface Water (A1)	True Aquatic Plants ((B14)	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)				
High Water Table (A2)	Hydrogen Sulfide Od	or (C1)	Drainage Patterns	(B10)			
Saturation (A3)	Oxidized Rhizospher	es on Living Roots (C3)	Moss Trim Lines (E	316)			
Water Marks (B1)	Presence of Reduce	d Iron (C4)	Dry-Season Water	Table (C2)			
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Recent Iron Reduction	on in Tilled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)			
Drift Deposits (B3)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Saturation Visible of	on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Other (Explain in Rer	marks)	Stunted or Stresse	d Plants (D1)			
Iron Deposits (B5)			Geomorphic Positi	on (D2)			
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7))		Shallow Aquitard (I				
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)			Microtopographic F				
Aquatic Fauna (B13)			FAC-Neutral Test (D5)			
Field Observations:							
Surface Water Present? Yes	No x Depth (inche						
Water Table Present? Yes	No x Depth (inche			v ••••••			
Saturation Present? Yes	No x Depth (inche	es): Wetland Hydr	ology Present?	Yes No X			

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)

VEGETATION (Four Strata) - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: DP-04

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. 2.		Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)
3.		Total Number of Dominant
4 5		Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)
6.		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0% (A/B)
7.		Prevalence Index worksheet:
	=Total Cover	Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
50% of total cover:		OBL species 0 x 1 = 0
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)	FACW species 0 x 2 = 0
1		FAC species x 3 =
2		FACU species x 4 =
3.		UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$
4.		Column Totals: 0 (A) 0 (B)
5.		Prevalence Index = B/A =
6 7.		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
。 		2 - Dominance Test is >50%
9.		$3 - Prevalence Index is \leq 3.0^{1}$
···	=Total Cover	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
50% of total cover:		data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
1. Festuca arundinacea	100 Yes	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
2		be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
3.		Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:
4.		Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of
5 6.		height.
7.		
8 9.		Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10.		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11.		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
	100 =Total Cover	Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
50% of total cover:	50 20% of total cover: 20	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		Hydrophytic
	=Total Cover	Vegetation
50% of total cover:	20% of total cover:	Present? Yes <u>No X</u>
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	arate sheet.)	

SOIL

epth nches) 0-18	Matrix Color (moist)		Redo						
		%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	F	Remarks
0-10	7.5YR 4/4	70	2.5YR 4/6	30	C	 M	Loamy/Clayey		edox concentrations
ype: C=Cor	ncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	//S=Mas	ked Sand	d Grains.		tion: PL=Pore Lining	
dric Soil In	ndicators:						In	dicators for Proble	matic Hydric Soils
Histosol (A	,		Polyvalue B					2 cm Muck (A10)	
	pedon (A2)		Thin Dark S					Coast Prairie Red	
Black Hist	()		Loamy Muc	•		ILRA 136	5)	(MLRA 147, 14	-
	Sulfide (A4) Layers (A5)		Loamy Gley					Piedmont Floodpl (MLRA 136, 14	
2 cm Muc	k (A10) (LRR N)		Redox Dark	Surface	(F6)			Red Parent Mater	ial (F21)
Depleted	Below Dark Surface	(A11)	Depleted Da	ark Surfa	ice (F7)			(outside MLRA	127, 147, 148)
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Depressions (F8)								Very Shallow Dar	
_ *	ucky Mineral (S1)		Iron-Manga		sses (F12	2) (LRR N	l,	Other (Explain in	Remarks)
-	eyed Matrix (S4)		MLRA 13	•			2		
Sandy Re			Umbric Surf					ndicators of hydroph	-
	Matrix (S6)		Piedmont Fl					wetland hydrology	
Dark Surfa			Red Parent	Material	(F21) (M	LRA 127	, 147, 148)	unless disturbed of	or problematic.
	ayer (if observed):								
Type:									
Depth (inc	ches):						Hydric Soil Pro	esent? Yes	<u>No X</u>
emarks:									

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: ABB Portland TN	City/County: Port	land/Sumner	Sampling Date:	3/22/2022		
Applicant/Owner: ABB Installation Products, Inc.		State: TN	Sampling Point:	DP-05		
Investigator(s): Michael Tincher	Section, Town	ship, Range:				
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Plain	Local relie	f (concave, convex, none): 0	Concave	Slope (%): 1-3		
Subregion (LRR or MRLA): LRR N Lat: 36.6010356		Long: -86.53114097		Datum: NAD 83		
Soil Map Unit Name: Guthrie silt loam (Gu)		NWI Classificati	on: N/A			
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site typical for th	his time of year?	Yes 🖌 No	(If no, explain in Rem	varke)		
	-			,		
	osignificantly di		Circumstances" prese	ent?		
Are vegetation <u>No</u> , Soil <u>No</u> , or Hydrology No	onaturally probl	ematic? Yes –	✓ No			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach sit	e map showing	sampling point locations,	transects, importar	nt features, etc.		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	No 🗸	Is the Sampled Area within		1		
Hydric Soil Present? Yes	No 🗸	a Wetland?	Yes No	v		
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No 🖌					
Remarks: Explain alternative procedures here or in a ser	parate report.)					
DP-05 is an upland plot located adjac	ent to the so	uthern boundary of M	/etland 1			
		athern boundary of W				
HYDROLOGY						
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators	(minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required: Check a	ll that apply)		Surface Soil C	racks (B6)		
Surface Water (A1)	True Aquatic F	Plants (B14)	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)			
High Water Table (A2)	Hydrogen Sulf	īde Odor (C1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)			
Saturation (A3)	Oxidized Rhiz	ospheres on Living Roots (C3)	Moss Trim Lines (B18)			
Water Marks (B1)		educed Iron (C4)		ater Table (C2)		
Sediment Deposits (B2)		eduction Tiled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Burro			
Drift Deposits (B3)	Thin Muck Su			ble on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Other (Explain	i in Remarks)		essed Plants (D1)		
Iron Deposits (B5)			Geomorphic P	· · /		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)			Shallow Aquita	. ,		
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)			Microtopograp	. ,		
Aquatic Fauna (B13)			FAC-Neutral T	est (D5)		
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes	No 🖌 Dep	th (inches):	Wetland Hy	drology Present?		
Water Table Present? Yes	No 🖌 Dep	oth (inches):				
Saturation Present? Yes	No 🖌 Dep	th (inches):	Yes	No 🖌		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well	, aerial photos, pre	vious inspections), if available:				
Remarks:						
Wetland hydrology is not present.						

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants				Sampling Point: DP-05
Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30 ft. radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Liquidambar styraciflua	70	YES	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are
2.				OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant Species
4				Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are
6				OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50</u> (A/B)
7				
8				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	70	= Total Cov	er	Total % Cover of Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 15 ft. radius)				OBL species x 1 =
, 1,				FACW species x 2 =
2.				FAC species x 3 =
3.				FACU species x 4 =
4.				UPL species x 5 =
5.	_			Column Totals: (A) (B)
6.				
7.				Prevalence Index = B/A =
8.]
9.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
10				
				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
		= Total Cove	r	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5 ft. radius)			FACU	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹
1. Hedera helix		YES	FACU	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2				4
3.				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹
4 5.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be
5 6.				present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7.				
8.				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
9.				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at
10				breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
11.				
12.				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and
				greater than or equal to 3.28 ft. tall.
	15	= Total Cove	ſ	
				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: <u>30 ft. radius</u>)				
1				size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.
1 2				
1 2				
1 2 3				
1.				
1.				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.26 ft. in height
1.		= Total Cove		Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.26 ft. in height

SOIL

SOIL									Sampling P	oint:	DP-05
Profile Descrip	tion: (Describe to the total	ne depth ne	eeded to de	ocument	the indicat	tor or confi	rm the ab	sence of indicat	ors.)		
Depth	Matrix			Re	edox Featu	ires					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture		Remarks	i.
0-3	5YR 3/4	100						SiL			
3-18	5YR 5/6	100						SiL			
¹ Type: C=Concent	ration, D=Depletio	n. RM=Re	duced Ma	trix. MS=	Masked S	Sand Grai	ns.	² Location: PL	=Pore Lining, I	M=Matrix	
Hydric Soil Indica	, ,	,		,					Problematic H		
Histosol (A1)			Dark	Surface	(S7)			2 cm Muc	k (A10) (LRR N)	
Histic Epipedo	n (A2)		Polyv	alue Bel	ow Surfac	e (S8) (ML	RA	Coast Pra	irie Redox (A16) (MLRA 14	7, 148)
Black Histic (A	3)			147, 148)				Piedmont	Floodplain Soils	s (F19) (MLR	A 147, 148)
Hydrogen Sulfi	de (A4)				face (S9)	(MLRA 14	7,	Very Shal	low Dark Surfac	e (TF12)	
Stratified Laye	()			148)				Other (Ex	plain in Remark	s)	
2 cm Muck (A1	, (d Matrix (F	2)					
	w Dark Surface (A1	1)		eted Mati	· · /						
Thick Dark Sur	· · ·				urface (F6	,					
	Vineral (S1) (LRR N 147, 148)	Ι,			sions (F8	. ,					
Sandy Gleyed) s (F12) (LF	RR N.				
Sandy Redox (MLRA 13		,, (<u>-</u> .	,				
Stripped Matrix	,				,	ILRA 136,	122)	³ Indicator	s of hydrophytic	vegetation a	nd wetland
	((()))					ils (F19) (must be preser	•	
					•	1) (MLRA		problemat	•	,	
Restrictive Layer	(if observed):										
Type:											
Depth (inches)	:				Hydric S	oil Preser	nt?	Yes	6	No 🗸	

Remarks:

Hydric soil is not present.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: ABB Portland TN	City/County: Port	land/Sumner	Sampling Date:	3/22/2022		
Applicant/Owner: ABB Installation Products, Inc.		State: TN	Sampling Point:	DP-06		
Investigator(s): Michael Tincher	Section, Town	ship, Range:				
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Plain	Local relie	f (concave, convex, none):	Concave	Slope (%): 1-3		
Subregion (LRR or MRLA): LRR N Lat: 36.601427		Long: -86.53132669		Datum: NAD 83		
Soil Map Unit Name: Guthrie silt Ioam (Gu)		NWI Classificati	on: N/A			
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site typical for t	his time of year?	Yes 🖌 No	(If no, explain in Rema	arks)		
	No significantly di		Circumstances" preser	•		
Are vegetation No ,Soil No , or Hydrology N			✓ No	IC:		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach si	te map showing	sampling point locations,	transects, importan	t features, etc.		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes Hydric Soil Present? Yes Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No_ ✓ No_ ✓ No_ ✓	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes No _	✓		
DP-06 is an upland plot located adjac	cent to the bo	undary of Wetland 1.				
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)		
			· · · ·	. ,		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required: Check a Surface Water (A1)	True Aquatic F	Plants (R11)	Surface Soil Cr.	()		
High Water Table (A2)	Hydrogen Sulf		Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Drainage Patterns (B10)			
Saturation (A3)	, 。	ospheres on Living Roots (C3)	Moss Trim Lines (B18)			
Water Marks (B1)		educed Iron (C4)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)			
Sediment Deposits (B2)		eduction Tiled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)			
Drift Deposits (B3)	Thin Muck Su	rface (C7)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Other (Explain	in Remarks)	Stunted or Stre	ssed Plants (D1)		
Iron Deposits (B5)			Geomorphic Po	osition (D2)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)			Shallow Aquitar	rd (D3)		
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)			Microtopograph	, <i>,</i>		
Aquatic Fauna (B13)			FAC-Neutral Te	est (D5)		
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes	No 🖌 Dep	oth (inches):	Wetland Hyd	Irology Present?		
Water Table Present? Yes 🧹	No Dep	th (inches): 16				
Saturation Present? Yes	No 🖌 Dep	th (inches):	Yes	No 🖌		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well	l, aerial photos, prev	vious inspections), if available:	1			
Remarks:						
Wetland hydrology is not present.						

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants

Sampling Point:	DP-06
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Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30 ft. radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
Liquidambar styraciflua Liquidambar styraciflua .	50	YES	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
4 5 6 7				Across All Strata: 2 (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 50 (A/B)
8.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	50	= Total Cove	er	Total % Cover of Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 15 ft. radius) 1.				OBL species x 1 = FACW species x 2 = FAC species x 3 = FACU species x 4 = UPL species x 5 = Column Totals: (A)
5 6 7 8.				Column Totals: (A) (B) Prevalence Index = B/A =
9.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
10 <u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot Size: 5 ft. radius)		= Total Cover		 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
1. Hedera helix 2. 3.		YES	FACU	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹
4 5 6				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
9. 10. 11.				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
12.	10	= Total Cover		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft. tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: <u>30 ft. radius</u>) 1				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.
2 3 4.				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.26 ft. in heigh
5.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
6		= Total Cover		Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate Hydrophytic vegetation is not present.				•

S

SOIL								Sampling Po	oint:	DP-06
Profile Descrip	otion: (Describe to t	he depth	needed to document	t the indic	ator or con	firm the ab	sence of indicato	ors.)		
Depth	Matrix				itures					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture		Remarks	s
0-14	10YR 4/3	100					SiCL			
14-18	10YR 4/2	90	10YR 5/6	10	С	М	SiCL			
¹ Type: C=Concent	tration, D=Depletic	on, RM=R	Reduced Matrix, MS	=Maskec	Sand Gra	ins.		=Pore Lining, N		
Hydric Soil Indica	itors:						Indicators for	Problematic H	ydric Soils	3
Histosol (A1)			Dark Surface							
Histic Epipedo	· · /		Below Surface (S8) (MLRA Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 147, 148)							
Black Histic (A3) 147, 148					B) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 147, 14 Furface (S9) (MLRA 147, 14					
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Thin Dark Su Stratified Layers (A5) 148)						ow Dark Surface	. ,			
2 cm Muck (A			Loamy Gleye	d Matrix ((F2)				<i>)</i>)	
	w Dark Surface (A1	1)	Depleted Mat		(• _)					
Thick Dark Su	•	,	Redox Dark S	• •	-6)					
Sandy Mucky	Mineral (S1) (LRR I	N,	Depleted Dar	k Surface	e (F17)					
	147, 148)		Redox Depre	•	,					
Sandy Gleyed	· · ·		Iron-Mangane MLRA 1		es (F12) (L	KK N,				
Sandy Redox	· · /		Umbric Surfa	,	(MI RA 136	: 122)	³ Indicators	of hydrophytic y	vocatation	and wotland
	x (30)		Piedmont Flo				 ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or 			
			Red Parent M				problemati	•	t, unioco ut	
Restrictive Layer	(if observed):						-			
Type:										
Depth (inches):					Soil Prese	ent?	Yes	No 🗸		
Remarks:										
	a not procent									
	s not present.									

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: ABB Portland TN	City/County: Portland/Sumner	Sampling Date: 3/22/2022				
Applicant/Owner: ABB Installation Products, Inc.	State: TN	Sampling Point: DP-07				
Investigator(s): Michael Tincher	Section, Township, Range:					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Plain		Concave Slope (%): 1-3				
Subregion (LRR or MRLA): LRR N Lat: 36.60		Datum: NAD 83				
Soil Map Unit Name: Guthrie silt loam (Gu)	NWI Classificat					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site typica		(If no, explain in Remarks)				
	<u> </u>	I Circumstances" present?				
Are vegetation No ,Soil No , or Hydrolog	gy Nonaturally problematic? Yes	✓No				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attac	h site map showing sampling point locations,	transects, important features, etc.				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes 🗹	No Is the Sampled Area within					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _✔	No a Wetland?	Yes 🖌 No				
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes 🖌	No					
Remarks: Explain alternative procedures here or in	a separate report.)					
DP-07 is representative of PFO W						
HYDROLOGY						
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)				
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required: Ch	neck all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)				
Surface Water (A1)	True Aquatic Plants (B14)	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)				
✓ High Water Table (A2)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)				
✓ Saturation (A3)	✓ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	Moss Trim Lines (B18)				
Water Marks (B1)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Recent Iron Reduction Tiled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Iron Deposits (B5)		Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)				
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		Microtopographic Relief (D4)				
Aquatic Fauna (B13)		FAC-Neutral Test (D5)				
Field Observations:	_					
Surface Water Present? Yes	No 🖌 Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present?				
Water Table Present? Yes 🧹	No Depth (inches): 0					
Saturation Present? Yes 🗸	No Depth (inches): 0	Yes 🖌 No				
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	g well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:					
	,					
 Remarks:						
Wetland hydrology is present.						

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants

Sampling Point:	DP-07

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot Size: <u>30 ft. radius</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:	
1. Quercus palustris 2. 3. 4.	70	YES	FACW	Number of Dominant Species That A OBL, FACW, or FAC: Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:	<u>3</u> (A) <u>3</u> (B)
5		·		Percent of Dominant Species That A OBL, FACW, or FAC:	Are(A/B)
8	70	= Total Cove	er	Prevalence Index worksheet:	
				Total % Cover of	Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 15 ft. radius) 1. Quercus palustris	15	YES	FACW	OBL species x 1 FACW species x 2 FAC species x 3 FACU species x 4 UPL species x 5	2 = 3 = 4 =
5 6 7 8.		·		Column Totals: (A)	
9		= Total Cover		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophyti X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%	ic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5 ft. radius) 1. Rumex crispus 2.	<u>10</u>	YES	FAC	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0° 4 - Morphological Adaptation data in Remarks or on a s 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic ¹	¹ s ¹ (Provide supporting separate sheet)
5 6		·		¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland present, unless disturbed or problen	, ,,
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:	
9 10 11				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) c breast height (DBH), regardless of h	
12	10	= Total Cover		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less greater than or equal to 3.28 ft. tall.	than 3 in. DBH and
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: <u>30 ft. radius</u>) 1.				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) size, and woody plants less than 3.2	
2 3 4.		·		Woody vines - All woody vines grea	ater than 3.26 ft. in height
5				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	
		= Total Cover		Yes 🗸	No

SOIL								Samplin	ig Point:	DP-07
Profile Descripti	on: (Describe to t	he depth	needed to document	the indic	ator or conf	irm the ab	sence of indicate	ors.)		
Depth	Depth Matrix			edox Fea	tures					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist) % Type ¹		Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks		
0-18	10YR 4/1	85	5YR 5/6	15	С	M+PL	SiCL			
					_					
		. <u> </u>								
				·	_					
51		n, RM=R	educed Matrix, MS	=Masked	Sand Gra	ins.	² Location: PL		0	
Hydric Soil Indicate	ors:		—				_		tic Hydric Soil	S ³
Histosol (A1)	(40)		Dark Surface	. ,	(00) (84	D 4		k (A10) (LR iria Baday (•	447 440)
Histic Epipedon (A2) Polyvalue Be Black Histic (A3) 147, 14					ce (56) (IVI	-KA		airie Redox (A16) (MLRA 147, 148) : Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 147, 148)		
Hydrogen Sulfid			Thin Dark Su) (MLRA 14	7,		•	urface (TF12)	
Stratified Layers			<u> </u>					olain in Ren	• •	
2 cm Muck (A10	, ,		Loamy Gleye	•	F2)		<u> </u>			
	Dark Surface (A1	1)	Depleted Mat	· · ·						
Thick Dark Surfa	· · ·		Redox Dark S							
MLRA 1	lineral (S1) (LRR N 47 148)	ν,	Depleted Dar		. ,					
Sandy Gleyed M			Iron-Mangane			RR N,				
Sandy Redox (S			MLRA 1	36)						
Stripped Matrix	(S6)		Umbric Surfa	ce (F13) ((MLRA 136	,122)	³ Indicators	of hydroph	hytic vegetation	i and wetland
			Piedmont Flo	•	· / ·		, , ,,		esent, unless d	listurbed or
			Red Parent N	/laterial (F	21) (MLRA	127,147)	problemat	IC.		
Restrictive Layer (i	f observed):									
Туре:								1		
Depth (inches):				Hydric	Soil Prese	nt?	Yes	√	No	
Remarks:										
Hydric soil is	present.									

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: ABB Portland TN	City/County: Po	rtland/Sumner	Sampling Date:	3/22/2022			
Applicant/Owner: ABB Installation Products, Inc.		State: TN	Sampling Point:	DP-08			
Investigator(s): Michael Tincher	Section, Tow	nship, Range:					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Plain		ef (concave, convex, none):	Concave	Slope (%): 1-3			
	36.60202998	Long: -86.52758545		Datum: NAD 83			
Soil Map Unit Name: Guthrie silt loam (Gu		NWI Classifica	tion: N/A				
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site	tunical for this time of year?	Yes 🗸 No	(If no, explain in Rer	norke)			
			al Circumstances" pres				
	vdrology Nosignificantly o		No				
Are vegetation No ,Soil No , or H	vdrology Nonaturally prot	Diematic? Yes					
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS -	Attach site map showing	sampling point locations	, transects, importa	nt features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	No✓	Is the Sampled Area within					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes	No✓	a Wetland?	Yes No	<u>✓</u>			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No _✓						
Remarks: Explain alternative procedures her	e or in a separate report.)						
DP-08 is an upland plot locate		ind 3					
HYDROLOGY							
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators	(minimum of two required)			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is requir	ed: Check all that apply)		Surface Soil 0				
Surface Water (A1)		Plants (B14)	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)				
High Water Table (A2)		lfide Odor (C1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)				
Saturation (A3)		zospheres on Living Roots (C3)					
Water Marks (B1)	Presence of	Reduced Iron (C4)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Recent Iron I	Reduction Tiled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	Thin Muck S	urface (C7)	Saturation Vis	sible on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Other (Explai	in in Remarks)	Stunted or Str	essed Plants (D1)			
Iron Deposits (B5)			Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (E	57)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)				
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)				ohic Relief (D4)			
Aquatic Fauna (B13)			FAC-Neutral	Test (D5)			
Field Observations:							
Surface Water Present? Yes	No De	epth (inches):	Wetland H	ydrology Present?			
Water Table Present? Yes	No √ De	pth (inches):					
Saturation Present? Yes (includes capillary fringe)	No De	epth (inches):	Yes	No 🖌			
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mo	nitoring well, aerial photos, pro	evious inspections), if available:					
Remarks:							
Wetland hydrology is not pres	ent						

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants

Sampling Point:	DP-08

Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30 ft. radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Celtis occidentalis	40	YES	FACU	Number of Dominant Species That Are
2. Quercus palustris	25	YES	FACW	OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3				Total Number of Dominant Species
4				Across All Strata: 4 (B)
5.				Percent of Dominant Species That Are
6				OBL, FACW, or FAC: 25 (A/B)
7				
8				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	65	= Total Cove	er	Total % Cover of Multiply by:
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot Size: <u>15 ft. radius</u>)				OBL species x 1 =
1. Lonicera maackii	15	YES	UPL	FACW species x 2 =
2. Lonicera japonica	5	YES	FACU	FAC species x 3 =
3.				FACU species x 4 =
4.				UPL species x 5 =
5				Column Totals: (A)(B)
7.				Prevalence Index = B/A =
8.				
9				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
10				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	20	= Total Cover		2 - Dominance Test is >50%
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot Size: <u>5 ft. radius</u>)				$3 - Prevalence Index is \le 3.0^{1}$
1				4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
3.				5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹
4.				1—
5.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be
6.				present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
9.				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at
10.				breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
11 12.				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and
12		= Total Cover		greater than or equal to 3.28 ft. tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: <u>30 ft. radius</u>) 1.				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.
2.				1
3.			······	Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.26 ft. in heig
4.				
5				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
6				4
		= Total Cover		Yes No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	sheet.)			•
Hydrophytic vegetation is not present.				

SOIL

SOIL								Sampling Point:	DP-08
Profile Descr	iption: (Describe to t	he depth r	eeded to document	the indicato	r or confi	rm the ab	sence of indicato	ors.)	
Depth	Matrix		Re	edox Feature	es				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remark	KS
0-5	10YR 4/3	100					SiL		
5-18	7.5YR 4/3	100					SiL		
¹ Type: C=Conce	ntration, D=Depletic	on, RM=Re	educed Matrix, MS=	Masked Sa	and Graii	ns.	² Location: PL:	=Pore Lining, M=Matrix	
Hydric Soil Indic	ators:						Indicators for	Problematic Hydric Soil	S³
Histosol (A1)			Dark Surface	(S7)				< (A10) (LRR N)	
Histic Epiped	()		Polyvalue Bel	ow Surface	(S8) (ML	RA		rie Redox (A16) (MLRA 1	
Black Histic (· · ·		147, 148)			_		Floodplain Soils (F19) (ML	.RA 147, 148)
Hydrogen Su	. ,		Thin Dark Sur 148)	tace (S9) (N	ILRA 14	7,		ow Dark Surface (TF12)	
Stratified Lay	ers (A5) A10) (LRR N)		Loamy Gleyed	Motrix (E2)	`			blain in Remarks)	
	ow Dark Surface (A1	1)	Depleted Matr	• • •)				
Thick Dark S	· · ·	')	Redox Dark S	· · ·					
	/ Mineral (S1) (LRR I	N,	Depleted Dark	• • •	17)				
MLR/	A 147, 148)		Redox Depres		,				
Sandy Gleye			Iron-Mangane		(F12) (LF	RR N,			
Sandy Redo	()		MLRA 13	,					
Stripped Mat	rix (S6)			. , .	•			of hydrophytic vegetation	
			Piedmont Floo Red Parent M				b) hydrology problemati	must be present, unless d	isturbed or
Restrictive Lave	r (if observed):					121,147)	problemati	ю.	
,	i (ii observeu).								
Type:									1

Hydric Soil Present?

Depth (inches):

Remarks:

Hydric soil is not present.

No 🗸

Yes

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: ABB Portland TN	City/County: Por	tland/Sumner	Sampling Date:	3/22/2022			
Applicant/Owner: ABB Installation Products, Inc.		State: TN	Sampling Point:	DP-09			
Investigator(s): Michael Tincher	Section, Towr	nship, Range:					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Plain			Concave	Slope (%): 1-3			
,	36.60263604	Long: -86.52842607		Datum: NAD 83			
Soil Map Unit Name: Guthrie silt loam (Gu		NWI Classificat	ion: N/A	Butum. IND 00			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,						
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site	typical for this time of year?	Yes 🖌 No	(If no, explain in Rem	arks)			
Are vegetation No ,Soil No , or H	ydrology ^{No} significantly d	isturbed? Are "Norma	l Circumstances" prese	nt?			
Are vegetation No ,Soil No , or H	ydrology Nonaturally prob	lematic? Yes	✓ No				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS -	Attach site map showing	sampling point locations,	transects, importan	t features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	🖌 No	Is the Sampled Area within					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes	✓ No	a Wetland?	Yes 🗸 No				
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	✓ No						
Remarks: Explain alternative procedures her	e or in a separate report.)						
DP-09 is representative of PF	O Wetland 4.						
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators	minimum of two required)			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is requir			Surface Soil Cr	()			
Surface Water (A1)	True Aquatic		Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)				
High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3)		fide Odor (C1) cospheres on Living Roots (C3)	Drainage Patterns (B10) Moss Trim Lines (B18)				
Water Marks (B1)		Reduced Iron (C4)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
Sediment Deposits (B2)		Reduction Tiled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	Thin Muck Su			ble on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Other (Explain		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Iron Deposits (B5)			Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (E	37)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)				
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	,		Microtopographic Relief (D4)				
Aquatic Fauna (B13)			FAC-Neutral Te	. ,			
Field Observations:				· · /			
Surface Water Present? Yes	No 🗸 Der	oth (inches):	Wetland Hv	Irology Present?			
Water Table Present? Yes		. ,	Wedand Hy				
		oth (inches):					
Saturation Present? Yes (includes capillary fringe)	No_✔ Dep	oth (inches):	Yes 🖌	No			
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mo	nitoring well, aerial photos, pre	vious inspections), if available:	1				
Remarks:							
Wetland hydrology is present							
	•						

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants Sampling Point: DP-09 Absolute Dominant Indicator Dominance Test worksheet: Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30 ft. radius) % Cover Species? Status Platanus occidentalis 80 YES FACW Number of Dominant Species That Are 1 OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A) 1 Total Number of Dominant Species 3. Across All Strata: 4 (B) 5. Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 6. 100 (A/B) 7. 8. Prevalence Index worksheet: 80 ____ = Total Cover Total % Cover of Multiply by: Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 15 ft. radius) OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ 1. FACW species x 2 = ____ FAC species x 3 = 2. FACU species x 4 = 3. UPL species x 5 = 4. 5. Column Totals: (A) . (B) 6. 7. _____ Prevalence Index = B/A = _____ 8. 9. Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 10 X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation × 2 - Dominance Test is >50% = Total Cover 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5 ft. radius) 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting 1. data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 2. 5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ 3. 4. ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be 5. present, unless disturbed or problematic. 6. 7 **Definitions of Vegetation Strata:** 8. 9. Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at 10. breast height (DBH), regardless of height. 11. Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and 12 greater than or equal to 3.28 ft. tall. = Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 30 ft. radius) Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall. 1. 2. Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.26 ft. in height 3. 4 Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? 5. 6. ____ = Total Cover Yes No _____ Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Hydrophytic vegetation is present.

n needed to document	t the indica	ator or conf	irm the ab	osence of indicate	ors.)		
R	edox Feat	ures					
Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Texture		<s< td=""></s<>
10YR 5/6	15	С	M+PL	SiL			
					.		
	·						
	·						
	·	·					
		·					
		·					
 Reduced Matrix_MS	- =Masked	Sand Gra	ine	² l ocation: Pl	= =Pore Linin/	n M=Matrix	
						-	S ³
Dark Surface	(S7)					-	-
	. ,	ce (S8) (MI	RA		. , .	•	47, 148)
147, 148	5)			Piedmont	Floodplain S	oils (F19) (ML	.RA 147, 148)
	rface (S9)	(MLRA 14	7,			. ,	
		-0)		Other (Exp	olain in Rema	arks)	
		-2)					
	. ,	6)					
	•	,					
		· · ·					
Iron-Mangan	ese Masse	és (F12) (L	RR N,				
MLRA 1	36)						
	· / ·					-	
	•	· · · ·		, , , ,,	•	sent, unless d	isturbed or
Red Parent N	laterial (F.		127,147)	problemati	С.		
	Hydric	Soil Bross	nt?	Voc	1	No	
	Hyunc	Soli Flese	111.1	165	<u> </u>	110	
	Reduced Matrix, MS	Redox Feat Color (moist) % 10YR 5/6 15 10Y 15 10Y 10 10Y 10 10Y 10 10Y 10 10Y 10 10Y 148) 10Y 10 10Y 10 <td>Redox Features Color (moist) % Type¹ 10YR 5/6 15 C 10Y Deleted Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grait 147, 148 147, 148 147, 148 Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 144 148) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Image: Coamy Gleyed Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Image: Depleted Dark Surface (F1) Depleted Dark Surface (F1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LL MLRA 136) Image: Dumbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 136 Depleted Dark Surface (F13) (MLRA 136 Image: Depleted Dark Surface</td> <td>Redox Features Color (moist) % Type¹ Loc² 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL 10YR 5/6 15 - - 10YR 5/6 - - - - 10YR 5/6 - - - - 10YR 5/6 - - - - 10 - - - - 10 - - - - - 10 - - - - - 11 - - - - - 11 - - - <t< td=""><td>Redox Features Color (moist) % Type! Loc2 Texture 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL SiL 10YR 5/6 15 Image: Color (moist) Image: Color (moist)</td><td>Color (moist) % Type' Loc' Texture 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL SiL 10YR 5/6 15 M M M 10YR 5/6 15 M M M 10YR 5/6 10 M M M M 10YR 5/6 10 M M M M 10 Dark Surface (S9) M M M M</td><td>Redox Features Color (moist) % Type' Loc' Texture Remark 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL SiL </td></t<></td>	Redox Features Color (moist) % Type¹ 10YR 5/6 15 C 10Y Deleted Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grait 147, 148 147, 148 147, 148 Thin Dark Surface (S9) (MLRA 144 148) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Image: Coamy Gleyed Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Image: Depleted Dark Surface (F1) Depleted Dark Surface (F1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LL MLRA 136) Image: Dumbric Surface (F13) (MLRA 136 Depleted Dark Surface (F13) (MLRA 136 Image: Depleted Dark Surface	Redox Features Color (moist) % Type¹ Loc² 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL 10YR 5/6 15 - - 10YR 5/6 - - - - 10YR 5/6 - - - - 10YR 5/6 - - - - 10 - - - - 10 - - - - - 10 - - - - - 11 - - - - - 11 - - - <t< td=""><td>Redox Features Color (moist) % Type! Loc2 Texture 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL SiL 10YR 5/6 15 Image: Color (moist) Image: Color (moist)</td><td>Color (moist) % Type' Loc' Texture 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL SiL 10YR 5/6 15 M M M 10YR 5/6 15 M M M 10YR 5/6 10 M M M M 10YR 5/6 10 M M M M 10 Dark Surface (S9) M M M M</td><td>Redox Features Color (moist) % Type' Loc' Texture Remark 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL SiL </td></t<>	Redox Features Color (moist) % Type! Loc2 Texture 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL SiL 10YR 5/6 15 Image: Color (moist) Image: Color (moist)	Color (moist) % Type' Loc' Texture 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL SiL 10YR 5/6 15 M M M 10YR 5/6 15 M M M 10YR 5/6 10 M M M M 10YR 5/6 10 M M M M 10 Dark Surface (S9) M M M M	Redox Features Color (moist) % Type' Loc' Texture Remark 10YR 5/6 15 C M+PL SiL

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: ABB Portland TN	City/County: Por	tland/Sumner	Sampling Date:	3/22/2022			
Applicant/Owner: ABB Installation Products, Inc.		State: TN	Sampling Point:	DP-10			
Investigator(s): Michael Tincher	Section, Towr	nship, Range:					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Plain	Local relie	ef (concave, convex, none):	Concave	Slope (%): 1-3			
Subregion (LRR or MRLA): LRR N Lat: 36.601056		Long: -86.52714251		Datum: NAD 83			
Soil Map Unit Name: Guthrie silt loam (Gu)		NWI Classificati	ion: N/A				
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site typical for	this time of year?	Yes 🖌 No	(If no, explain in Rem	arke)			
			l Circumstances" prese	,			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Nosignificantly d		'	ant ?			
Are vegetation No ,Soil No , or Hydrology N	Nonaturally prob	lematic? Yes -	✓ No				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach si	te map showing	sampling point locations,	transects, importar	nt features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	No ✔						
Hydric Soil Present? Yes		Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes No	1			
·				<u> </u>			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No_						
Remarks: Explain alternative procedures here or in a se	eparate report.)						
DP-10 is an upland plot located adja	cent to Wetla	nd 2.					
HYDROLOGY							
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators	(minimum of two required)			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required: Check	all that apply)		Surface Soil C	racks (B6)			
Surface Water (A1)	True Aquatic		Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)				
High Water Table (A2)		fide Odor (C1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)				
Saturation (A3)		cospheres on Living Roots (C3)					
Water Marks (B1)		Reduced Iron (C4)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
Sediment Deposits (B2)		Reduction Tiled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	Thin Muck Su		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Other (Explain	n in Remarks)	Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Iron Deposits (B5)							
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)			Shallow Aquitard (D3) Microtopographic Relief (D4)				
Aquatic Fauna (B13)			FAC-Neutral T	, ,			
Field Observations:	,						
Surface Water Present? Yes		pth (inches):	Wetland Hy	drology Present?			
Water Table Present? Yes	No 🖌 Dep	pth (inches):					
Saturation Present? Yes (includes capillary fringe)	No 🖌 Dep	pth (inches):	Yes	No 🖌			
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring we	II, aerial photos, pre	vious inspections), if available:	I				
Remarks:							
Wetland hydrology is not present.							

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants

Sampling Point:	DP-10

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot Size: 30 ft. radius)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:	
1. Acer negundo	35	YES	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are	
2. Celtis occidentalis	30	YES	FACU	OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A	4)
3.				Total Number of Dominant Species	-,
4.				Across All Strata: 4 (E	3)
5.				Percent of Dominant Species That Are	'
6.		- <u> </u>		· ·	4/B)
7.		·		(/
8.		·			
				Prevalence Index worksheet:	
	65	= Total Cove	er	Total % Cover of Multiply by:	
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot Size: 15 ft. radius)				OBL species x 1 =	
1.				FACW species x 2 =	
2.				FAC species x 3 =	
3.				FACU species x 4 =	
4.				UPL species x 5 =	
5.		·		Column Totals: (A) (E	3)
6.		·			
7.		·		Prevalence Index = B/A =	
8.		·		1	
9.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
10				1 Denid Test for Undernie die Manstellen	
		= Total Cover		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50%	
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5 ft. radius)		- Total Cover		$3 - Prevalence Index is \leq 3.0^{1}$	
1. Lamium purpureum	25	YES	FACU	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supportir	na
2. Cardamine parviflora	20	YES	FACU	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)	19
3.	20			5 - Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹	
4.		·			
5.	·	·		¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be	
6.				present, unless disturbed or problematic.	
7		·		Definitions of Vegetation Strata:	
9.		·		Trop Woody plants 3 in (7.6 cm) or more in diameter s	ot
10.				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter a breast height (DBH), regardless of height.	สเ
11	·	·			
12	·	·		Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and	
	45	= Total Cover	•	greater than or equal to 3.28 ft. tall.	
		•			<u>,</u>
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: <u>30 ft. radius</u>) 1.				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.	1
2.					
3.				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.26 ft. in h	neiaht
4.		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5
		·		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	
5		·			
6				4	
		= Total Cover		Yes No	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	sheet)			I	
Hydrophytic vegetation is not present.					

SOIL

SOIL								Sampling Point:	DP-10
Profile Descrip	otion: (Describe to t	he depth n	eeded to document	the indica	ator or conf	irm the ab	sence of indicato	ors.)	
Depth	Matrix		R	edox Feat	ures				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Rema	rks
0-7	10YR 4/3	100					SiL		
7-18	10YR 4/3	85	5YR 3/4	15	с	М	SiL		
¹ Type: C=Concen	tration, D=Depletic	n. RM=Re	duced Matrix. MS	- =Masked	Sand Grai	ns.	² Location: PL:	=Pore Lining, M=Matrix	
Hydric Soil Indica		,	,					Problematic Hydric So	
Histosol (A1)			Dark Surface	(S7)			2 cm Muck	k (A10) (LRR N)	
Histic Epipedo	on (A2)		Polyvalue Be	· · ·	ce (S8) (ML	RA		irie Redox (A16) (MLRA	147, 148)
Black Histic (A	43)		147, 148)	. , .		Piedmont	Floodplain Soils (F19) (N	LRA 147, 148)
Hydrogen Sulf	fide (A4)		Thin Dark Su	rface (S9)	(MLRA 14	7,	Very Shall	low Dark Surface (TF12)	
Stratified Laye	ers (A5)		148)				Other (Exp	olain in Remarks)	
2 cm Muck (A	, ,		Loamy Gleye	d Matrix (I	F2)				
Depleted Belo	w Dark Surface (A1	1)	Depleted Mat	trix (F3)					
Thick Dark Su	ırface (A12)		Redox Dark S	Surface (F	6)				
Sandy Mucky	Mineral (S1) (LRR I	Ν,	Depleted Dar	k Surface	(F17)				
	147, 148)		Redox Depre						
Sandy Gleyed			Iron-Mangane		es (F12) (L l	RR N,			
Sandy Redox	(S5)		MLRA 13	36)					
Stripped Matri	x (S6)		Umbric Surfa	. , .				s of hydrophytic vegetatio	n and wetland
			Piedmont Flo	•	. , .			must be present, unless	disturbed or
			Red Parent M	/laterial (F	21) (MLRA	127,147)	problemati	ic.	
Restrictive Layer	(if observed):								
Туре:									1
Depth (inches):			Hydric	Soil Prese	nt?	Yes	s No N	1

Remarks:

Hydric soil is not present.

APPENDIX D STAFF QUALIFICATIONS

Michael Tincher, PWS, QHP

Senior Consultant

Michael is a senior project manager and consultant with over nine years of environmental consulting experience. He has assisted clients in permitting solar, transmission, pipeline, transportation, wind, and commercial development projects throughout the eastern and central United States. He has extensive experience managing and conducting Clean Water Act permitting, stream and wetland delineations, stream ecology, fish and aquatic macroinverbrate surveys, plant species and habitat surveys, stream and groundwater sampling. He has also managed teams conducting cultural, acoustic, bat, avian, mussels, and other biological resource studies. Michael has also managed and assisted with writing Biological Opinions, Biological Assessments, Environmental Assessments, and Environmental Impact Statements.



Experience: 9 years of experience in wetland and stream delineation, permitting, and regulations.

Email: michael.tincher@erm.com

LinkedIn: www.linkedin.com/in/michael-tincher-pwsghp-333a0b138

Education

- M.S. Wildlife and Fisheries Resources, West Virginia University, USA, 2013
- B.S. Wildlife and Fisheries Resources, West Virginia University, USA, 2010

Languages

English, native speaker

Fields of Competence

- Environmental policy and regulation
- Federal, state, and local permitting
- Project management
- Wetland and stream delineations
- Biological resource studies

Key Industry Sectors

- Wind and solar
- Oil and gas
- High-voltage transmission
- Commercial land development



Key Projects

Confidential Wind Client, West Virginia. 2021 - Current.

Project manager for proposed repowering of wind facility in West Virginia. Responsible for state and local permitting coordination, including USACE jurisdictional determinations and Clean Water Act Section 404 permitting, USFWS and state wildlife agency project review, SHPO project review, visual resource assessment and simulation development, NPDES permitting, and floodplains permitting.

Confidential Natural Gas Client, Ohio. 2021 - Current.

Project manager for proposed natural gas gathering pipeline in northeastern Ohio. Responsible for state and local permitting coordination, including USACE jurisdictional determinations and Clean Water Act Section 404 permitting, USFWS and state wildlife agency project review, SHPO project review, and wetland and stream delineations.

Confidential Land Development Client, Pennsylvania. 2021 - Current.

Project manager for natural resource aspects of proposed distribution warehouse facility near Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Responsible for state and local permitting coordination, including USACE jurisdictional determinations, PADEP Joint Permit Application, USFWS and state wildlife agencies project review, and SHPO project coordination.

Key Projects Prior to Joining ERM

Confidential Solar Clients, Kentucky. 2020 - 2021.

Project manager for 10 proposed solar projects located throughout central and western Kentucky. Responsible for state and local permitting coordination, including USACE jurisdictional determinations and Clean Water Act Section 404 permitting, USFWS and state wildlife agency project review, SHPO project review, floodplains permitting, wetland and stream delineations, and threatened and endangered species habitat assessments.

Riverine Systems Stream Restoration Biological Assessments, Kentucky. 2020 - 2021.

Project manager for four proposed stream restoration projects located in eastern and central Kentucky. Responsible for conducting threatened and endangered species habitat assessments, presence/probable absence surveys, and Biological Assessments. Projects were funded by Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources.

Riverine Systems Wetland Mitigation Monitoring, Kentucky. 2020 - 2021.

Project manager and field lead for wetland and vegetative mitigation monitoring at a recently constructed stream restoration site in Lee and Estill Counties, Kentucky. Responsible for conducting wetland mitigation monitoring, vegetative assessments and survival in upland and wetland plots, wetland delineations, and annual monitoring reports. Project was funded by Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources.

Confidential Land Development Client, Kentucky. 2021.

Project manager for natural resource aspects of a proposed distribution warehouse facility in Jefferson County, Kentucky. Responsible for conducting wetland and stream delineations, Clean Water Act Section 404 permitting (individual permit), threatened and endangered species habitat assessment, USFWS and state wildlife agency project review, and SHPO project review.

Confidential Solar Clients, Tennessee. 2021.

Project manager for five proposed solar projects located across Tennessee. Responsible for state and local permitting coordination, including USACE jurisdictional determinations, TDEC hydrologic determinations, and Clean Water Act Section 404 and 401 permitting, USFWS and state wildlife agency project review, SHPO project review, floodplains permitting, wetland and stream delineations, and threatened and endangered species habitat assessments.

Tennessee Valley Authority, Tennessee. 2021. Project manager and field lead for over 100 miles of high-voltage transmission line projects located in western Tennessee. Responsible for state and local permitting coordination, including USACE jurisdictional determinations, TDEC hydrologic determinations, and Clean Water Act Section 404 and 401 permitting, USFWS and state wildlife agency project review, SHPO project review, floodplains permitting, wetland and stream delineations, threatened and endangered species habitat assessments, and botanical surveys.

Casey Brotman, WPIT

Consultant I, Scientist

Casey is a Wetland Professional in Training (WPIT) within Charlotte, North Carolina. She has two years of experience in environmental consulting specializing in phase I environmental site assessments and environmental impact assessments for numerous transportation, pipeline, and utility projects.

Casey is an experienced natural resource scientist with technical expertise involving the Clean Water Act (CWA), Endangered Species Act (ESA), and associated permitting. Her area of expertise are in the fields of wildlife impact assessments, characterization and delineation of terrestrial and wetland communities, ESRI's Geographic Information System (GIS), and regulatory compliance.

Experience: Two years of experience in impact assessments and environmental permitting.

LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/in/casey-brotmanwpit-75a83b128/

Email: casey.brotman@erm.com

Education

 B.S. Environmental Resources Management, Minor in GIS, Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, VA, 2019

Professional Affiliations and Registrations

 Society of Wetland Scientists – Wetland Professional in Training (WPIT)

Languages

English, native speaker

Fields of Competence

- Wetland delineations
- GIS
- Environmental impact assessments
- Environmental permitting

Key Industry Sectors

- Transportation
- Pipeline
- Utility

Additional Trainings and Certifications

- NPDES Level 1A Fundamentals
- Duncan & Duncan 40-hr Basic Wetland Delineation Course



The business of sustainability



Key Projects

Verizon

Conducting initial environmental site reviews for several non-utility pole proposals to establish compliance with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and regulations.

Confidential Client

Assisted with conducting a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment and report.

Dominion Energy

Conducted several wetland and waterway reverifications along the Atlantic Coast Pipeline.

Key Projects Prior to Joining ERM

Prince William County Department of Transportation

Prepared a Joint Permit Application (JPA) for the Prince William Parkway Interchange at Realigned Balls Ford Road project. Conducted wetland and stream delineations, and utilized ArcMap and MicroStation to create natural resources mapping and impact plates.

Maryland Department of Transportation (MDOT)

Organized and maintained a permit tracking system for several MDOT projects. Attended pre-application meetings for several projects to determine which permits will be required based on jurisdictional features, and acted as a liaison between MDOT and clients to ensure correct permits were produced, and reviewed permits prior to submittal.

Prince George's County Department of Transportation

Conducted wetland and forest stand delineations for several stream restoration projects within Prince George's County, Maryland. Prepared Natural Resources Inventories (NRI) for each site using MicroStation.

John Crosby, CWB

Senior Consultant

Mr. Crosby is a Certified Wildlife Biologist (CWB) with nine years of technical experience in environmental impact assessments and resource management for numerous transportation, commercial, residential, and energy utility and infrastructure related projects including: wind and solar development, natural gas pipeline, transportation, and transmission linear projects.

Mr. Crosby is an experienced natural resource technical lead involving Clean Water Act (CWA), Endangered Species Act (ESA) evaluation, and permitting. His area of expertise are in the fields of wildlife impact assessments, fisheries studies, bat ecology studies, amphibian surveys, characterization and delineation of terrestrial and wetland communities, water quality sampling, and regulatory compliance and permitting.

Experience: Nine years of experience in the identification and permitting of natural resources.

LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/in/john-crosby-7a994348/

Email: John.Crosby@erm.com

Education

 B.S. in Wildlife and Fisheries Biology Clemson University, 2012

Professional Affiliations and Registrations

- USACE Wetland Delineation Training Program, Richard Chinn Environmental Training, Inc., August 2012
- Level1A: Education and Training Certification Requirements for Persons Involved with Land Disturbing Activities, Brenda R. Johnson
- Certified Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control Inspector by the Department of Health and Environmental Control, Clemson University
- Authorized Gopher Tortoise Agent
- Certified Wildlife Biologist by The Wildlife Society

Languages

English

Fields of Competence

- Wetland delineations
- State and Federal Permitting
- GIS
- Threatened and Endangered Species
- Environmental impact assessments

Key Industry Sectors

- Transportation
- Energy and Gas
- Commercial Development



Key Projects

Atlantic Coast Pipeline, West Virginia, Virginia, and North Carolina

Worked as an environmental lead with responsibilities of delineating waters of the U.S. along sections of the nearly 600-mile pipeline corridor within West Virginia, Virginia, and North Carolina.

Quitman I Solar, Georgia

Worked as an environmental lead with responsibilities of delineation Waters of the U.S., as well as conducting transect surveys for threatened and endangered species such as the wood stork and gopher tortoise. Conducted environmental oversight to ensure permit compliance until stabilization was achieved.

Quitman II Solar, Georgia

Worked as an environmental lead with responsibilities of delineation Waters of the U.S., as well as conducting transect surveys for threatened and endangered species such as the wood stork and gopher tortoise. Relocated gopher tortoises to minimize impacts to the species during the construction of the project.

Cool Springs Solar, Georgia

Worked as an environmental lead with responsibilities of delineation Waters of the U.S., as well as conducting transect surveys for threatened and endangered species such as the wood stork and gopher tortoise. Relocated gopher tortoises to minimize impacts to the species during the construction of the project.

BASF Water Intake Structure, Alabama

Worked as the lead permit author and project manager with responsibilities of obtaining a Nationwide Permit 3(b) for the dredging of sediment near a water intake structure.

Pleasanton to Three Rivers, Texas

Worked as an environmental lead with responsibilities of delineating waters of the U.S. and conducting

habitat assessments on a 47-mile power line right-ofway in west Texas.

Constraints Issues Analysis - NextEra

Documented possible environmental constraints for potential development sites throughout the United States. Assembled a matrix for all permitting responsibilities (i.e., county, state, federal) due to the construction of a solar facilities for several states to help provide an idea for budget and time permit costs for each state.

Dougherty Solar, Georgia

Worked as an environmental lead with responsibilities of delineation Waters of the U.S., as well as conducting transect surveys for threatened and endangered species such as the wood stork and gopher tortoise. Conducted environmental oversight to ensure permit compliance until stabilization was achieved.

Key Projects Prior to Joining ERM

Petroleum Pipeline Development, Georgia

Served as a field lead for three teams of two on a 370 mile proposed pipeline route. Lead a team of two throughout the proposed pipeline and surveyed for Waters of the U.S. and protected species. Served as a senior reviewer for all data submitted within this effort and consulted with the Georgia Coastal Resource Division (CRD) on the taking of tidal waters.

Natural Gas Pipeline Development, South Carolina

Served as project team lead with the responsibilities of demarcating features such as wetlands, streams, open waters, and the presence of state and federally protected species along the 53-mile corridor. Once the field surveys were completed GIS was used to create maps and assess impacts associated with the pipeline project. Authored portions of FERC resource reports and Nationwide Permit 12 for environmental impacts associated with this project.

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